

The Odyssey of Collecting

Photographs from Joy of Giving Something Foundation

PHILLIPS

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Americas.



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The Odyssey of Collecting: Photographs from Joy of Giving Something Foundation New York, 3 & 4 April 2017

Auction and Viewing Location

450 Park Avenue New York 10022

Auctions

3 April, 6pm (lots 1-43) 4 April, 10am (lots 44-228) 4 April, 2pm (Photographs)

Viewing

27 March – 3 April Monday – Saturday 10am – 6pm Sunday 12pm – 6pm

Sale Designation

When sending in written bids or making enquiries please refer to this sale as NY040017/NY040217 or Odyssey.

Absentee and Telephone Bids

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Introduction

It is with great pleasure that Phillips presents *The Odyssey of Collecting: Photographs from Joy of Giving Something Foundation.* It is an offering of significant breadth and depth, ranging from images dating to photography's earliest history to pieces made by some of the most significant artists working with the medium today. It is remarkable that these disparate photographs came originally from the collection of one man, Howard Stein.

The works in this catalogue tell several stories. Foremost among them is the history of the continually evolving medium of photography. The range of eras, movements, genres, and techniques present in this catalogue offer an opportunity to reflect upon the way photography has changed from 1839 to the present. A number of photographers are represented here in depth—Alfred Stieglitz, William Henry Fox Talbot, and László Moholy-Nagy, among them—and the story of their changing use of the medium can be read here. The photographs also document the odyssey of collecting that Howard Stein embarked upon beginning in the 1980s, when the modern market for photography was just beginning to come into its own.

Mr. Stein had the passion to create a world-class collection, and he had two worthy guides in Lee Marks and Alice Rose George. But without his curiosity about the medium, and his finely-tuned

eye, the journey would have been a very different one. He built the collection over decades, with patience and discernment. From the early photographic artistry of Talbot, to the Modernist perfection of Stieglitz, to the sly disruptions of Robert Heinecken, Mr. Stein's understanding of the photographic medium and his high standards for aesthetics, print quality, and condition are evident in the photographs offered within these pages.

Preparing the catalogue of *The Odyssey of Collecting: Photographs from Joy of Giving Something Foundation* has been a rewarding experience for me and our International Photographs Department. We are grateful to Chris Mahoney for his help at every step of the process. His expertise with this material greatly contributed to the depth of information provided in this catalogue. Additionally, the sale would not have been possible without Denise Bethel who, as a liaison for the foundation, provided invaluable knowledge and guidance throughout the process.

It is our hope that this offering will inspire others to continue, or to begin, their own odyssey of collecting.

Vanessa Hallett Worldwide Head of Photographs and Deputy Chairman, Americas, Phillips

Joy of Giving Something

Howard Stein acquired the photographs in this sale over many years of collecting. Before his death in 2011, he transferred ownership of the work to the charitable foundation, Joy of Giving Something (JGS), so that the pleasure that he found in each and every image could magnify that emotion for future generations.

Howard was a man of big ambitions and big ideas. When Bob Menschel first introduced me to him in the mid-90s, Howard asked me if I could find some photographers who were making work that could change the way we see into the future—just as the Xerox machine changed the office environment. I don't think that I ever met that challenge, but it raised the bar for measuring our current efforts to serve a hopeful future.

As a collector, Howard let the knowledge and experience of Lee Marks and Alice Rose George guide him as they brought work from around the world to his attention. Personal passion beats in the hearts of all great collectors. Howard loved the photographs he collected for their imagined stories, and for how their grace and beauty could ground him in the here and now, and transport him where only the imagination can go. He spent hours looking at and arranging these images into groupings that he paired with favorite phrases from authors and lyricists throughout history. This constant search for meaning within the pleasure of looking is what set Howard apart from the rest.

Howard always put a premium on quality and acquired an artist's best available work. His collecting spanned from the earliest masters to the most contemporary emerging artists who push the limits of photographic expression, form, and meaning. Collecting can be about trying to

get to know the essence of a thing by finding patterns and styles that lead you to certain conclusions. Howard found those patterns and styles throughout the history of the medium and made them his own with a flourish that was personal, honest, and adventurous.

When asked about the collection's future, he always said it was for the next generation to enjoy. The works in this sale are only a small portion of the thousands of photographs in the collection, and JGS will fulfill that vision by donating the majority of the collection to museums, universities, and smaller arts organizations. JGS will also continue to fund educational programs that put the tools for making images into the hands of children and teens, and continue to support projects by cultural organizations that attempt to illuminate the impact that present day events and discoveries will have on future conditions.

It was my pleasure to work with Howard for so many years and now to continue that work with the current JGS board members, and with Wayne Maugans, who organizes JGS's educational programs and oversees the foundation's day-to-day operations. We also owe a great deal of thanks to Denise Bethel for her help and advice in organizing this sale and helping us manage the collection. The continuing good work of these individuals and the success of this sale will help us to support the philanthropic work of JGS as we look to be forward thinking in our aspirations for a hopeful future.

Jeffrey Hoone Board Member, JGS

(6) JOY OF GIVING SOMETHING

I. Ansel Adams 1902-1984

Yosemite Valley, circa 1935 Gelatin silver print. 634×9 in. (17.1 x 22.9 cm) Signed in pencil on the mount; titled in ink on San Francisco credit label (BMFA 4) affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

From the artist, late 1930s Private Collection, Oakland Sotheby's, New York, 17 April 2002, lot 17

Literature

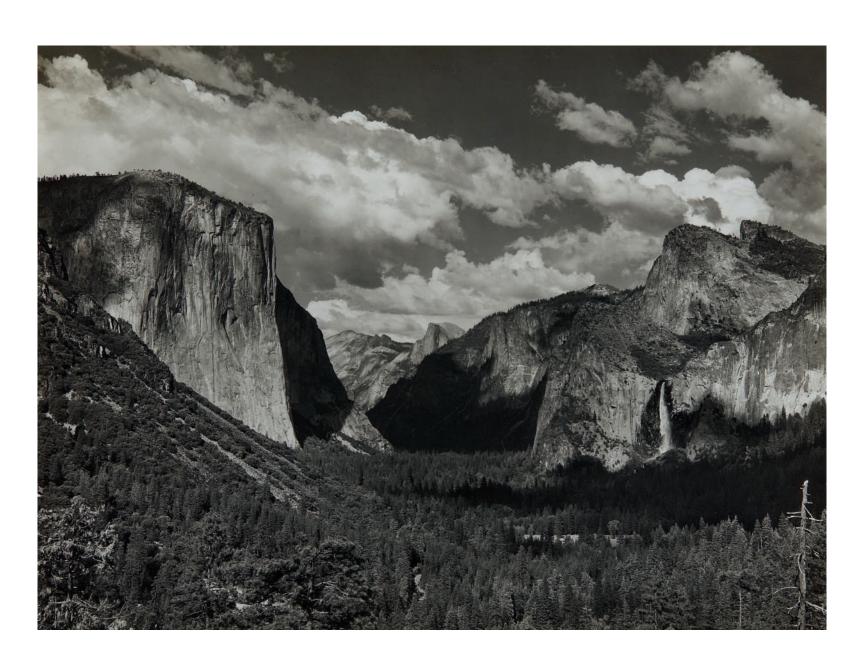
Adams, Yosemite, p. 23 Adams, The Four Seasons in Yosemite, n.p. Adams, Illustrated Guide to Yosemite Valley, p. 34, there titled Yosemite Valley from Wawona Tunnel Esplanade Stillman, Ansel Adams: 400 Photographs, p. 133 Szarkowski, Ansel Adams at 100, pl. 87

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the San Francisco Museum of Modern Art.

This rare and early Ansel Adams photograph comes from a small group of prints acquired from Adams by an associate in the 1930s. This trove of 32 photographs, all small in format and nuanced in tonality, was offered at auction in 2002 and was the first significant group of Adams's early prints to appear on the market at one time. The photographs spurred new interest in Adams's formative years in Yosemite and presented an opportunity to study his evolving printing style.

Yosemite Valley served as subject matter for Adams throughout his career, and it is a testament to his skill that he never exhausted the locale's aesthetic potential during his seven decades of work there, even as his approach and photographic materials changed. In the 1920s, Adams generally favored matte-surface photographic paper, with charcoal-like dark tones and creamy highlights. By the 1930s, he had transitioned—like his fellow Group f/64 colleagues, Edward Weston and Imogen Cunningham—to paper with a glossier finish, like that seen in the print offered here. Unlike the photographs Adams would make later in his career, which incorporated higher contrast and more dramatic shifts in tone, Yosemite Valley is essentially a study in mid-tones. While absolute whites and deep blacks punctuate the image, it is Adams's adept handling of the mid-scale gray tonalities and the concentration of detail therein that invite prolonged study.

The studio label affixed to the reverse of this print's mount was designed by San Francisco printer Lawton Kennedy in preparation for Adams's oneman exhibition at Alfred Stieglitz's American Place gallery in 1936.



2. Charles Sheeler 1883-1965

Boulder Dam, 1939 Gelatin silver print. $61/4 \times 93/6$ in. (15.9 x 23.8 cm) Signed and inscribed 'To Nancy and Bob' in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

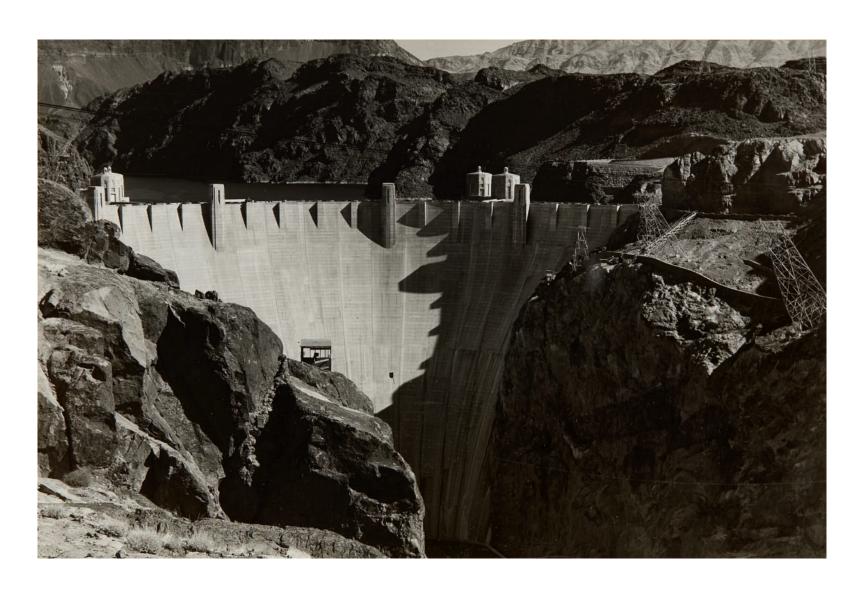
Charles Sheeler to Robert and Nancy Fawcett, Ridgefield, Connecticut Private Collection Christie's, New York, 5 April 1995, lot 46 Berry-Hill Gallery, New York, 2001 With its clarity and clean lines, Charles Sheeler's *Boulder Dam* presents a straightforward but nonetheless dramatic record of its subject. Built upon the Colorado River, between Arizona and Nevada, and heralded as a marvel of modern engineering, the dam was completed in 1936 and provided an unprecedented amount of electric power to California, Nevada, and Arizona.

This photograph has its origins in a 1938 assignment from *Fortune* magazine.

Commissioned to produce a pictorial essay on American industrial power, Sheeler photographed structures throughout the United States that symbolized American innovation, achievement, and power. His images of airplanes, railroads, turbines, and dams, served as the basis for the six paintings illustrated in *Fortune's* December 1940 issue. Boulder Dam, now known officially as Hoover Dam, was ideal subject matter for Sheeler's assignment, and he photographed it extensively.

Boulder Dam bears out Sheeler's belief in photography's ability to "account for the visual world with an exactitude not equaled by any other medium" (Charles Sheeler: Paintings, Drawings, Photographs, p. 11). It was one of the prize-winning images in The Museum of Modern Art's 1941 Image of Freedom competition, and was exhibited at MoMA, along with the other winning entries, from October 1941 to February 1942, then toured in the traveling exhibition.

The print offered here was given by Sheeler to his friends and Connecticut neighbors Robert and Nancy Fawcett. Robert Fawcett was a successful commercial illustrator who produced work for *The Saturday Evening Post, Colliers, Look,* and many other magazines. He is the author of *On the Art of Drawing,* a book still in print today: he also served on the faculty of the Famous Artists School and was a member of the National Academy of Design.



3. Alfred Stieglitz 1864-1946

From 'Room 3003' - The Shelton, New York, Looking Northeast, 1927 Gelatin silver print, flush-mounted and mounted again. $3\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{5}{6}$ in. (8.9 x 11.7 cm)

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1994

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume Two), no. 1188

This dramatic cityscape was made by Alfred Stieglitz from the apartment he shared with Georgia O'Keeffe in the Shelton Hotel, at Lexington Avenue and 49th Street. The photograph is from a series of city views that Stieglitz made during this time, all from the hotel's 30th floor, documenting the city in a constant state of change, transformed daily by the passage of light and by progressive development.

In his essay 'How Stieglitz Came to Photograph Cityscapes,' Joel Smith, now photography curator at the Morgan Library, describes these urban views as "a new kind of Equivalent," referring to the extended series of cloud and sky images Stieglitz executed at his family home at Lake George, New York (*History of Photography*, Vol. 20, No. 4, Winter 1996). That similarity is reinforced by the size of the photograph offered here, printed in the same size and format as the *Equivalents*, and by the cloudlike plumes of exhaust generated by the city below.

In *Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set*, Sarah Greenough locates only two other prints of this image: in the National Gallery of Art and in the Stieglitz Collection of the Art Institute of Chicago.

This photograph was purchased by Howard Stein from Doris Bry. Bry became Georgia O'Keeffe's agent in the late 1940s, and assisted the painter in the dispensation of the many photographs in Alfred Stieglitz's estate. The prints that comprise the Stieglitz Collections at the National Gallery of Art, the Art Institute of Chicago, the Philadelphia Museum of Art, and elsewhere, had all passed through Bry's hands as she selected and prepared them under O'Keeffe's discriminating eye. Bry became an authority on Stieglitz's work, as well as O'Keeffe's, and her knowledge on the two artists was much in demand by scholars, collectors, dealers, and auction houses. Bry and Stein were good friends, and over the years Stein acquired a number of fine pieces directly from her, including lots 48, 70, 73, 75, 82 and 88.



Actual size

4. Frederick Sommer 1905-1999

Colorado River Landscape, 1942 Gelatin silver print, printed no later than 1949. 7½ x 9½ in. (18.1 x 24.1 cm) Numbered '542' in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Christian Zervos Estate/Librairie *Cahiers d'Art* Galerie 1900-2000, Paris Private Collection Sotheby's, New York, 26 April 2007, lot 87

Literature

Davis, The Art of Frederick Sommer: Photography, Drawing, Collage, p. 85

Frederick Sommer's desert photographs comprise some of the most sophisticated work in his *oeuvre*. These studies defy many of the conventions of the landscape genre, in painting as well as photography. While his contemporaries Ansel Adams and Edward Weston had each created signature bodies of work that redefined landscape photography for their time, Sommer approached the subject in a radically different way. Dispensing with the horizon line and filling the entire frame with topography, Sommer created works that are simultaneously factual and disorienting.

Like Adams and Weston, Sommer worked with a large-format camera which allowed him to record the same level of detail as his colleagues. Sommer used the capability of the equipment, however, to very different ends. His photographs are less about their content than they are about the act of photographing, and result in a constructed reality.

This photograph comes originally from the collection of Christian Zervos, art critic, gallery owner, and editor of the French Surrealist journal, *Cahiers d'Art*. In 1950, Zervos had been introduced to Sommer's work by Max Ernst, a friend and fellow Surrealist, who presented Zervos with a selection of Sommer's drawings and photographs. Several of these were subsequently published by Zervos in *Cahiers d'Art*.



5. Albert Renger-Patzsch 1897-1966

Untitled (forest landscape), 1947-1955 Gelatin silver print. 15½ x 11½ in. (38.4 x 28.3 cm) 'Wamel-Dorf über Soest I. W.' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 20 April 1994, lot 65

Albert Renger-Patzsch used photography to document the exact appearance of things. He rejected any claim of artistry for himself, believing that artistry resided in the essence of the object—in the thing itself. His photographs of the material world, from plants and animals to landscapes and man-made structures, have been recognized, along with August Sander's portraits, as cornerstones of the post-World War I movement that came to be known as *Neue Sachlichkeit* (*New Objectivity*).

The subject of fir trees in a forest, with their repeating patterns of dark, vertical trunks and upwardly extending branches, is one to which Renger-Patzsch returned again and again, from the 1920s on. These studies constitute a powerful example of what Carl George Heise wrote in his introduction to Renger-Patzsch's 1928 volume, *Die Welt ist Schön (The World is Beautiful)*: that photography can help us "see anew the symbolism of the fullness of life itself, inexhaustible in all of its parts."



6. Willi Ruge 1892-1961

Berlin Fallschirmspringer from I Photograph Myself During a Parachute Jump, 1931 Gelatin silver print. $8 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ in. (20.3 x 14 cm) Signed, titled and dated in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Prakapas Gallery, New York, 2000

Literature

The Museum of Modern Art, Object: Photo: Modern Photographs: The Thomas Walther Collection, frontispiece and no. 266 (other images from the series illustrated on front and rear free endpapers) Ruge, 'Ich fotografiere mich beim Absturz mit dem Fallschirm,' Berliner Illustrirte Zeitung, no. 21, 24 May 1931, p. 845

This remarkable photograph by Willi Ruge could easily be mistaken for a photomontage, so unlikely is the juxtaposition of a pair of dangling legs with Berlin's urban landscape far below. Its bird's-eye view of Berlin recalls the photographs Moholy-Nagy made from a radio tower just a few years before, and it employs the same kind of radical perspective seen in Alexander Rodchenko photographs. It is a superlative example of the camera's ability to depict the visual world in an entirely new way and, as such, is a quintessentially Modernist photograph.

Berlin Fallschirmspringer was taken by press photographer Willi Ruge in 1931 as part of a photo story he conceived for the popular picture magazine Berliner Illustrirte Zeitung. Ruge had made his reputation in the picture press of the 1920s and '30s. Equal parts daredevil and photographer, Ruge increasingly adopted a more experiential approach to his work, essentially putting the viewer in the center of the action. His photographs taken from the seat of a racecar, for instance, deliver a thrilling cocktail of speed and peril. He was an innovator in other ways, too, publishing a picture story entitled Negative Objektivität, consisting of a series of negative images. It is a Ruge image of a photographer featured on the poster for the seminal Film und Foto exhibition, although his work was not included in that show. Ruge also founded his own picture agency, Fotoaktuell, to distribute his photographs.

Ruge, who was a pilot and a certified parachutist, formulated the idea of a photographic essay that would document his own descent from an airplane to the ground in 1931. Ute Eskildsen's account of this photo shoot in her chapter "Willi Ruge and Fotoaktuell: Adventures for the Press" in Object: Photo: Modern Photographs: The Thomas Walther Collection, reveals that it was a carefully choreographed production. Ruge was equipped with a camera and planned to photograph his descent as it happened. A second photographer in another plane, and a third on the ground, ensured that the event would be fully documented from a variety of perspectives. The full series, which was published in BIZ, as well as the Illustrated London News and several American magazines, shows Ruge's leap from the plane as well as the tense expressions on the faces of the onlookers below. The most dynamic photographs were taken by Ruge himself, who made at least two exposures in freefall before he opened his chute, and more on his downward glide. The photograph offered here is the definitive image from the series and nearly 90 years later has lost none of its power to astonish.

Even though Ruge was in the business of supplying photographs to the very active picture press of the day, surviving prints of this series are rare. Eskildsen recounts that Ruge's archive was destroyed during an air raid on Berlin in 1943. With 15 photographs, the Thomas Walther Collection at The Museum of Modern Art has perhaps the largest number of prints from the series, including the image offered here.



Actual size

7. Imogen Cunningham 1883-1976

Hand Weaving with Hand, 1946 Gelatin silver print. $131/4 \times 91/2$ in. $(33.7 \times 24.1 \, \text{cm})$ Signed, dated in pencil on the mount; estate stamp on the reverse of the mount; the facsimile signature studio label with the '1331 Green Street' address affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Collection of Gryffydd Partridge, the photographer's son Paul M. Hertzmann, Inc., San Francisco, 2000

Literature

Lunsford, Allen, and Sánchez, *Imogen Cunningham*, pl. 133, there dated 1945 *Zoom Magazine*, no. 183, 1994, p. 38 The large, mounted, exhibition-sized print offered here is representative of the complexity of Cunningham's photographic explorations after World War II. While it meets the Group f/64 requirement for a detailed account of its subject, it embodies the compositional experimentation that had been, and would continue to be, a factor in Cunningham's work. It also looks forward to the sense of mystery that would enter her photographs in the 1950s.

The 1940s were a time of transition for Imogen Cunningham. In the 1920s, she had evolved from a rather daring Pictorialist into an equally adventurous Modernist; the 1930s saw the refinement of her Modern vision. While the pace of her work slowed in the 1940s, the present photograph demonstrates that her images did not diminish in experimentation or impact.

Cunningham authority Susan Ehrens speculates that this image may have been made at Mills College, where courses in weaving were taught. Cunningham was an active documenter of artistic activities on the campus, and this image may have emerged from that work. The photograph is similar to the studies Cunningham would make several years later of Ruth Asawa and her crocheted wire sculpture. Hands—especially those of artists, dancers, and musicians—were an enduring theme throughout Cunningham's body of work.



8. László Moholy-Nagy 1895-1946

Photogram studies for Goerz (positive and negative), 1925

Two gelatin silver prints, printed 1926-1929. Each $8\% \times 6$ in. (20.6 x 15.2 cm)

Photogram: credited and annotated 'Photogram' likely by Lucia Moholy in pencil on the verso.

Reversed photogram: annotated 'bitte statt spiegel – / schrift, normal drehen GOERZ', dated in ink by the artist and 'berlin-chbg. 9' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$150,000-250,000

Provenance

Galerie Berinson, 1996

This pair of images, *Photogram studies for Goerz* (positive and negative), are an outstanding example of László Moholy-Nagy's facility with the medium of photography, as well as his groundbreaking incorporation of typography within his work. These two compositions began as a series of exercises using the logo for Goerz, a Berlin manufacturer of cameras and optical instruments. The initial photogram was made by placing objects and letter forms onto a sheet of photographic paper, then exposing it to light. Moholy-Nagy made the second image, which he called a "revaluation," by contact-printing the original photogram (fgm 116) onto photographic paper, creating a new image in which both the tonal values and the orientation of the original were reversed (fgm 116A). While Moholy-Nagy made several images in the Goerz series, it is believed the photographs offered here are the only Goerz positive/negative pair to appear at auction.

It is almost certain that the "revalued" print was intended for reproduction; Moholy-Nagy's handwritten notations on the reverse instruct a picture editor to reverse the orientation so that the word *Goerz* would read correctly. Moholy-Nagy authority Renate Heyne suggests that the writing on the reverse of the photogram image is that of Moholy-Nagy's wife, Lucia. It is likely, based upon

Exhibited

Moholy-Nagy: Photography and Film in Weimar Germany, Wellesley Museum of Art, Wellesley, 10 April- 10 June 1985 Bauhaus 1919–1933: Workshops for Modernity, The Museum of Modern Art, New York, 8 November 2009-25 January 2010

Literature

Heyne, Neusüss and Hattula Moholy-Nagy, Moholy-Nagy: The Photograms, Catalogue Raisonné, fgm 116-116A

The Museum of Modern Art, Bauhaus 1919-1933: Workshops for Modernity, pls. 150-151 (these prints) Wellsley Museum of Art, Moholy-Nagy: Photography and Film in Weimar Germany, pl. 26 (these prints)

the size and format of these images, that they were printed from glass negatives Lucia made for her husband in 1926. A larger positive/negative pair of these images is in the collection of the Eastman Museum of Photography, Rochester.

Moholy-Nagy reveled in the flexibility of photography—what he called its "plasticity"—and he used the medium's infinite reproducibility to serve his boundless creativity. He created a series of images using the same set of objects and Goerz typography, making a "revaluation" of each one. In 1926, a pair of the Goerz images (fgm 117, fgm 117A) illustrated his article "Fotoplastiche Reklame" (Photoplastic Advertising) in the journal Offset Buch und Werbekunst, with the caption "Werbefotogramm" (Advertising Photogram). It is not known whether any images from the series were ultimately used by Goerz in its advertising. The Goerz images may well have been made by Moholy-Nagy to demonstrate how photograms, typography, and revaluation could be used to make entirely new, visually adventurous advertisements. As this pair of images shows, Moholy-Nagy clearly found this an absorbing exercise, one that fired his creativity and resulted in a compelling and highly Modernist suite of images.





9. Robert Heinecken 1931-2006

Jack Jones and the Lennon Sisters #1, 1970 Canvas panel with photographic emulsion, pastel chalk and graphite.

 $40 \times 29^{3}4 \times ^{3}4$ in. (101.6 \times 75.6 \times 1.9 cm) Signed and dated in pencil on the recto; signed, titled and dated in pencil on the reverse of the canvas.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Joyce Neimanas, Albuquerque, 2006

Jack Jones and the Lennon Sisters #1 is a Heinecken tour-de-force combination of photography, pornography, and television, all put together with a characteristic touch of the artist's subversive humor. The Lennon Sisters were a lily-white girl group from the 1950s; they got their start on the Lawrence Welk Show, a musical variety hour that was a staple of wholesome family entertainment in television's early decades. For a brief period, from 1969 through 1970, the sisters had their own show, and a featured guest on one of the shows in 1970, the year the present work was made, was Jack Jones, a singer who covered pop tunes.

Heinecken winks at us with his title: the real Jack Jones and the Lennon Sisters could not be further from the actors in the image offered here. Instead, we have a photograph likely taken from a pornographic magazine, enlarged to near-monumental size, reversed into a negative, and then applied to canvas. In typical Heinecken

fashion, this is an image he experimented with in at least one other work, this time with a more suggestive title: the black-and-white, fourpart "Different Strokes . . ." of the same year. A magpie of popular culture, Heinecken mixed and appropriated, reversed and transferred, and combined words with images that created an intellectual, sensory, and sometimes disorienting multi-media experience. He did not consider himself a photographer, but rather, in his words, a "paraphotographer."

Heinecken was a highly influential teacher, and he pre-dates the "Pictures Generation" by decades. Among his pupils at UCLA were John Divola (see Lot 228), Jo Anne Callis, and Robbert Flick (see Lot 227).

The work offered here comes originally from the collection of Heinecken's wife, the artist Joyce Neimanas, as does lot 187.

"Superimpositional, negative (reversed) and combinational methods seem to me to be innate to the photographic process. The fact that light initially causes density and, hence, a reversed image seems relevant. The fact that the emulsion is on a transparent base seems important. The fact that emulsion can be applied to almost any surface is a gift."



10. László Moholy-Nagy 1895-1946

Photogram, 1922 Unique printing-out-paper print on carte-postale. $5\frac{3}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ in. (13.7 \times 8.9 cm) Signed, dated and with directional indicators in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$150,000-250,000

Provenance

From the artist
Colleague of the artist, Chicago
Collection of William Larson, Chicago
Collection of Robert Shapazian, Los Angeles
Christie's New York, 8 April 1998, lot 292

The unique work offered here is one of the first photograms created by Moholy-Nagy. Possibly inspired by simple botanical photograms that he saw at the Loheland school in rural Germany in 1922, Moholy-Nagy began to make small postcardformat photograms on daylight printing-out paper such as the one offered here. He created these first photograms by placing the printing-out paper into a copying frame, then layering over it cut-out shapes of paper (some patterned, some translucent), crumpled material and various templates, thus building a composition over time in the sunlight. In Moholy-Nagy: The Photograms: Catalogue Raisonné, Herbert Molderings suggests that for this specific photogram Moholy-Nagy may have pressed a fluid between two plates of glass as a means of filtering projected light—a process that Moholy-Nagy writes about in his essay "Light: A Medium of Plastic Expression," published in March 1923.

László Moholy-Nagy was a Constructivist who oriented himself and his art to science and technology. He dressed in the white jumpsuit of an engineer and saw himself as a builder/designer, not simply of objects, but of perception. His work in all media (painting, film, sculpture, typography, books, stage sets, exhibition and museum design) was built upon the isolation and exploration of the basic elements of perception: light, space, time,

Exhibited

Photographs of Moholy-Nagy from the Collection of William Larson, Galleries of the Claremont Colleges, Claremont, California, April- May 1975; San Francisco Museum of Modern Art; University of New Mexico Art Museum at Albuquerque, and traveling to numerous other venues through 1979

Literature

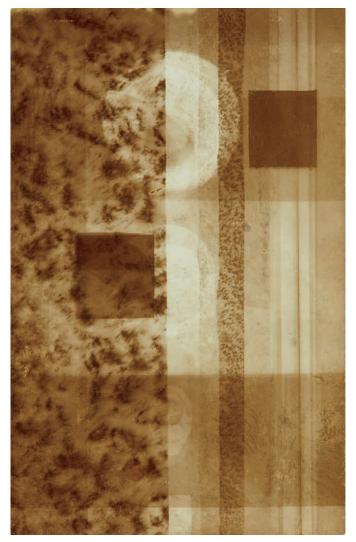
Heyne, Neusüss and Hattula Moholy-Nagy, *Moholy-Nagy: The Photograms, Catalogue Raisonné*, fgm 4 (this photogram)

Rice and Steadman, *Photographs of Moholy-Nagy from the Collection of William Larson*, p. 46 (this photogram)

and motion. No medium better suited this multidisciplinary artist than film and photography, and no other form of photography was as essential to his ideas as the photogram. With the photogram Moholy-Nagy was able to construct with light.

Moholy-Nagy continued to produce photograms throughout his life, but at the time this print was made, he did not use the term photogram; instead, he referred to these early works as "light compositions." It was not until the 1925 publication of Bauhaus Book Number Eight, *Malerei Photographie Film*, that Moholy-Nagy used the word *photogram*—a term that all such pictures have been called ever since.

The photogram offered here has a distinguished provenance, having come from the collection of photographer William Larson, a student at the Institute of Design in Chicago in the 1960s. His collection was featured in the 1975 exhibition Photographs of Moholy-Nagy from the Collection of William Larson curated by Leland Rice and David Steadman, one of the first and most important exhibitions of Moholy-Nagy's work after the artist's death. This photogram is also featured in the accompanying exhibition catalogue. It was subsequently acquired by legendary Los Angeles art dealer and scholar Robert Shapazian.



Actual size

II. Josef Sudek 1896-1976

The Third Courtyard of Prague Castle, 1947 Pigment print. $61/2 \times 43/4$ in. (16.5 x 12.1 cm) Signed in pencil in the margin.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1996

Exhibited

Open Secrets: Seventy Pictures on Paper, 1815 to the Present, Matthew Marks Gallery, New York, 19 November- 28 December 1996; Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 16 January- 1 March 1997

Literature

Fraenkel Gallery and Matthew Marks Gallery, Open Secrets: Seventy Pictures on Paper, 1815 to the Present, pl. 62 (this print) Fárová/Heiting, Josef Sudek: Die Pigmentdrucke 1947-1954, pl. 15 This photograph is one of a series of studies Sudek made of Prague, the center of his life and his spiritual home. Taken in 1947, as Prague rebuilt after the devastation of World War II, this photograph of one of the courtyards in the vast Castle complex transcends the privation of the era. The low vantage point, the wet pavement, and the shimmering reflection of the portico create an evocative portrait of the Castle, the centuries-old complex that had come to symbolize the city.

Like the best of Sudek's photographs, *The Third* Courtyard of Prague Castle is a technical and aesthetic tour-de-force. The image is rendered in the subtly-modulated tones of the pigment process, of which Sudek was a master. Sudek had experimented with various pigment processes in his early years, when his photographs were more Pictorial in style. He returned to the process in the 1940s, enlisting the labor-intensive technique to serve his new and ever more lyrical vision. In the present photograph, the result is a saturated and tonally nuanced print in which the detail and texture of the subject become paramount. This marriage of Sudek's modern approach to the nearly outmoded pigment process is distinctive of Sudek's extraordinary work in his later career.



Actual size

12. Eugène Atget 1857-1927

Boutique Coiffeur, Boulevard de Strasbourg, 1912 Printing-out-paper print. 8% x 7 in. (22.5 x 17.8 cm) Titled, numbered '878' in pencil and 'rue Campagne-Première' studio stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$120,000-180,000

Provenance

Collection of Tristan Tzara, Paris by descent to Marie-Therese Tzara Christie's, New York, 29 April 1999, lot 167

Literature

Szarkowski and Hambourg, *The Work of Atget: Vol. IV, Modern Times*, pl. 93
Beaumont-Maillot, *Atget Paris*, p. 585
Borcoman, *Eugène Atget*, *1857-1927*, p. 117
Gunther, 'Les photographies d'Atget achetées par Man Ray', *Photographies*, March 1986, fig. 19
Jonquières, *Atget: Photographe de Paris*, p. 80
Trottenberg, *A Vision of Paris*, p. 51

Additional prints of this image are in the collections of the George Eastman Museum, Rochester and The J. Paul Getty Museum, Los Angeles. The photograph offered here is one of the earliest of Atget's shop window images, made in 1912, before the outbreak of the first World War. Like the window of a corset shop, also on the boulevard de Strasbourg and the subject of another Atget study from 1912, the Boutique Coiffeur exhibits an inherent surrealism: framed in their window setting, the wigs and manneguins, some with complete faces, some without, seem the heads of actual women floating in space. It is this unexpected, unreal quality that makes Atget's store windows so attractive to the Post-Modern eye. And it was this aspect of the work that appealed to the Dadaists and Surrealists, inspiring them to appropriate the photographer's work for their journal La Révolution Surréaliste.

After these 1912 studies, Atget would not return to windows again, in any significant way, until 1925, when he made new photographs of store windows. Contrasting the *Boutique Coiffeur* and other early store windows with ones made over a decade later, John Szarkowski and Maria Morris Hambourg write, "The earlier windows give us a poetry of unmodulated, surreal fact; the latter ones clarify—triumph over—a raw content of hallucinatory complexity" (*The Work of Atget, Vol. IV: Modern Times*, p. 174).

The photograph offered here was at one time in the collection of Dada poet Tristan Tzara, who moved from Zurich to Paris after the first World War. In Paris, Tzara lived at the Hôtel Istria, 29 rue Campagne Première, next door to his friend and colleague Man Ray, and down the street from Atget. It is fitting that Tzara—whose introduction to Man Ray's portfolio of Rayographs, *Les Champs Délicieux*, heralded the transformation of ordinary objects into images of the unconscious—would have owned this poetic image of "unmodulated, surreal fact."



Actual size

13. André Kertész 1894-1985

Paris (night scene), 1926 Gelatin silver print. 3½ x 3½ in. (8.3 x 7.9 cm) Signed and titled 'Paris' in pencil on the vellum mount.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

The Estate of André Kertész Christie's, New York, *An Important Collection of André Kertész Vintage Photographs, Paris and Hungary* 1919-1927, 17 April 1997, lot 193

Literature

Greenough, *André Kertész*, pl. 35, there titled *Théâtre Odéon at Night*Jane Corkin Gallery, *Stranger to Paris*, p. 79

This early André Kertész photograph, printed in a small format—likely on carte-postale stock—and affixed to a distinct "vellum" paper mount, is from a trove of 21 prints discovered in his studio after his death. This group of prints, made in Paris in the 1920s and mounted for exhibition, are similar in format and presentation to those shown at his first Paris exhibition at Au Sacre du Printemps gallery in 1927. Kertész prints from the 1920s, especially those mounted for exhibition, are scarce in the marketplace. Both the present lot and Lot 50 were sold in the small but historic auction of these works in 1997.

André Kertész moved from his native Hungary to Paris in 1925. He initially found company within the community of artistic Hungarian expatriates who had settled in the city. Kertész's orbit soon expanded to include the broader artistic world. His quietly accomplished studies of Mondrian's studio are indicative of his connections to the key artists of the day. At the same time, Kertész explored the boulevards of his adopted home with his camera, in day and night, creating a series of photographs, including that offered here, that remain among the most evocative and affecting photographs in his *oeuvre*.



Actual size

14. William Henry Fox Talbot 1800-1877

Oxford High Street, 1843 Salt print. 73% x 634 in. (18.7 x 17.1 cm) Annotated 'LA 113' in an unidentified hand in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Lacock Abbey Collection Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1992

Literature

Schaaf 1005

Schaaf, The Photographic Art of William Henry Fox Talbot. pl. 60

Arnold, William Henry Fox Talbot: Pioneer of Photography and Man of Science, pl. 51 Buckland, Fox Talbot and the Invention of

Photography, p. 176 Corcoran Gallery of Art, A Book of Photographs: Photographs from the Collection of Sam Wagstaff, p. 31 Monterey Museum of Art, Passion and Precision: Photographs from the Collection of Margaret Weston, p. 5

Phillips, Trachtenberg, Nickel and Keller, *Taking Place: Photographs from the Prentice & Paul Sack Collection*, pl. 14

Santa Barbara Museum of Art, An Eclectic Focus: Photographs from the Vernon Collection, p. 28

William Henry Fox Talbot was the inventor of negative/positive photography which was, until recently, the medium's dominant mode. While the photographs of his rival Daguerre were one-of-a-kind objects that could be reproduced only through copying, Talbot's process produced an in-camera negative that could be used to print any number of positives. By the time Talbot made this view of Oxford in 1843, he had not only surmounted many of the limiting technical difficulties he had faced in the past, but also had developed his aesthetic eye. It is important to note that Talbot was one of the creators of the visual vocabulary of photography, a lexicon still very much in use today.

This view of Oxford's High Street, taken near its junction with Longwall Street, shows the sweep and grace of the town's architecture. The strength of this print and evidence of its quality is the outline of the University's Radcliffe Camera dome visible in the far distance, which punctuates the curved street and balances the composition. This is a detail which has sometimes faded in other surviving prints of this image. Talbot scholar Larry Schaaf has documented Talbot's career for decades, and his recently launched on-line Talbot catalogue raisonné documents, in detail, this pioneering photographer's extensive achievements: http://foxtalbot.bodleian.ox.ac.uk



Actual size

15. Alfred Stieglitz 1864-1946

The Terminal, 1893 Gelatin silver print, printed 1920s, flush-mounted and mounted again. $3\frac{1}{8} \times 4\frac{1}{8}$ in. (9.2 x 11.7 cm)

Estimate

\$120,000-180,000

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume One), no. 95

Variant croppings:

Camera Work, Number 36, October 1911, p. 61 Bry, Alfred Stieglitz: Photographer, pl. 2 Daniel, Stieglitz Steichen Strand, pls. 4-5 Green, Camera Work: A Critical Anthology, p. 312 Homer, Alfred Stieglitz and the Photo Secession, p. 18 Homer, Stieglitz and the American Avant-Garde, pl. 4 Margolis, Alfred Stieglitz, Camera Work: A Pictorial Guide, pl. XV

Newhall, The History of Photography from 1839 to the Present Day, p. 102

Norman, Alfred Stieglitz: An American Seer, pl. IV Sobieszek, Masterpieces of Photography from the George Eastman House Collections, p. 197 Taschen, Alfred Stieglitz, Camera Work: The Complete Illustrations 1903-1917, p. 596 Whelan, Alfred Stieglitz: Photography, Georgia O'Keeffe,

and the Rise of the Avant-Garde in America, n.p. Museum of Modern Art, The Shape of Things: Photographs from Robert B. Menschel, p. 123

Taken in 1893, The Terminal was an important image for Alfred Stieglitz, one that evolved in concept and execution throughout his career. Roaming New York with a hand-held camera, the photographer first made The Terminal as one of a number of views of the city in snow, rain, and evening light that were perfect for the soft-focus, matte surface prints of the time. It was exhibited widely, at the Royal Photographic Society in London in 1894, the *International* Exhibition of Pictorial Photography in Buffalo in 1910, and many other venues. Stieglitz included it as a photogravure in the 1911 issue of Camera Work devoted exclusively to his work and also published it as a large-format photogravure (see Lot 82). Although made when Pictorialism

was the dominant trend in photography, *The Terminal* possesses a modern sensibility distinct from much of Stieglitz's work of the time. And when he exhibited the image as a carbon print in London in 1894, the photograph earned no praise at all, so accustomed were his peers to more picturesque or sentimental views. Regardless, Stieglitz continued to consider *The Terminal* a significant photograph within in his *oeuvre*.

Beginning in the 1920s, Stieglitz undertook a review of his early work and reincorporated selected images into his modern exhibition repertoire. *The Terminal*, with its clear-eyed view of an urban setting, was a perfect choice for this re-evaluation, and the print offered here dates to that time, as does the print of *November Days* in Lot 70. He chose to make prints of these images once again, but on gelatin silver paper, and gave them the same presentation as his *Equivalents* and other work from the time: flush-mounted, then mounted again to larger board.

Realized as a gelatin silver print, *The Terminal* is a modern image that captures the gritty realism of the street. In the photograph offered here, Stieglitz has also expanded the cropping from earlier versions, showing far more of the area surrounding the streetcar and its horses, and including the optometrist's shop sign on the left.

In Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set, Sarah Greenough locates gelatin silver prints of this image in the following institutional collections: the National Gallery of Art; Art Institute of Chicago; Carl van Vechten Gallery, Fisk University; The Metropolitan Museum of Art; and Museum of Fine Arts, Boston.



Actual size

16. Harry Callahan 1912-1999

Detroit, 1943 Gelatin silver print. 34×42 in. (8.3 x 11.4 cm) Signed in pencil on the mount; Coville Collection label affixed to the reverse of the mount

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Halsted Gallery, Michigan Warren J. Coville Collection, Bloomfield Hills, Michigan Phillips, New York, *Photographs from the Coville Collection*, 26 April 1999, lot 53

Exhibited

Vantage Point: Photographs from the Warren J. Coville Collection, Cranbrook Academy of Art Museum, Michigan, 1992

Literature

Szarkowski, Harry Callahan, p. 43 Galassi, American Photography from the Museum of Modern Art, New York, p. 182 Greenough, Harry Callahan, p. 29 Pultz, "Harry Callahan: Early Street Photography 1943-1945," Archive 28, p. 8

Additional prints of this image are in the collections of The Museum of Modern Art, New York; the Los Angeles County Museum of Art; and the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

Detroit, made early in Harry Callahan's career, demonstrates how quickly the young photographer surpassed the aesthetic conventions of the medium to create a photographic style that was all his own. Callahan's experimental use of an in-camera multiple exposure creates an image that is simultaneously tied to reality yet freed from traditional representational qualities. At the time Detroit was made, Callahan had just begun experimenting with tonal contrast to bring to the surface the abstract pattern of his subject. Although it predates Abstract Expressionism, the photograph shares something of its anarchic energy and surface dynamism, with its repetitive patterns of white lines and dashes bursting across the dark picture plane. It is an artist's vision of cars on a street in his hometown, and not the work of a conventional photographer.

Callahan started photographing in 1938 while working as a clerk for Chrysler. He joined a camera club to learn the basics of the craft. Despite the reverence for Pictorialism still prevalent in the camera clubs of the day, Callahan began to define his own experimental style. A 1941 workshop with Ansel Adams marked a turning point in Callahan's practice. John Pultz writes, in his essay "Harry Callahan: Early Street Photography, 1943-1945," that Adams demonstrated to Callahan that photography could be more than a hobbyist's craft, and held the potential to create personally expressive art.

According to Pultz, *Detroit* is one of three known multiple-exposure images of Detroit streets that Callahan created in 1943 with his 9 x 12 cm Linhof camera. In the early 1940s, Callahan did not enlarge his 9 x 12 cm negatives, favoring small contact prints for their precise detail and sharp tonal values. The print offered is one of these early contact prints. Although Adams had introduced Callahan to the beauty of the contact print, Callahan quickly abandoned Adams's descriptive realism. Instead, through experimentation with the medium, Callahan created a language of formal abstraction that would eventually make him one of the most influential photographers of the second half of the 20th century.



Actual size

17. Idris Khan b. 1978

Bach. . . . Six Suites for the Solo Cello, 2006 Chromogenic print, flush-mounted. $95 \times 69 \frac{1}{2}$ in. (241.3 x 176.5 cm) Signed, dated in ink, printed title and edition 6/6 on a label accompanying the work.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

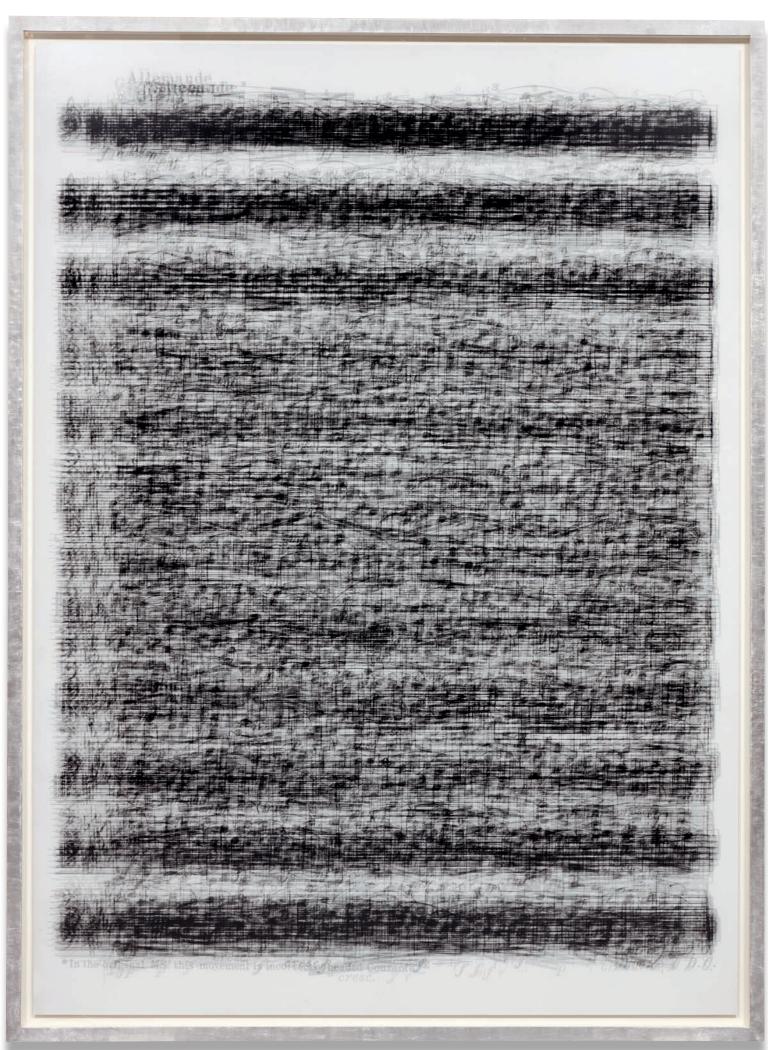
Yvon Lambert Gallery, New York, 2007

Literature

Kerber, *Idris Khan every.* . . p. 32 Lambert, *Idris Khan*, n.p.

Idris Khan's diverse body of work includes photography, sculpture, and film and is informed by an array of influences, from art and philosophy to literature and music. Through appropriation, Khan unites disparate media to create a wholly new original.

To make this monumental work, Khan photographed each sheet of Bach's Six Suites for the Solo Cello and digitally layered the images together, transforming the musical notation into an abstract representation of the intangible. By visually reinterpreting a complex aural experience within a single frame, Khan collapses the divide between senses, as well as the divide between time and space. All of Bach's Suites, with their repetitions and variations, are visible at once. Through the process of layering, the details of the original sheet music are lost, and the individual notes become doubled and redoubled abstract characters against a white background. It is no longer a score that can be played, but is instead a document of Khan's own visual interpretation of these canonic compositions.



18. Zhang Huan b. 1965

Family Tree, 2001
Nine chromogenic prints.
Each 49½ x 39 in. (125.7 x 99.1 cm)
AP 2/2 from an edition of 8 plus 2 artist's proofs.

Estimate

\$150,000-200,000

Provenance

Luhring Augustine, 2002

Exhibited

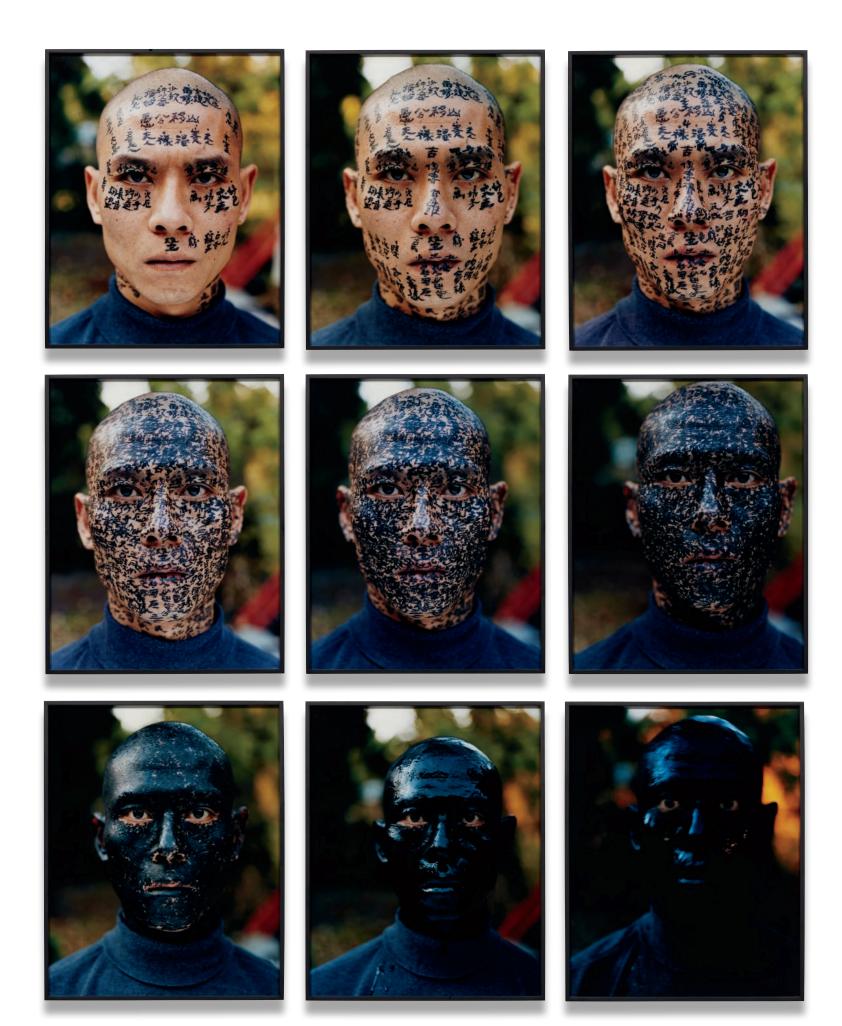
PhotoGENEsis: Opus 2, Santa Barbara Museum of Art, 9 November 2002- 9 February 2003 Between Past and Future: New Photography and Video from China, Museum of Contemporary Art, Chicago, 2 October 2004- 16 January 2005

Literature

Huan, Blessings, p. 11
Chiu, Zhang Huan: Altered States, pp. 129-137
Phaidon Press, Zhang Huan, n.p.
Changsha, Chinese Avant-Garde Photography Since
1990, p. 93
Cotthem Gallery, Zhang Huan—Pilgrimage to
Santiago, p. 85
Hung and Phillips, Between Past and Future: New
Photography and Video from China, p. 140
The Israel Museum, Made in China: Contemporary
Chinese Art at the Israel Museum, n.p.
Louisiana Museum of Modern Art, Made in China:
Works from the Estella Collection, p. 407
Prestel Publishing, New China, New Art, p. 111

During the 1990s, Zhang Huan's provocative conceptual performances, which tested his physical and spiritual endurance, established him as one of China's most celebrated artists. Using his body as his medium, Zhang challenges notions of national and personal identity. When Zhang immigrated to New York in 1998, his understanding of his own identity was profoundly impacted. He saw himself no longer as simply an artist, but a Chinese artist whose heritage offered up an endless wealth of inspiration.

Family Tree is an exploration of culture and selfhood. Zhang hired three calligraphers to inscribe Chinese proverbs, family relations and histories, literary texts, and words deriving from the ancient practice of physiognomy onto his face over the course of several hours. Gradually obscuring Zhang's discernible features, the calligraphy shifts from legibility into an obliterating mask. Using the camera to record the evolution of this ephemeral performance, Zhang delves into the correlation, and even arbitrariness, between his natural and constructed self. Ironically, the two practices in this work that are most deeply embedded in Chinese culture, calligraphy and physiognomy—or "face reading"—nullify each other. When they are applied as a visual lexicon to Zhang's face, he is stripped of all his identifiable markers. The nine photographs of Family Tree transform viewers into participants, allowing them not only to engage with Zhang's performance, but to reflect upon their own intrinsic and constructed identities.







19. Masahisa Fukase 1934-2012

Kanazawa from Ravens, 1977 Gelatin silver print, printed 1986. 11 x 16½ in. (27.9 x 41.9 cm) Signed in ink in the margin; annotated 'Ishikawa-ken Kanazawa-shi' in Japanese and dated '1977' and '1986' in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-20,000

Provenance

Robert Mann Gallery, New York, 2002

Literature

Fukase, *The Solitude of Ravens*, p. 71 Fukase, *Fukase Masahisa*, pl. 34, variant Holborn, *Black Sun: The Eyes of Four*, pp. 60-61, variant

Masahisa Fukase's Ravens series is one of the most celebrated bodies of work within the history of Japanese post-war photography. Fukase began photographing ravens in 1976, at a time when his marriage to Yoko Wanibe, a principle subject of much of his previous photography, was beginning to disintegrate. Fukase turned his camera to the ubiquitous and ominous forms of ravens, flying and still, solitary and en masse. In the image offered here, Fukase captures a tree filled with ravens silhouetted against the night sky, their eyes bright against the darkness. Both tonally and emotionally dark, the photograph is a document of Fukase's inner turmoil. Fukase published his raven images in 1986 in Karasu, a book that has now attained the status of a classic of photographic literature.

20. Alfred Stieglitz 1864-1946

Lake George, 1922 Gelatin silver print, flush-mounted and mounted again. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 9$ in. (19.1 x 22.9 cm)

Estimate

\$70,000-90,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1994

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume One), no. 806

"One of Stieglitz's most impressive qualities as an artist was his ability to learn from younger artists . . . In his thirties he learned from Steichen and Clarence White; in his forties he learned from Alvin Langdon Coburn; at fifty he learned his greatest lesson, from the first mature work of Paul Strand and perhaps that of Charles Sheeler. At an age when most artists are content to refine the discoveries of their youth, Stieglitz, had not yet begun his best work."—John Szarkowski, Alfred Stieglitz at Lake George

The rolling landscape and open skies of Lake George provided Alfred Stieglitz with an ideal environment in which to experiment and to perfect his Modernist vision. This photograph was made near the Stieglitz family summer home in the 1920s, and is a rare example of one his earliest cloud studies. Like his series *Music—A Sequence of Ten Cloud Photographs*, Stieglitz made this image with an 8 x 10-inch view camera. The large format allowed for a contact print in which the contours of the land and the formations of the clouds are beautifully described.

Stieglitz would switch to the smaller-format handheld Graflex camera for his sky views in 1923, and focus almost exclusively on clouds. The *Equivalents* he produced were smaller in format and very different in tone and intent from the image offered here.

In Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set, Sarah Greenough locates only one other print of this image: in the National Gallery of Art.



21. Charles Marville 1816-1879

Sky Study, Paris, 1856-1857 Salt print, mounted. 6 x 83% in. (15.2 x 21.3 cm)

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Collection of Joachim Bonnemaison, Paris Charles Isaacs, New York and Robert Hershkowitz, Ltd., Sussex, 1996

Exhibited

Charles Marville: Photographer of Paris, National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C., 29 September 2013-5 January 2014; The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, 27 January- 4 May 2014; Museum of Fine Arts, Houston, 13 June- 14 September 2014

Literature

National Gallery of Art, *Charles Marville: Photographer of Paris*, pl. 26 (this print)

This image of sunlit clouds over the Parisian skyline is one of a series of studies made by Charles Marville in 1856 and 1857 from his studio on the rue Saint-Dominique. Capturing the nuances of a clouded sky was a challenge for an artist in any medium, and artists succeeded or failed based upon their ability to create a credible account of the subject. The sky presented a special challenge for the photographer: the primitive equipment and limited sensitivity of the photographic materials of the day made celestial photography difficult. Through Marville's expert handling, this image records details in both the sky and the skyline, with the dome of Les Invalides clearly visible. When he showed a selection of his sky views at the Société Française de Photographie in 1857, they were met with surprise and acclaim.

Sky Study, Paris, is one of the first photographs Marville made using the wet-plate collodion process, which produced a negative image on glass that could be printed on photographic paper. Marville had previously worked with paper negatives, and the shift to glass negatives, with their greater sensitivity to light and clarity of detail, represented a significant aesthetic and technical advance. Even with the greater flexibility of this new process, photographing a subject as evanescent as clouds remained a challenge. Because of the glass-plate negative's sensitivity to blue light, skies were typically overexposed, appearing featureless white in the finished prints. Many of Marville's contemporaries, most famously Gustave Le Gray, dealt with this by using two negatives—one exposed for the sky and the other exposed for the subject—to print a single image. Some photographers resorted to painting clouds on their negatives.

This photograph demonstrates not only Marville's high degree of technical proficiency, but his skill at creating an image that encapsulates the manmade and natural realms so compellingly. It is a modern image that presages Alfred Stieglitz's studies of the sky made in the following century.



22. Gustave Le Gray 1820-1882

Troncs d'Arbres, Fontainebleau, 1855 Albumen print, mounted. 13¼ x 9¾ in. (33.7 x 23.8 cm) 'Épreuve 2me CHOIX' stamp on the recto.

Estimate

\$100,000-150,000

Provenance

Robert Hershkowitz, Ltd., Sussex, 1993

Literature

Aubenas, *Gustave Le Gray: 1820-1884*, pl. 117, no. 99 Kunsthaus Zurich, *Happy Birthday Photography: Bokelberg Sammlung*, pl. 53

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the Bibliothèque Nationale de France.

The photographs that Gustave Le Gray made in the forest of Fontainebleau in the mid-1850s represent a refinement of his technique and photographic vision. He had previously photographed in the forest—the famed outdoor studio for painters of the Barbizon school—in the 1840s. Those early trips saw him master the waxed-paper negative process. The later images of the 1850s were made with wet-plate glass negatives—new technology that Le Gray also mastered to his own high standards. He understood the aesthetic use of clarity and detail that glass negatives could deliver and exploited these properties to great effect in Troncs d'Arbres. Here, Le Gray records the individuality of each tree, along with the complex play of the sunlight upon the trunks and forest floor, creating an image that is as much about its subjects as the action of light within the space of the forest. Like the best of Le Gray's work, the photograph is both documentary and revelatory. Le Gray's Fontainebleau photographs were made during the same period as his signature seascapes. Both bodies of work show the photographer working at the peak of his abilities to produce images of unprecedented quality.

Sylvie Aubenas, in her definitive study of the photographer's career, *Gustave Le Gray 1820-1884*, writes that his earlier paper-negative work in Fontainebleau showed more generalized views of the wooded landscape, while the 1850s work "tended toward simplification and refinement . . . The strength of the framing, the larger format, the sensitivity and sharpness of the collodion, the subtlety of the light whose slightest vibrations he captured, make these the absolute reference standards of a genre that others, such as Quinet and Famin, would later expand upon" (p. 98).



23. Charles Aubry 1811-1877

Untitled (study of leaves), 1864 Albumen print. 17% x 13% in. (44.8 x 34 cm) Facsimile signature and monogram stamp and '1864 Médaille d'Or' blindstamp on the mount.

Estimate

\$60,000-80,000

Provenance

Graphics International, Ltd., Washington, D.C. Tartt Gallery, Washington, D.C. Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1993

Exhibited

The Art of Photography: 1893-1989, Museum of Fine Arts, Houston, 11 February- 30 April 1989; Australian National Gallery, Canberra, 17 June- 27 August 1989; Royal Academy of Arts, London, 23 September-23 December 1989; Sezon Museum of Art, Tokyo, 3 March- 1 April 1990

Off the Mall: Inside Washington's Foremost Art Galleries, Organization of American States/The Art Museum of the Americas, 15 September-16 October 1993

Charles Aubry worked as a decorative arts designer before turning to photography in the 1860s. His meticulously arranged still-life studies of foliage and flowers were intended to serve as aids for designers in the creation of fabrics and wallpaper. Aubry's complex arrangements, constructed especially for the camera, strike a balance between the verdant chaos of nature and the organizing hand of man. In his still lifes, Aubry exploited the ability of glass-plate negatives to capture detail, and the clarion quality of the resulting images may have surpassed the requirements of their intended purpose. Viewed today, the beautifully photographed tableau offered here ranks as a masterpiece in the still-life genre, both in painting and photography.

In the 20th century, Aubry's images came to be appreciated as works of photographic art. In 1985, the J. Paul Getty Museum exhibited his work in The Flower Show: Photographs from the J. Paul Getty Museum Selected by Sam Wagstaff, and in the 1988 exhibition The Flowering of Early French Photography. John Szarkowski included Aubry in his landmark 1989 exhibition Photography Until Now and the accompanying catalogue. Illustrations of Aubry's photographs appear in Bruce Bernard's 1980 book, Photodiscovery: Masterworks of Photography 1840-1940, and on the cover of Fraenkel Gallery's 1989 publication, The Insistent Object: Photographs 1845-1986.



24. Victor Regnault 1810-1878

Sèvres et ses environs, Manufacture, Porte orientale et cours d'Honneur, circa 1852 Salt print

171/4 x 133/4 in. (43.8 x 34.9 cm)

Credit, annotated, titled in unidentified hands in pencil and an Albert Gilles collection stamp on the verso; initialed and annotated in an unidentified hand in ink on a label affixed to the verso.

Estimate

\$100,000-150,000

Provenance

Collection of Albert Gilles, Paris Collection of Marie-Thérèse and André Jammes, Paris Sotheby's, Paris, *La Photographie II: Collection Marie-Thérèse et André Jammes*, 21 March 2002, lot 87

Literature

Coke, One Hundred Years of Photographic History, fig. 41 Jammes and Janis, The Art of French Calotype, pl. XXXV

Victor Regnault was among the first practitioners of photography in France, and although examples of his work are scarce, his surviving photographs are notable for their technical and aesthetic sophistication. In addition to serving as the director of the porcelain manufactory at Sèvres, Regnault was a man of science, and his experiments and publications on physics and chemistry established his reputation in those fields. He began working with photography as early as 1841, when a colleague sent him an example of paper sensitized by William Henry Fox Talbot. Regnault's work with the new medium progressed from there, and he quickly developed his own improvements to the papernegative process. While he made skillful portraits and genre studies, it is arguably his masterful views of Sèvres that are the most accomplished images in his oeuvre. André Jammes and Eugenia Parry Janis write that "Regnault's most luminous landscapes depict the town of Sèvres, the river and the buildings of the manufactory, in an uncanny self-generating light with soft apricot coloration in the highlights" (The Art of French Calotype, p. 238). Surprisingly large in format, Regnault's Sèvres views embody a clarity and three-dimensionality not usually seen in photographs made from paper negatives.

Regnault was a founding member of the Société Héliographique, and later president of the Société Français de Photographie. He became the leader of an informal group of photographers and artists based in Sèvres which included Louis-Rémy Robert (see Lots 94 and 95).

This photograph has a distinguished provenance, having come originally from Albert Gilles, whose collection stamp is on the reverse. Gilles was a pioneering collector of photography, and he loaned photographs to many significant exhibitions, including Beaumont Newhall's *Photography 1839–1937* at The Museum of Modern Art. His extensive collection of daguerreotypes now resides in the collection of the Bibliothèque National de France. This print was later acquired by André Jammes, and was sold in the historic sale of his collection in 2002.



25. Edward Steichen 1879-1973

The Spiral Shell, 1921 Gelatin silver print. 75% x $7\frac{1}{2}$ in. (19.4 x 19.1 cm) Credit stamp, annotated 'Orig. print made by Edw. M. Steichen,' and numbered by Rolf Petersen, annotated 'France-1921 / Rarest' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$80,000-120,000

Provenance

Graphics International, Ltd., Washington, D.C.
Collection of the Gilman Paper Company, New York
Collection of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York
Sotheby's, New York, Important Photographs from the
Metropolitan Museum of Art, Including Works from the
Gilman Paper Company, 15 February 2006, lot 52

Literature

Steichen, A Life in Photography, cover & pl. 72, variant croppings
Johanna Steichen, Steichen's Legacy: Photographs, 1895-1973, pl. 231, variant cropping
Photo Poche, Edward Steichen, pl. 26 variant cropping

The years directly following the First World War were a period of recuperation and artistic transition for Steichen. The painter and Pictorialist master had served in an airborne division of the U.S. Army and photographed the war-torn European landscape from above. The technical challenges involved in making a successful exposure from a juddering airplane had enforced upon the young photographer a different relationship with the medium. After the War, at his home in Voulangis, France, Steichen began to investigate what could be done aesthetically with a sharper focus and a straightforward printing style. These images were a marked departure from the Impressionism of his early photographs, and paved the way not only for his own future work, but for the general trend in serious photography in the years to come.

In A Life in Photography, Steichen recounts his photographic experimentation during this time, work which dovetailed with his readings in science and philosophy and with his deep appreciation for nature. He wrote that he photographed "to try to understand nature's discipline." His investigations into the spiral form, which he regarded as central to all of life, led him to photograph a variety of organic objects that incorporated this structural pattern. The present photograph of a shell is perhaps his most successful image from the spiral series, and Steichen chose it as the cover illustration of his autobiographical Life in Photography.



Actual size

26. Edward Weston 1886-1958

White Sands, New Mexico, 1941
Gelatin silver print.
75/8 x 91/2 in. (19.4 x 24.1 cm)
Initialed and dated in pencil on the mount; signed, titled and dated in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 5 October 1995, lot 35

Literature

Conger, Edward Weston: Photographs, no. 1569 Newhall, Supreme Instants: The Photography of Edward Weston, pl. 70 Edward Weston's *White Sands, New Mexico* shows the delicacy and minimalism present in his later work. Taken in 1941, just seven years before he would cease to photograph, it is an image that consists, essentially, of only two elements: sand and sky. This minimalist approach would reach an apogee in the final photographs Weston would make at Point Lobos in 1948.

Weston and his colleague and friend Ansel Adams worked along parallel paths in their photography of the American landscape. Both maintained an abiding respect for the craft of photography, and held a Modernist's trust in the ability of the camera to render the visual world truthfully. While Adams continued throughout his career to document, with crystalline clarity, the exuberance of detail and texture in the natural world, Weston began paring down his images to include less and less. A minimalist impulse was always present in his work, but plays an increasing role starting, perhaps, with his 1936 studies of the dunes at Oceano. In White Sands, New Mexico, made in the following decade, Weston has distilled the image to its bare essentials.

Weston had built his artistic career upon a foundation of technical mastery. In David Travis's essay, 'Imperfectly Unknown,' he discusses how, in the 1940s, Weston was "working beyond virtuosity" to create work that was deeply personal. He writes, "Weston could not dismiss the virtuosity that he had taken so long to perfect, but, unlike other photographers he was able to transcend it in order to express a deeper sense of his own existence" (At the Edge of the Light, p. 113).



27. Imogen Cunningham 1883-1976

Magnolia Blossom, 1925 Gelatin silver print. 9½ x 11¾ in. (23.2 x 29.8 cm) Signed in pencil in the margin.

Estimate

\$180,000-220,000

Provenance

From the artist to Maida Glover Gandy Swann Galleries, New York, 6 April 1998, lot 252

Literature

Dater, Imogen Cunningham: A Portrait, pl. 11
The Imogen Cunningham Trust, Imogen Cunningham,
Frontiers: Photographs 1906-1976, table 4, image C, pl. 34
Mann, Imogen Cunningham: Photographs, pl. 11
Lorenz and Heiting, Imogen Cunningham: 1883-1976, p. 200
Lorenz, Imogen Cunningham: The Modernist Years, n.p.
Lorenz, Imogen Cunningham: Flora, pl. 11
Lorenz, Imogen Cunningham: Ideas without End, pl. 38
Ewing, Flora Photographica: Masterpieces of Flower
Photography, pl. 77

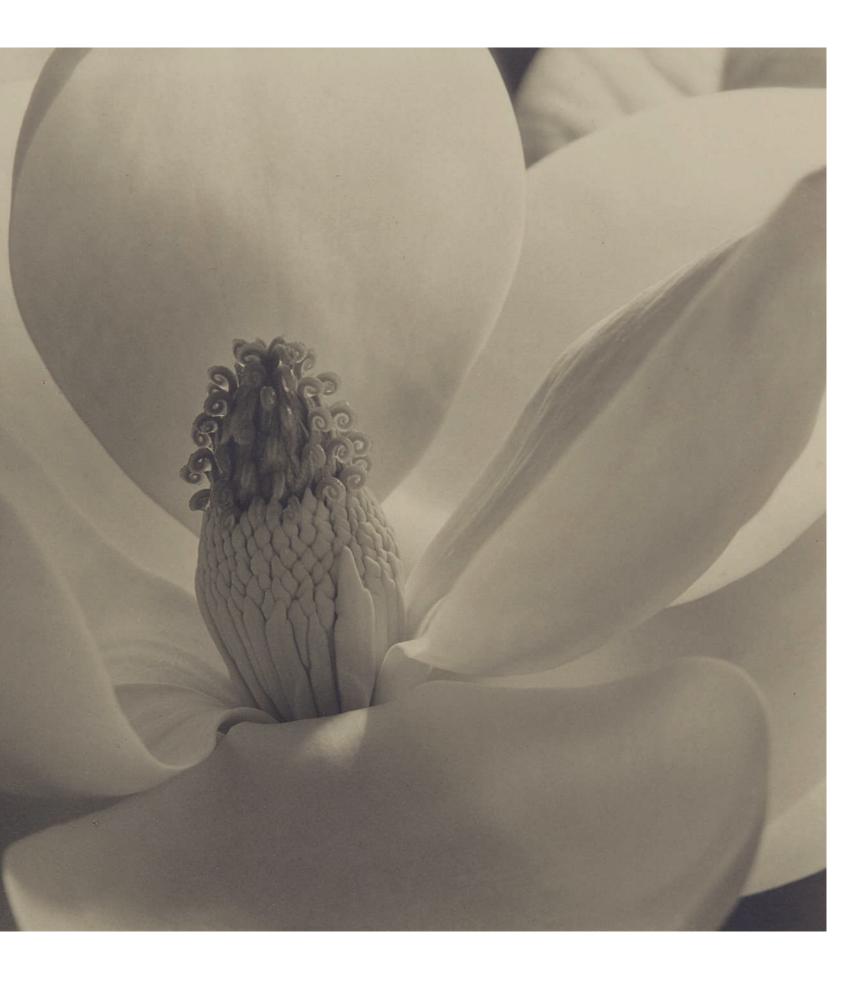
Magnolia Blossom is one of series of photographs of flowers and plants Cunningham made in the 1920s that, in their own quiet way, were revolutionary in approach and execution. In Magnolia Blossom, the flower fills the entire frame. The pistils and stamens are in sharp focus and, through Cunningham's masterful handling, the petals become a transfixing study of light, shadow, and translucence. It is an unsentimental and, for its time, entirely new approach to familiar and easily-romanticized subject matter.

This was an important image for Cunningham nearly from the time of its making. It was one of a selection of her images exhibited in the seminal *Film und Foto* exhibition in 1929, an exhibition which, decades later, continues to define photographic Modernism. It is a testament to the strength of this image that it has endured so resonantly within her *oeuvre*.

The print of Magnolia Blossom offered here comes originally from the collection of Maida Glover Gandy, a student at Mills College, where Cunningham's husband, the artist Roi Partridge taught, and where the Cunningham family lived in the 1920s and '30s. It is printed on the warm-toned, matte-surface paper that Cunningham favored at that time. With its distinct surface and long tonal range, the paper is the perfect medium for this photograph, capturing the delicate balance of light and shadow that makes the image such an absorbing visual experience. Early in the 1930s, Cunningham would begin to print on photographic paper with a glossy surface, and later iterations of Magnolia Blossom, while beautifully rendered, present a very different experience of the image.



Actual size



28. Laura Gilpin 1891-1979

Sand Dunes, 1930s Gelatin silver print, likely printed 1941. $7\% \times 9\%$ in. (19.4 x 23.2 cm) Signed and dated in pencil on the verso; signed and dated in pencil on the overmat.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Sotheby's, New York, 23 April 1994, lot 170

Laura Gilpin was an alumna of the Clarence White School of Photography, an important training ground for a number of the 20th century's most influential photographers. This catalogue includes the work of several other White School graduates, among them Margaret Bourke-White (see Lots 33 and 45), Doris Ulmann (see Lot 67), Karl Struss (see Lots 71 and 72), and Dorothea Lange (see Lot 143). While each of these photographers would go on to create bodies of work that were distinctly individual, the one trait that united them all was a mastery of photographic craft. Gilpin was a not only a fine photographer but a gifted printer of her own work, which she realized in both silver and platinum.

Gilpin's central subject was the American southwest, and she photographed both the landscape and its people. The photograph offered here, taken at Great Sand Dunes National Park in Gilpin's home state of Colorado, is striking for its clarity. While the contours of the dunes provide a foundation for Gilpin's minimal composition, the subtle textures that she so beautifully presents in the image—in the sand and in the clouds—give this photograph its complexity and depth.



29. Gustave Le Gray 1820-1882

Cavalry Maneuvres, Camp de Châlons, 1857 Albumen silver print. 10½ x 13½ in. (25.7 x 33.3 cm)

Estimate

\$70,000-90,000

Provenance

Daniel Wolf, Inc., New York Ezra Mack, New York, 1993

Exhibited

The Art of Photography: 150 Years, 1839-1989, Museum of Fine Arts, Houston, 11 February- 30 April 1989; Australian National Gallery, Canberra, 17 June-27 August 1989; Royal Academy of Arts, London, 23 September- 23 December 1989; Sezon Museum of Art, Tokyo, 3 March- 1 April 1990

Literature

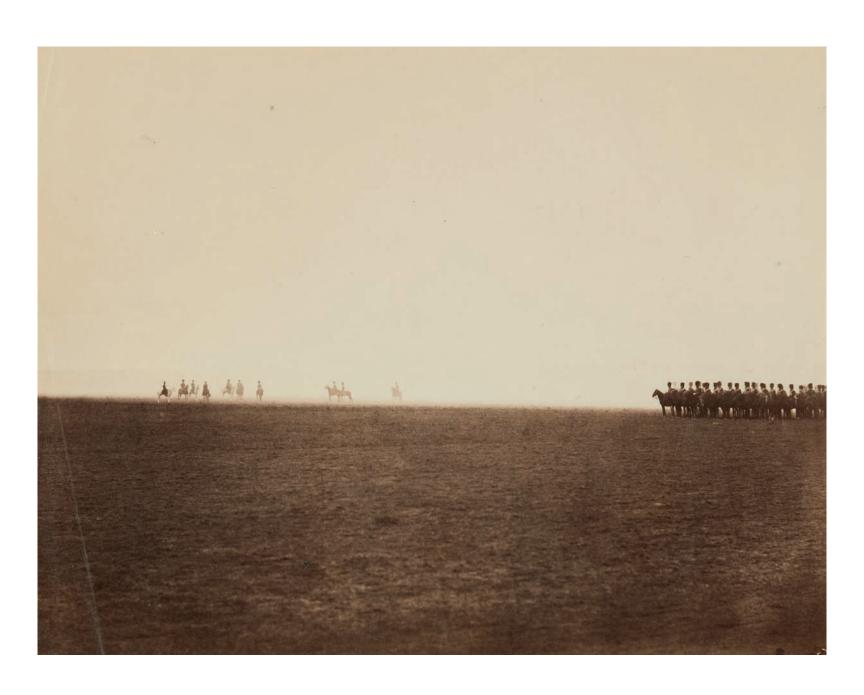
Weaver, ed., The Art of Photography, 1839-1989, pl. 94 (this print)
Janis, The Photography of Gustave Le Gray, p. 98
Apraxine, Photographs from the Collection of the Gilman Paper Company, pl. 31
The Metropolitan Museum of Art, The Waking Dream: Photography's First Century, Selections from the Gilman Paper Company Collection, no. 58

Additional prints of this image with slight variations in cropping are in the collections of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, and the Bibliothèque Nationale de France.

Le Gray was at the height of his career in the late 1850s when he received a series of important commissions from the French royal court, a mark of his achievement as a photographer. The first was to photograph Emperor Napoléon's wife, Eugénie, as a study for a painted portrait, and later their infant son, the Imperial prince. The more challenging commission was to photograph military maneuvers northwest of Paris, at Camp de Châlons sur Marne. A training ground for the French army, the camp also served as the site of parades and military demonstrations staged for the public, with the royal family in attendance.

According to a contemporary account, Le Gray was charged with "the photographic representation of the main military scenes of which the camp was the theater, along with a panoramic view of the camp, picturesque scenes of each of the guards' encampments, and portraits of the generals and field officers, both French and foreign" (Aubenas, p. 131). Le Gray captured all of this to the letter, producing a compelling series of military photographs, somewhat remarkably, during peacetime. His pictures depict the exoticism of Zouave soldiers, the elegance of the officers' appointments, and most dramatically, the large-scale manoeuvers of the soldiers and cavalry.

Chronicling the movements of distant battalions across the vast open expanse of the camp would have been a challenge for any photographer, and the cumbersome nature of the wet-plate glass negative process would have limited Le Gray's mobility substantially. The dust raised by the troops and horses would have both limited visibility and presented a constant danger to the tacky surfaces of Le Gray's glass negatives. In the image offered here, Le Gray has surpassed these hurdles to create a minimalist tour-de-force.



30. Carleton Watkins 1829-1916

Cape Horn, Columbia River, 1867 Mammoth-plate albumen print. 20¾ x 15¾ in. (52.7 x 40 cm) Signed, titled and numbered in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$70,000-90,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1993

Literature

Naef and Hult-Lewis, Carleton Watkins: The Complete Mammoth Photographs, no. 454
Alinder, ed., Carleton E. Watkins: Photographs of the Columbia River and Oregon, pl. 48
Fraenkel Gallery, Carleton E. Watkins: Photographs 1861-1874, pl. 93
Palmquist, Carleton Watkins: Photographer of the American West, pl. 32
Wolf, The American Space: Meaning in Nineteenth-Century Landscape Photography, pl. 19
Greenough, On the Art of Fixing a Shadow: One Hundred and Fifty Years of Photography, p. 120

An additional print of this image is also in the collection of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.

The Cape Horn picture offered here is from Watkins's second great body of work, photographs made along the Columbia and Willamette Rivers in Oregon. In the mid-1860s, Watkins had established his international reputation with photographs of San Francisco and Yosemite, and in 1867, he ventured further afield to the relatively unknown Pacific Northwest. This was essentially virgin territory for a photographer and very different in character from the picturesque landscapes of El Capitan and Half Dome.

The trip may have been made with the Oregon Steam Navigation Company and commercial potential in mind: Watkins's expedition followed the Company's navigation routes, taking in the spectacular Northwest scenery along these routes and the corporation's rail lines. He produced at least 60 mammoth-plate negatives and some 136 stereo views that are more than mere documents, however. His images of the rugged river coasts (see Lot 126), dramatic waterfalls (see Lot 124), and in particular, the views of the present Cape Horn and the Cape Horn near Celilo are among the most aesthetically significant photographs in Western landscape photography of the 19th century.

The photograph offered here is of the unusual basalt rock formations jutting out into the Columbia River from what is now Washington State. In the far distance, the beginnings of a small town or village are just visible. When Watkins returned to Oregon in the 1880s, these towns and villages had grown and much of the landscape had changed. The everexpanding timber mills, the mining operations and ship landings, and the fast-growing cities of Seattle and Portland were the focus of his "New Series" work. In pictures like *Cape Horn*, Watkins manages to evoke the feeling of unspoiled territory and the primeval grandeur of the Northwest terrain.

The survival of any mammoth-plate plate photograph from the 19th century is remarkable. The print offered here is a contact print, made from an even larger glass negative and a camera larger still, and with an array of chemicals; all had to be carried into the field in wagons or on horseback. Scarce, and one of the most desirable of Watkins's Pacific Coast work, the present photograph is believed to be one of only two prints of the image that have appeared at auction in recent years.



31. Charles Nègre 1820-1880

Arles, Porte des Châtaignes, 1852 Unique paper negative. $9\frac{1}{4} \times 12\frac{1}{8}$ in. (23.4 x 32 cm) Initialed and titled 'Arles' in ink on the recto.

Estimate

\$70,000-90,000

Provenance

Collection of the artist A descendent of the artist Collection of Marie-Thérèse and André Jammes, Paris Sotheby's, Paris, *La Photographie III: Collection Marie-Thérèse et André Jammes, L'Oeuvre de Charles Nègre*, 22 March 2002, lot 463

Literature

Borcoman, *Charles Nègre*, 1820–1880, pl. 62, positive Jammes, *Charles Nègre Photographe: 1820-1880*, p. 4, positive Heilbrun, *Charles Nègre Das Photographische Werk*, p. 191 Musée du Luxembourg, *Charles Nègre*, *Photographe*, 1820–1880, no. 63, p. 158

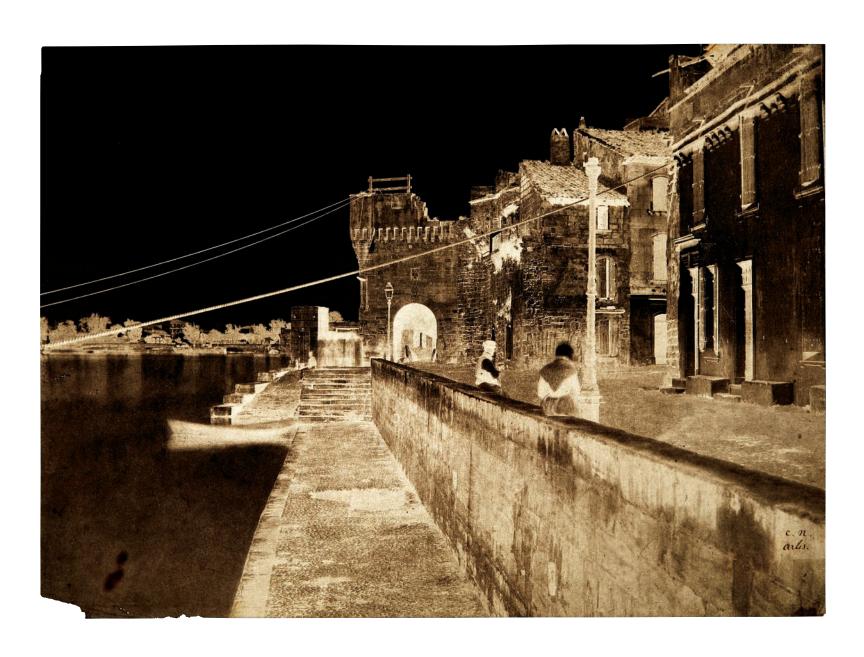
Prints produced from this unique negative are in the collections of the Musée d'Orsay, Paris; The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York; and The National Gallery of Canada, Ottawa.

Digital positive

Trained as a painter, Nègre became a master of the new art of photography in the 1840s. He immediately grasped the potential of the papernegative process and learned to coax a level of detail out of his images that is exceptional. This view of the banks of the Rhône in the city of Arles demonstrates Nègre's capabilities with this primitive photographic process, revealing the minute detail and textures of the buildings and cobblestone embankment. In technical terms, it is a perfect negative. Nègre's composition is made taut by a series of diagonals: the mooring lines, the sea wall, and the jagged declining roofline all converge to create a complex and balanced image.

The negative offered here is a unique object: it is the very sheet of paper, photographically sensitized, that Nègre exposed in his camera. While the negative was not Nègre's intended final product, the visual impact of this primary photographic exposure is undeniable. Many subsequent photographers, as different from one another as Moholy-Nagy, Maurice Tabard, and Robert Heinecken, experimented with the creative possibilities of negative images. Although the digital age has nearly outmoded the negative as a step in the photographic process, recent work by Richard Misrach, among others, shows that it is still fertile ground for aesthetic exploration.

This negative comes originally from the collection of pioneering photography collector and dealer André Jammes, who acquired the definitive archive of Nègre's work from a descendent in the 1950s. It is through Jammes that the work of this important and formative photographer became known in the 20th century. Jammes's beautifully-produced 1963 book *Charles Nègre Photographe: 1820-1880* reintroduced Nègre to the world and opened his work to study. The important publications on Nègre by James Borcoman and Françoise Heilbrun in the 1970s and '80s owe their existence to Jammes's discovery, as does our current understanding of Nègre's place in the canon of 19th-century photographers.



32. Félix Teynard 1817-1892

Karnak (Thèbes), Palais - Salle Hypostyle - Vue Transversale Prise du Point K, 1851-1852 Salt print.

12 x 10 in. (30.5 x 25.4 cm)

Printed credit, title, plate number '56' and publication details on the mount.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

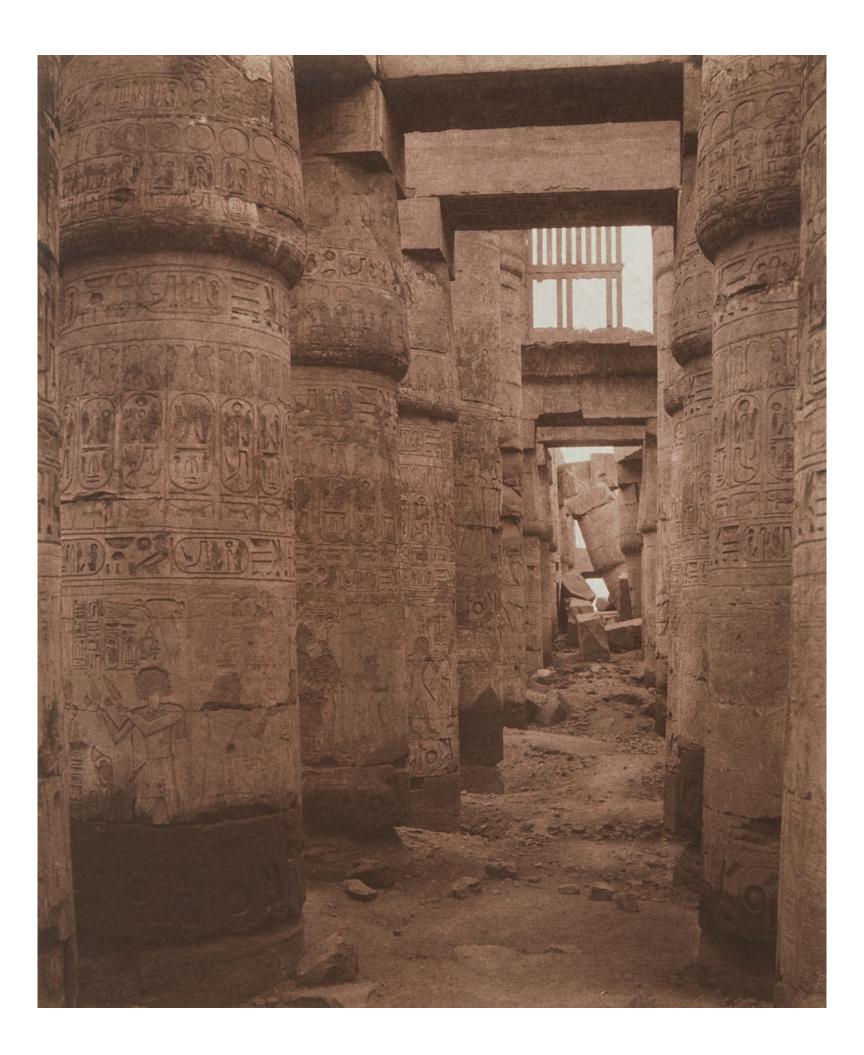
Originally from the Collection of the Marquis du Bourg de Bozas Chaix d'est-Ange Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1992

Literature

Teynard, Égypte et Nubie: sites et monuments les plus intéressants pour l'étude de l'art et de l'histoire, pl. 56 Howe, Félix Teynard, Calotypes of Egypt: A Catalogue Raisonné, pl. 56, there titled Main Temple - Hypostyle Hall - Transverse View Taken From Point K, Karnak (Thebes)

When French civil engineer Félix Teynard traveled to Egypt in 1851 to photograph along the Nile River Valley, he did so with few photographic predecessors. Equipped with a large-format camera and a supply of paper for negatives, Teynard created the entirety of his photographic oeuvre in 1851 and 1852. These salt prints, among them the present lot, were published serially beginning in 1853, in Égypte et Nubie: sites et monuments les plus intéressants pour l'étude de l'art et de l'histoire. Recalling the complex demands of early photography in a foreign setting, Teynard writes in Égypte et Nubie that "the delicate preparations for photography must be done, sometimes with the lurching of a sailboat, sometimes beneath a tent set up in the middle of the desert."

Despite these obstacles, Teynard produced a body of work distinguished by its modernity. A civil engineer by trade, he was fascinated with the surviving architecture of ancient Egypt as evident in the present lot. The photograph was taken in the Great Hypostale Hall at Karnak, whose roof once spanned 50,000 square feet and was supported by no fewer than 134 columns. In Teynard's photograph of the ruins, the grandeur of the original structure is palpable. "Teynard's work of large format is the record of stunned emotion, pure vision and a freedom of the senses rarely so forcibly expressed in early photography," write André Jammes and Eugenia Parry Janis, "his work is an abstract record of Egypt discovered by the eye" (The Art of French Calotype, p. 249).



33. Margaret Bourke-White 1904-1971

Rosenbaum Grain Elevators, Chicago, IL. (Our "temple view"), circa 1935 Gelatin silver print. $131/2\times73/4\ \text{in.}\ (34.3\times19.7\ \text{cm})$ Signed in pencil on the mount; stamped 'A Margaret Bourke-White Photograph' on the reverse of the mount; typed title on a label affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Fstimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Collection of Russian Embassy personnel Christie's, London, *Photographs and Photographically Illustrated Books*, 12 May 1994, lot 186

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the Cleveland Museum of Art.

Margaret Bourke-White's career as a photojournalist was well-established when she saw the Machine Age exposition in New York in the spring of 1927. The exposition was organized by Jane Heap, who announced that "the machine is the religious expression of today." The crosscurrents of Modernism, machine aesthetic, and a new emphasis on industrial design dovetailed with Bourke-White's talents as a photographer and put her in high demand. This photograph exemplifies the bold cutting-edge aesthetic that distinguished Bourke-White from her contemporaries. Silhouetting the grain elevators against the sky, Bourke-White pushes the composition to the edges of the picture, the human figures providing scale for the massive structures.

The phrase "our temple view," which appears in the title of present picture and a variant that appeared at auction in 2007, harkens back to the *Machine Age* exposition Bourke-White had seen in 1927. Industry was the major focus of her work for *Fortune* magazine, and the tremendous growth of manufacturing and transport across the United States made a religion of commerce. The secondary title Bourke-White has assigned to this image pays homage to the silos as temples of industry.

An earlier Bourke-White's photograph, *The World's Largest Dam, Dnieperstroi*, taken in 1930 and printed in her first book, *Eyes on Russia* (1931), shows a similar compositional approach, with the large pillars of the dam looming over small figures below. The stylistic continuity of this Russian picture and the present lot is perhaps what appealed to the original owner of the *Grain Elevators*, described in the auction catalogue from which this comes as Russian Embassy personnel.



34. Bernd and Hilla Becher 1931-2007

and 1934-2015

Grain Elevators, 1986
Six gelatin silver prints.
Each 12½ x 15½ in. (30.8 x 40.3 cm)
Signed by both artists and inscribed with a sequence map in pencil on the reverse of the mount of print 1; each print sequentially numbered 1-6 and lettered 'F' in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Matthew Marks Gallery, New York Phillips de Pury & Luxembourg, New York, 15 April 2002, lot 43

Literature

te Neues, *Bernd and Hilla Becher: Basic Forms*, pl. 42 for print 2 Becher, *Grain Elevators*, pls. 31, 37, 38, 43, 44 for prints 1-6 Zweite, *Typololgies*, pp. 82, 85 for prints 1-5













"We want to offer the audience a point of view, or rather a grammar, to understand and compare the different structures. Through photography, we try to arrange these shapes and render them comparable. To do so, the objects must be isolated from their context and freed from all association."

35. Henri Cartier-Bresson 1908-2004

At the Curragh Racecourse Near Dublin, 1955 Gelatin silver print, printed no later than 1959. 151/8 x 223/4 in. (38.4 x 57.8 cm) Credited in ink and with a 'Das Menschliche Antlitz Europas' exhibition label affixed to the reverse of the masonite flush-mount.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Prakapas Gallery, New York, 1998

Exhibited

Das Menschliche Antlitz Europas, International Salon of Photography, Munich, 18 December 1959- 31 January 1960

Literature

Cartier-Bresson, *The Europeans*, pl. 57 Hill and Wang, *The Human Face of Europe*, pl. 58

Additional prints of this image are in the collections of The Museum of Fine Arts, Houston; the International Center of Photography, New York; and Milwaukee Art Museum.

The photograph offered here is a rare, oversized exhibition print that was featured in the 1959 Das Menschliche Antlitz Europas (The Human Face of Europe), a show organized by Dr. Tas Toth. The goal of the exhibition was to foster a sense of European unity in the difficult decades following World War II. In much the same way that Edward Steichen's Family of Man had done some years before, The Human Face of Europe stressed the commonality of human experience, focusing specifically, in this case, on Europe. Dr. Toth believed that photography was the ideal medium to carry out this goal. The introduction to the exhibition's catalogue states, "a genuine, living Europe does exist. . . Yet it is hard to define the concept 'Europe.' When we try, the things that divide seem just as strong as the things that unite. Nevertheless, we feel what we cannot express in words. Here, pictures must come to our aid. Pictures express without words what has to be said."

In addition to Cartier-Bresson, *The Human Face of Europe* included works by Edward Steichen, Robert Doisneau, Werner Bischoff, David Seymour, Robert Capa, and many other top photographers of the day. The image offered here was also reproduced in Cartier-Bresson's book of his own photographs of Europe and its people, *The Europeans*, published in 1955.



36. Josef Koudelka b. 1938

Romania, 1968 Gelatin silver print, printed later. 13³4 x 21¹4 in. (34.9 x 54 cm) Signed in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Pace/MacGill Gallery, New York, 1995

Literature

Aperture, *Koudelka*, pl. 53 Koudelka, *Josef Koudelka*, pl. 23 Aperture, *Exiles*, pl. 32 Photo Poche, *Josef Koudelka*, pl. 10

"I've always sought out pictures that tell a story in themselves, letting each viewer see a story that suits them. For me, a good photograph is one that tells a different story to each person who sees it... the most important thing in photography is turning a negative into a positive. That's the most important lesson to learn from it... Seeing the world through a camera gives it shape, and perhaps the world also shapes the photographer."

Josef Koudelka



37. Bill Brandt 1904-1983

Francis Bacon, Primrose Hill, 1963 Gelatin silver print. 9 x 7% in. (22.9 x 20 cm) Credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Sotheby's, London, 7 May 1998, lot 255

Literature

Da Capo Press, Inc., *Bill Brandt: Shadow of Light*, pl. 86 Harry N. Abrams, Inc., *The Photography of Bill Brandt*, pl. 202

Thames and Hudson, *Bill Brandt: Photographs 1928-1983*, p. 159

Aperture, Bill Brandt: Behind the Camera, Photographs 1928-1983, p. 51

Photo Poche, Bill Brandt, pl. 50

Additional prints of this image are in the collections of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, and the National Portrait Gallery, London.

Bill Brandt's role as visual chronicler of London and English life has largely overshadowed the fact that he was one of the finest and most penetrating portraitists of the 20th century. Brandt was a master of the environmental portrait, in which the subject and surroundings meld to create a study of informative depth. Brandt's photograph of Francis Bacon, with its daring and unconventional composition, is one of his strongest portraits of the 1960s. Brandt included it in his first retrospective monograph, Shadow of Light, in 1966, and it was shown in the 1969 exhibition of Brandt's work that originated at The Museum of Modern Art and traveled internationally.

At the time Brandt made this portrait, Bacon's career was on the rise and he was acknowledged by many as Britain's foremost living painter. His 1962 retrospective at the Tate Gallery had drawn accolades, and 1963 would see another exhibition of his work at the Guggenheim Museum and the publication of his catalogue raisonné, all of which bolstered his international reputation. Gallery sales of his work were strong, and Bacon reveled in the lifestyle this afforded him. Brandt's perceptive portrait, in which the artist seems to be a feature of the crepuscular London gloom, touches upon the dark and troubled genius behind the success.



Actual size

38. Charles Nègre 1820-1880

Self-Portrait in Orientalist Costume, circa 1860 Albumen print, mounted. $7\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{6}$ in. (19.7 x 13.7 cm)

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

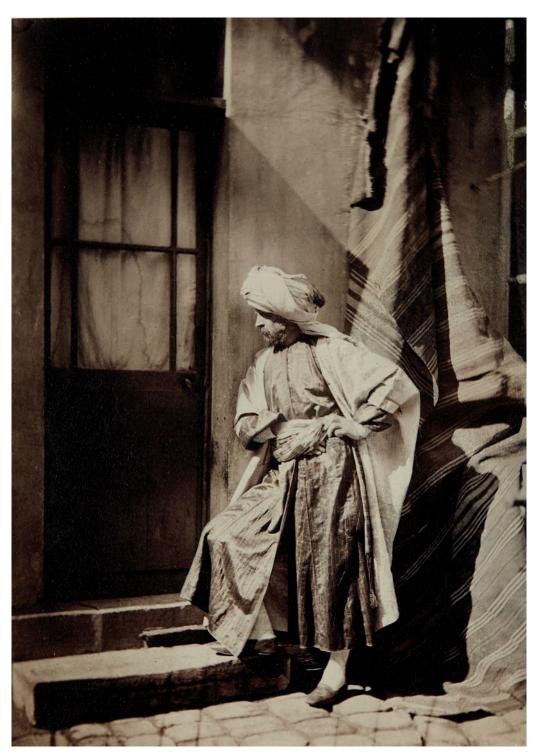
Nègre Family Collection Joseph Nègre, great grandson of the artist Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1993

An additional print of this image is in the collection of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.

Few 19th-century photographers were as attuned to the aesthetic use of light as Charles Nègre. He used it as a compositional element in many of his pictures, especially those made in the courtyard of his Quai de Bourbon studio on the Ile Saint-Louis, where he knew well the progression of sunlight throughout the day. In this self-portrait, he has incorporated sunlight as a bold diagonal device: the light intersects the window edges, the billowing, draped fabric, and the doorway behind him, uniting the disparate planes of the background. It is a testament to Nègre's technical proficiency that he was able to photograph a scene of extreme tonal values—deep shadows and sun-drenched highlights—and maintain a high level of detail throughout.

This image was made with a glass negative and illustrates Nègre's proficiency with this relatively new process. He had previously achieved remarkable results with the paper negative (see Lot 31), but his transition to glass allowed him to explore light fully as an aesthetic element in his pictures. Nowhere is this more apparent than in the bravura image offered here.

Nègre was known primarily for his documentation of France's architectural patrimony, his sensitive portraits, and his genre scenes. Self-Portrait in Orientalist Costume is somewhat of an outlier within his photographic oeuvre. Nègre was originally trained as a painter, and in this self-portrait he adopts the thenfashionable trope of the exotic Eastern costume, a reflection of the rage for Orientalism that swept through much of Europe in the 19th century. Other photographers, among them Roger Fenton and Francis Frith, made portraits of themselves in Eastern dress, but in a controlled indoor setting. In the photograph offered here, Nègre has risen to the challenge of stepping outside the studio, and using the direct light of the sun to delineate and define his Orientalist garb.



Actual size

39. Julia Margaret Cameron 1815-1879

Sappho (Mary Hillier), 1865 Albumen print. $13 \times 10\%$ in. $(33 \times 25.7$ cm) 'Colnaghi' blindstamp, credited and titled 'The Pretty Housemaid' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the mount; credited in an unidentified hand in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 29 April 1999, lot 116

Literature

Cox & Ford, Julia Margaret Cameron: The Complete Photographs, no. 253 Lukitsch, Cameron: Her Work and Career, p. 28 Powell, Julia Margaret Cameron: Victorian Photographs of Famous Men & Fair Women, pl. 20 Wolf, Julia Margaret Cameron's Women, p. 55, fig. 18 Sappho is Cameron's formal title for this portrait study, a reference to the elusive Greek poet of the 6th century B.C., a poet known only in fragments of writing and very little of whose work survives. She has been celebrated over the centuries for her verses in praise of love, especially love between women, although the nature of that love remains ambiguous. In mid-19th-century England, when this photograph was made, Sappho was fashionable as a symbol of the ancient Greco-Roman world and inspired both authors and painters. Cameron's good friend, Alfred, Lord Tennyson, used her lines as a source for some of his own poems, among them "Midnight," "Eleanora," and "Mariana."

The sitter in the present photograph is Cameron's young parlor maid, Mary Hillier, described by Cameron in her autobiographical *Annals of My Glass House* as "one of the most beautiful and constant of my models." Cameron photographed Hillier for over a decade in a variety of roles, among them the Madonna, the goddess Psyche, and the virgin martyr St. Agnes. In the image offered here, Hillier is probably holding a lyre, signifying poetry and music, although the prop is off-camera; in a variant study (Cox 254), made at the same time, a portion of the lyre is visible.

The glass negative for this portrait was likely broken or damaged early on, for the only prints that survive show evidence of cracks or breaks in the plate, as in the present lot. Other prints of the image in this state are in The Metropolitan Museum of Art, the George Eastman Museum in Rochester, and the Victoria and Albert Museum, London. It can be assumed that Cameron preferred prints from this negative, even with its flaws, to the more prosaic variant, of which only one print has been located.



40. Edward Steichen 1879-1973

Chéruit Gown (Marion Morehouse) (Mrs. e.e. cummings), 1927 Gelatin silver print. 9½ x 7¾ in. (24.1 x 19.7 cm) Annotated 'Vogue fashion', dated and numbered '25' in the negative in the margin; credit stamp on the reverse of the flush-mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 5 October 1995, lot 15

Literature

Harriman, 'Steichen,' Vogue, 1 January 1938, p. 36 'The Paris Mode, As New York Likes It: Seven Pages of Outstanding Fashions,' Voque, 1 May 1927, p. 59 The Museum of Modern Art, Steichen the Photographer, p. 46 Steichen, A Life in Photography, pl. 104 Joanna Steichen, Steichen's Legacy: Photographs, 1895-1973, pl. 97 Devlin, Vogue Book of Fashion Photography, 1919-1979, p. 30 Ewing and Brandow, Edward Steichen: In High Fashion—The Condé Nast Years, 1923-1937, fig. 90 Hall Duncan, The History of Fashion Photography, p. 51 Photo Poche, Edward Steichen, pl. 39 'Edward Steichen: His Photographs and Achievements,' U. S. Camera Annual, 1956, p. 27 Muir, Vogue 100: A Century of Style, title page The Metropolitan Museum of Art, Model As Muse, p. 21

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the Victoria and Albert Museum, London. Edward Steichen revolutionized fashion photography in 1923, when Condé Nast and Frank Crowninshield hired him as chief photographer for *Vogue* and *Vanity Fair*. By then, in his own work, he had already moved beyond the Pictorial style of his predecessor, Baron Adolph de Meyer, and he quickly ushered in a new look on the pages of both magazines. Taken for *Vogue* just five years into his tenure, this photograph of a Cheruit gown modeled by Marion Morehouse exemplifies the modern era.

Just as designers were abandoning the corset in favor of the flapper aesthetic of the roaring 1920s, so too did Steichen abandon the elaborate props, staging, and backdrops of earlier fashion photography, choosing instead a more natural, informal style. In the image offered here, Morehouse poses not in the studio, but in Condé Nast's apartment—she seems to have been caught in an almost candid moment. Regarding Morehouse, one of his favorites, Steichen wrote, "The greatest fashion model I ever photographed was Marion Morehouse. . . When she put on the clothes that were to be photographed, she transformed herself into a woman who really would wear that gown. . ." (A Life in Photography, n.p.).

With her beautiful smile and breezy self-confidence, Morehouse herself was a significant departure from the typical mannequins of the day. She was discovered in an "open call" for models in 1924 and rose to celebrity status in her own right. Appearing again and again on the pages of *Vogue* and other magazines, she came to symbolize the new American woman. She met the poet e. e. cummings in the early 1930s and lived with him until his death in 1962. When her modeling career came to a close, she turned to photography. A volume of her photographs, *Adventures in Value: Fifty Photographs*, with an introduction by cummings, was published in the 1960s.



Actual size

41. Peter Hujar 1934-1987

Chloe Finch, 1981 Gelatin silver print. $145\% \times 143\%$ in. (37.1 × 37.5 cm) Signed, numbered 1/15 in ink, titled, dated in pencil and edition stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 27 April 2004, lot 346

Literature

Scalo, Peter Hujar, cover and pl. 160

"Photographs turn the present into past, make contingency into destiny. Whatever their degree of 'realism,' all photographs embody a 'romantic' relation to reality."

Susan Sontag, Introduction, Peter Hujar



"That crazy feeling in America when the sun is hot on the streets and the music comes out of the jukebox... that's what Robert Frank has captured."

Jack Kerouac, Introduction, *The Americans*





42. Robert Frank b. 1924

New York City Candy Store, 86th Street, 1955 Gelatin silver print. $8\% \times 12$ in. (20.6 $\times 30.5$ cm) Signed, titled and dated in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Bonni Benrubi Gallery, New York, 1995

Literature

The Americans, no. 10 Greenough, Looking In: Robert Frank's The Americans, pp. 221, 463, Contact no. 10 Eskildsen, Robert Frank: HOLD STILL_keep going, p. 82, variant

Robert Frank punctuated his seminal 1958 book The Americans with resonant visual motifs repeated strategically throughout: among them the American flag, the automobile, and, as in the image offered here, the jukebox. The jukebox was a feature of the American cultural landscape that Frank encountered again and again in his cross-country travels, no matter what the region: in Candy Store, 86th Street, it is a jukebox in Manhattan, surrounded by teenagers; in Beaufort, South Carolina, a jukebox in a Southern café, a baby crawling on the floor. The Western jukebox in Bar—Las Vegas pictures a man and machine in profile, and in Bar—New York City, the glowing jukebox takes up nearly the entire height of the frame. In Frank's photographs, we see the "hydrogen jukebox" of Allen Ginsburg's 1956 poem, Howl.

In 1950s America, the jukebox was a ubiquitous presence in bars, restaurants, and diners. With their sleek curves and glowing facades, they were undeniably photogenic. From jukeboxes came the pulsating new sounds of rock-and-roll: a congregation of teenagers crowding around this music machine, as in *Candy Store*, 86th Street, could not have been more quintessentially American. For Frank, a room with a jukebox was fertile territory to riff on this theme.

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the Art Institute of Chicago.

43. Roy DeCarava 1919-2009

Catsup Bottles, Table and Coat, New York, 1952 Gelatin silver print, printed later. $8\frac{3}{4} \times 13$ in. (22.2 × 33 cm) Signed twice, titled, dated and copyright notation in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

DeCarava Foundation, New York, 1996

Literature

Alinder, Roy DeCarava Photographs, pl. 25 Galassi, Roy DeCarava: A Retrospective, p. 110

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the Museum of Contemporary Photography, Columbia College, Chicago.

"It's the not the subject that interests me as much as my perception of the subject."

Roy DeCarava



Morning session, lots 44-228



44. Ben Glaha 1899-1970

Boulder Dam, 1935 Gelatin silver print, mounted. 16¼ x 11 in. (41.3 x 27.9 cm) Signed and dated in ink on the recto.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Sotheby's, New York, 6 April 1993, lot 191 Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 2000



45. Margaret Bourke-White 1904-1971

Helix: Panel in NBC Mural, Radio City Music Hall, circa 1934
Gelatin silver print.
13½ x 10½ in. (33.7 x 26 cm)
Credit stamp on the reverse of the mount; printed title on a label affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Estate of Lee D. Witkin, New York William L. Schaeffer/Photographs, Chester, Connecticut, 1993

Literature

Witkin and London, *The Photograph Collector's Guide*, p. 91 (this print)





46. Herbert Bayer 1900-1985

Composition with Shadows, 1928 Gelatin silver print. 12½ x 14½ in. (31.1 x 37.8 cm) Signed, dated in ink by the artist, titled and annotated 'vintage' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Galerie zur Stockeregg, Zurich, 1994

Literature

Cohen, Herbert Bayer: The Complete Work, p. 259

47. Ansel Adams 1902-1984

Old Doors, Columbia Farm, Los Angeles, 1940 Gelatin silver print, printed circa 1940-1953.
9 $\frac{1}{4}$ x 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (23.5 x 17.1 cm)
Signed in pencil on the mount; printed title on a credit label (BMFA label 5) affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Paul M. Hertzmann, Inc., San Francisco, 1997

Literature

Museum of Fine Arts Boston, *Ansel Adams: The Early Years*, pl. 24



48. Alfred Stieglitz 1864-1946

Window: Wood, Glass, Snow, 1923 Gelatin silver print, flush-mounted and mounted again. $9\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{3}{6}$ in. (23.5 x 18.7 cm) Numbered '43C' in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1994

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume Two), no. 874

Bry, Alfred Stieglitz: Photographer, pl. 45

Window: Wood, Glass, Snow is an early example of Alfred Stieglitz's mature modern style and his commitment to an authentic American identity in art. It was exhibited at the Anderson Galleries in 1924, and two years later included in the Société Anonyme's An International Exhibition of Modern Art at the Brooklyn Museum. Like the later New York studies made from the Shelton Hotel (see Lot 3), this image of a chicken house window on his family's estate in Lake George is rooted in a place he knew as home. In the 1926 Brooklyn exhibition, Stieglitz titled the present photograph Portrait of a Family.

In Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set, Sarah Greenough locates only one print of this image outside of an institutional collection, likely the print offered here.



Actual size

49. André Kertész 1894-1985

Boulevard des Invalides, Paris, 1926 Gelatin silver print. 8½ x 6½ in. (21.6 x 16.5 cm) '75, Bould. Montparnasse' studio and reproduction limitation stamps on the verso.

Estimate \$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Sotheby's, New York, 15 October 1992, lot 340A

Literature

Borhan, André Kertész: His Life and Work, p. 188



Actual size

50. André Kertész 1894-1985

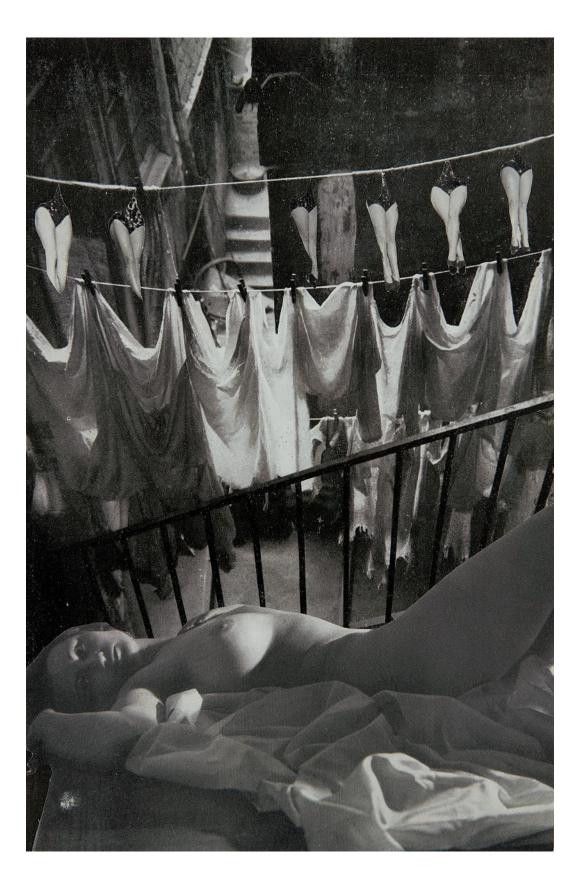
Paris (man at a pissoir, Latin Quarter), 1927 Gelatin silver print. $3\% \times 3\%$ in. (7.9 × 7.9 cm) Signed and titled 'Paris' in pencil on the vellum mount.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

The Estate of André Kertész Christie's, New York, *An Important Collection of André Kertész Vintage Photographs, Paris and Hungary* 1919-1927, 17 April 1997, lot 201 Like the photograph offered as Lot 13, *Paris* (*man at a pissoir, Latin Quarter*), was one of 21 early prints discovered in André Kertész's studio after his death. This group of prints, made in Paris in the 1920s and mounted for exhibition, are similar in format and presentation to those shown at his first Paris exhibition at Au Sacre du Printemps gallery in 1927.



51. Georges Hugnet 1904-1974

Untitled (laundry and legs collage), 1933-1936 Unique halftone collage. $10^{3}4 \times 7$ in. (27.3 \times 17.8 cm)

Estimate \$8,000-12,000

Provenance

14-16 Verneuil, Paris, 2003



52. László Moholy-Nagy 1895-1946

Untitled (pigeons), circa 1925-1930 Gelatin silver print.
11 x 8% in. (27.9 x 20.6 cm) 'foto moholy-nagy' credit stamp and credited in an unidentified hand in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$70,000-90,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 8 October 1993, lot 339

Exhibited

Departures: Photography 1923-1990, Iris & B. Gerald Cantor Art Gallery, College of the Holy Cross, Worcester, Massachusetts, 12 September- 20 October 1991 and 5 other venues through 1993 Through a reversal of tones, László Moholy-Nagy transforms this simple image of pigeons on the street into a dynamic new composition of space, light and motion. As with his photograms (see Lot 8), Moholy-Nagy would on occasion reverse his original image into a negative print, a process he referred to as "revaluation." In this negative image, the shadows of the pigeons have been recast as sharply defined white shapes that punctuate the picture plane and trigger a revised perception of the visual world.

53. László Moholy-Nagy 1895-1946

Special Effect for "Things to Come", 1936 Gelatin silver print. $15\frac{3}{4} \times 11\frac{1}{2}$ in. $(40 \times 29.2 \text{ cm})$ Signed and titled in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$80,000-120,000

Provenance

Collection of Otto Eisler, Czech Republic Sotheby's, London, 4 May 2000, lot 168

Soon after the Nazis came to power in 1933, László Moholy-Nagy and his family sought refuge first in Amsterdam and then in London, where he re-united with his former Bauhaus colleagues Walter Gropius and Marcel Breuer. Upon his arrival, the three tried to start a new school based on the principles of the Bauhaus, but were unsuccessful. Moholy-Nagy did find opportunities in film, photography, and design, however, during his brief stay in England from 1936 to 1937. The image offered here comprised one of the special effects devised by Moholy-Nagy for the 1936 British sci-fi classic Things To Come, based on an eerily prescient novel by H. G. Wells. The director was William Cameron Menzies, and the producer Alexander Korda.

Aware of Moholy-Nagy's recent advances in avant-garde filmmaking, the Hungarian set designer Vincent Korda, brother of the producer, asked Moholy-Nagy to join the movie's production team. According to his wife Sibyl, "Moholy accepted the task mainly because it offered an almost unlimited chance for experimentation with new plastic materials . . . There were no walls, but a skeleton of steel,

screened with glass and plastic sheets. The accent was on perforation and contour, an indication of the new reality rather than reality itself" (Moholy-Nagy: Experiment in Totality, p. 129). Building on the ideas of his radical abstract film Lightplay: Black White Grey, 1930, Moholy-Nagy created a set of revolving cones and filmed it through multiplying prisms to show the construction of the new Everytown in the film's most futuristic sequence, set in 2036. Later Moholy-Nagy wrote in his Vision and Motion that his set design created " . . . so rich a visual result that the editors of the film did not dare to use it" (p. 267).

Because most of Moholy-Nagy's effects were cut during the final edit, we have until recently known little of what they showed. The scene in which a man in a futuristic suit and helmet, however, seen through corrugated glass, survived as part of the film, and stills of this image were subsequently used in brochures for the New Bauhaus in Chicago. The rare early print offered here comes from a collection of photographs that were acquired by Moholy-Nagy's friend, the Czech modern architect Otto Eisler.





54. Michael Kenna b. 1953

Wind-Swept Beach, Calais, France, 1999
Gelatin silver print.
7¾ x 7½ in. (19.7 x 19.4 cm)
Signed, dated, numbered 'AP4' in pencil on the mount; signed, titled, dated, numbered 'AP4' in pencil and copyright credit edition stamp on the reverse of the mount. One from an edition of 45 plus 4 artist's proofs.

Estimate

\$2,000-3,000

Provenance

Stephen Wirtz Gallery, San Francisco, 2004

55. Albert Renger-Patzsch

1897-1966

Bridge over the Möhne Reservoir, Germany, 1946-1947 Gelatin silver print, printed 1950s. $6\frac{1}{2} \times 8\frac{7}{8}$ in. (16.5 x 22.5 cm) Titled 'Möhnetalsperre' in pencil and 'Wamel-Dorf uber Soest I. W.' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Deborah Bell Photographs, New York, 1992





56. Albert Renger-Patzsch 1897-1966

Untitled (Gebirgneudorf), circa 1936 Gelatin silver print. $10^3\!4\,x\,14^5\!\!\&\,\text{in.}(27.3\,x\,37.1\,\text{cm})$ Numbered 'E 345' in pencil in the margin and on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Villa Grisebach, Berlin, 28 June 2001, lot 1372

Literature

 ${\sf Renger-Patzsch}, \textit{Das silberne Erzgebirge}, {\sf n.p., variant}$

57. Werner Mantz 1901-1983

Heerlen, Netherlands, 1932 Gelatin silver print. $6\% \times 8\% \text{ in. (16.5} \times 21.6 \text{ cm)}$ Signed, titled, dated in pencil and 'Karl Mergenbaum' copyright credit stamp on the verso.

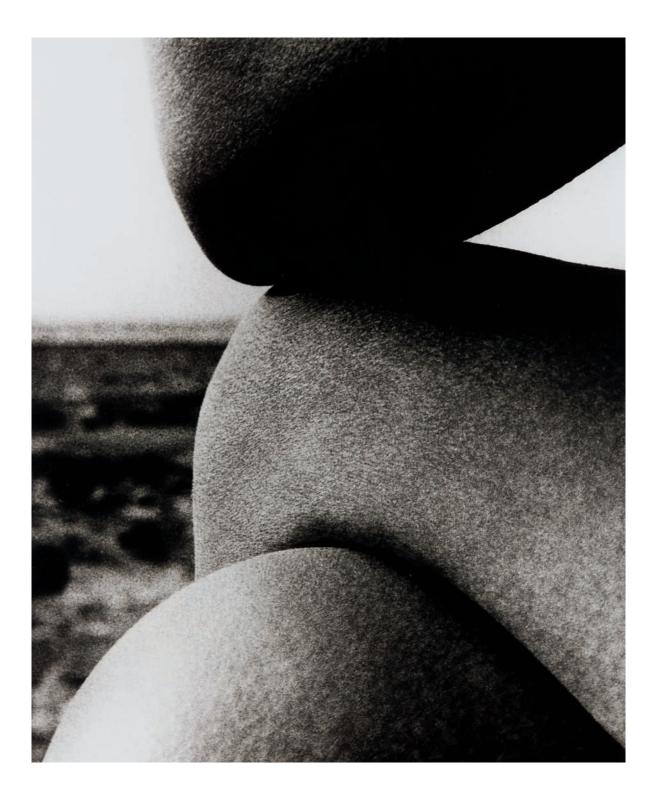
Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Villa Grisebach, Berlin, 4 June 1999, lot 1318





58. Bill Brandt 1904-1983

East Sussex Coast, 1959 Gelatin silver print. 1934 x 1578 in. (50.2 x 40.3 cm) Signed in ink on the recto.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Collection of Ellen Goldberg, New York Michael Klein Gallery, New York, 1995

Literature

Da Capo, *Bill Brandt: Shadow of Light*, p. 142 Harry N. Abrams, Inc., *The Photography of Bill Brandt*, pl. 211 Thames & Hudson, *Bill Brandt: Photographs 1928-1983*, p. 174



59. Constantin Brancusi 1876-1957

(Bois) Group Mobile (L'Enfant au monde), 1917 Gelatin silver print. $115 \!\! / \!\! / \, x\, 9 \text{ in.} (29.5\, x\, 22.9 \text{ cm})$ Signed and titled in ink on the verso.

Estimate

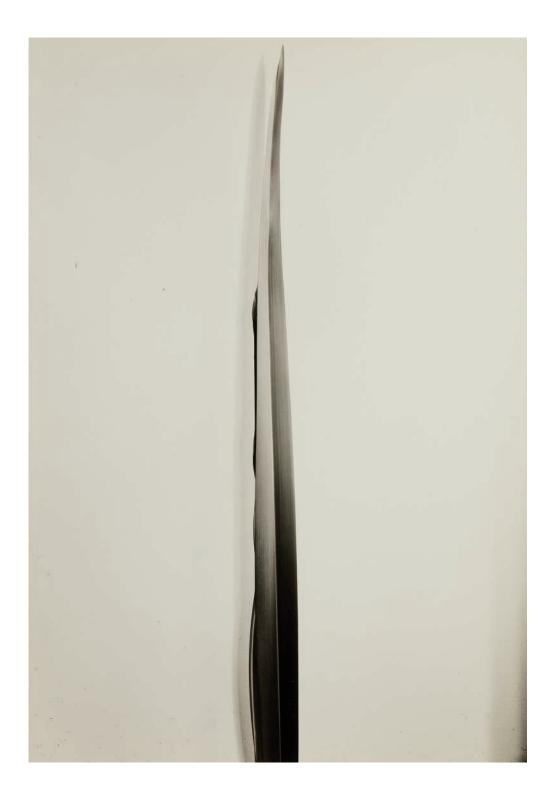
\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

From the artist Albert Eugene Gallatin, New York Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1996

Literature

Coplans, *Brancusi: Photographer*, pl. 9 Giedion-Welcker, *Constantin Brancusi 1876-1957*, pl. 323, fig. 2



60. Imogen Cunningham 1883-1976

Flax, circa 1926 Gelatin silver print. $9\% \times 6\% \text{ in. (23.5 x 16.2 cm)}$ Signed, titled and annotated in ink on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1997

Literature

Dater, Imogen Cunningham: A Portrait, pl. 15 Lorenz, Imogen Cunningham: Flora, pl. 7 Lorenz, Imogen Cunningham: Ideas Without End, A Life in Photographs, pl. 37



61. Edward Weston 1886-1958

Pepper, 1930 Gelatin silver print. $7\% \times 9\% \text{ in. (18.4 \times 23.8 cm)}$ Signed, dated, initialed and numbered 2/50 in pencil on the mount; titled, dated, numbered '32P' and priced '20.00' in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Weston Gallery, Carmel, 1994

Literature

Conger, Edward Weston: Photographs, no. 608

Additional prints of this image are also in the collections of the Center for Creative Photography, Tucson; Special Collections, University of California, Santa Cruz (likely a Project Print); and the Krannert Museum, University of Illinois, Champaign.



Actual size

62. Tina Modotti 1896-1942

Untitled, Mexico City, 1924 Gelatin silver print. $3\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$ in. (8.9 x 11.7 cm) Initialed and dated in pencil on the mount; annotated 'Propriedad de Lola Cueto' likely by Cueto in ink on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

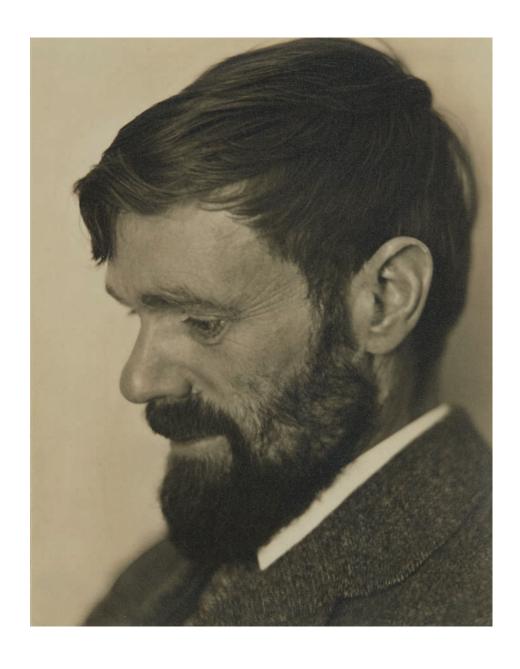
Provenance

Collection of Lola Cueto, Mexico City Howard Greenberg Gallery, New York, 1996

Literature

Lowe, Tina Modotti: Photographs, pl.11

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the J. Paul Getty Museum, Los Angeles.



63. Edward Weston 1886-1958

D.H. Lawrence, 1924
Gelatin silver print.
9½ x 7½ in. (24.1 x 19.1 cm)
Signed, titled 'México D. H.' and dated in pencil on the mount. Accompanied by a postcard from Lawrence to Weston, dated December 11, 1924.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

The photographer to Zeitlin & ver Brugge Booksellers, Los Angeles Graham Nash, Los Angeles, early 1970s Sotheby's, New York, *Photographs from the Collection of Graham Nash*, 25 April 1990, lot 192 Edwynn Houk Gallery, Chicago, and Mark Kelman, New York Sotheby's, New York, 6 April 1993, lot 163

Fine Art of Ancient Lands (Throckmorton Fine Art), New York

Mark Kelman, New York, and Doris Bry, New York, as agents, 1995

Literature

Lodima Press, Edward Weston: Life Work, pl. 28 Aperture, Edward Weston: Fifty Years: The Definitive Volume of his Photographic Work, p. 101 The photograph offered here is the best known of three portraits Edward Weston made of English writer D. H. Lawrence in Mexico in 1924. It is accompanied by a photographic postcard of Lawrence and companions José Garcia and Donald Miller in the ruins at Mitla, sent by Lawrence to Weston in December of that year. On the reverse, Lawrence refers to his sitting with Weston: "I shall be glad to have the photographs, but will you let me pay for them! Put the bill in with them. And let me know what I can do about getting them placed for you—in Vanity Fair, for example—or in a London Illustrated. . ."



Accompanying postcard

64. Manuel Álvarez Bravo 1902-2002

Retrato de lo Eterno (Portrait of the Eternal), 1935 Gelatin silver print. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{3}{6}$ in. (24.1 x 18.7 cm) Signed and annotated 'Mexico' in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Howard Greenberg Gallery, New York, 1997

Literature

Aperture, Manuel Álvarez Bravo: Photographs and Memories, p. 31 J. Paul Getty Museum, In Focus: Manuel Álvarez Bravo, p. 51 Kismaric, Manuel Álvarez Bravo, p. 95 Musée de Arte Moderne, Manuel Álvarez Bravo: 303 Photographies, 1920-1986, pl. 61 Museum of Photographic Arts, Revelaciones: The Art of Manuel Álvarez Bravo, cover, p. 44 Salas Pablo Ruíz Picasso, Manuel Álvarez Bravo, pl. 99 The University of New Mexico Press, Revelaciones: The Art of Manuel Álvarez Bravo, pl. 4 Turner Publications, Manuel Álvarez Bravo: 100 Years, 100 Days, pl. 42 Urbajtel, Manuel Álvarez Bravo, p. 111 Witkin-Berley, Manuel Álvarez Bravo, p. 8 Del Conde, Mucho Sol, p. 35

"In Bravo, the sun is a quiet veil making the shadows like velvet. The shadows are endlessly deep and full, holding more and more there—and the more. Whereas the sun in a Bravo photo almost always has a sense of humor, one cannot be sure about the shadow."

Langston Hughes, Pictures More than Pictures: The Work of Manuel Álvarez Bravo and Cartier-Bresson



Actual size



65. Anne Brigman 1869-1950

Sierran Landscape, 1927 Gelatin silver print. $6\% \times 9\%$ in. (15.6 x 24.1 cm) Signed, titled and dated in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 23 April 1996, lot 36

Literature

Ehrens, A Poetic Vision: The Photographs of Anne Brigman, pl. 65

66. Johan Hagemeyer 1884-1962

Flower Form, 1928 Gelatin silver print, printed no later than 1938. 7 x 9 in. (17.8 x 22.9 cm) Signed, titled, dated '1938' and annotated 'Carmel' in pencil on the secondary mount; dated '1938' and inscribed in pencil on the reverse of the secondary mount.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Weston Gallery, Carmel, 1994





Actual size

67. Doris Ulmann 1882-1934

Baptism, 1929-1931 Waxed platinum print, tipped to a mount. 8 x 6 in. (20.3 x 15.2 cm)

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Houk Friedman Gallery, New York, 1995

Literature

Ulmann and Peterkin, *Roll, Jordan, Roll*, p. 82 Ulmann and Featherstone, *American Portraits*, pl. 35 Aperture, *The Darkness and the Light: Photographs by Doris Ulmann*, p. 78 Jacobs, *The Life and Photographs of Doris Ulmann*, fig. 26 Sullivan, *Women Photographers*, pl. 28



68. Albert Renger-Patzsch 1897-1966

Untitled (country road), 1930s Gelatin silver print. $65\% \times 9 \text{ in.} (16.8 \times 22.9 \text{ cm})$ Credit and reproduction limitation stamps on the verso.

Estimate \$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Christie's, Los Angeles, 26 June 1997, lot 151

69. Werner Mantz 1901-1983

Weg Maastricht-Berg-Falkenburg Begin van den kleinen Rasberg (Small pine trees on the racing approach to Maastricht-Berg-Falkenburg Mountain), 1938 Gelatin silver print. 6¾ x 9 in. (17.1 x 22.9 cm) Titled, dated in pencil, credit and 'Provinciaal Bestuur Limburg' stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000





November Days, 1887 Gelatin silver print, printed 1920s or 1930s, flush-mounted and mounted again. 7½ x 5¼ in. (19.1 x 13.3 cm)

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1994

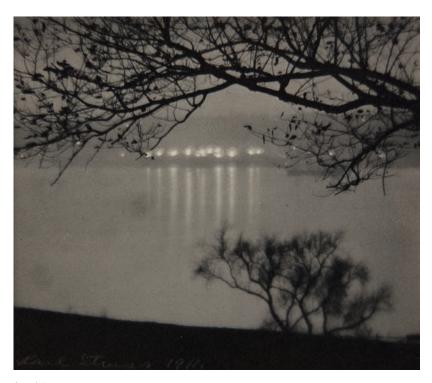
Literature

 ${\it Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume One),} \\ {\it no.} ~55$

The American Amateur Photographer, December 1891, Vol. 3, No. 12, p. 485

The Photographic Times, 21 July 1893, Vol. 23, p. 389 Flint, 'What is 291?,' The Christian Science Monitor, 17 November 1937, p. 5

Made early in Stieglitz's career, November Days was an image that retained importance for the photographer throughout his life. He included it in several significant exhibitions of his work in the late 19th century, including his first solo show at the New York Camera Club in 1899. November Days, like The Terminal of Lot 15, is one of the early images Stieglitz reincorporated into his exhibition repertoire beginning in the 1920s, and the print offered here dates from that time. Rendered as a gelatin silver print, this photograph seems consonant with the landscapes, tree studies, and Equivalents Stieglitz made at Lake George in his later years. This similarity is enhanced by the modern presentation—flush-mounted, and mounted again to larger board—that Stieglitz favored at the time for his exhibition prints. He hung November Days in his 1935 solo exhibition at An American Place, alongside similarly re-evaluated early images and newer work.



Actual size

71. Karl Struss 1886-1981

Riverside Drive from Across the Hudson, 1911 Platinum print. $3\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ in. (9.5 x 10.8 cm) Signed and dated in pencil on the recto.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

The photographer to Amy Whittemore, Cleveland Danziger Gallery, New York, 1997

72. Karl Struss 1886-1981

Reflections, Moonlight, Arverne, Long Island, 1910 Platinum print. $35\% \times 4\%$ in. (9.2 x 10.8 cm) Signed and dated in pencil on the recto.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

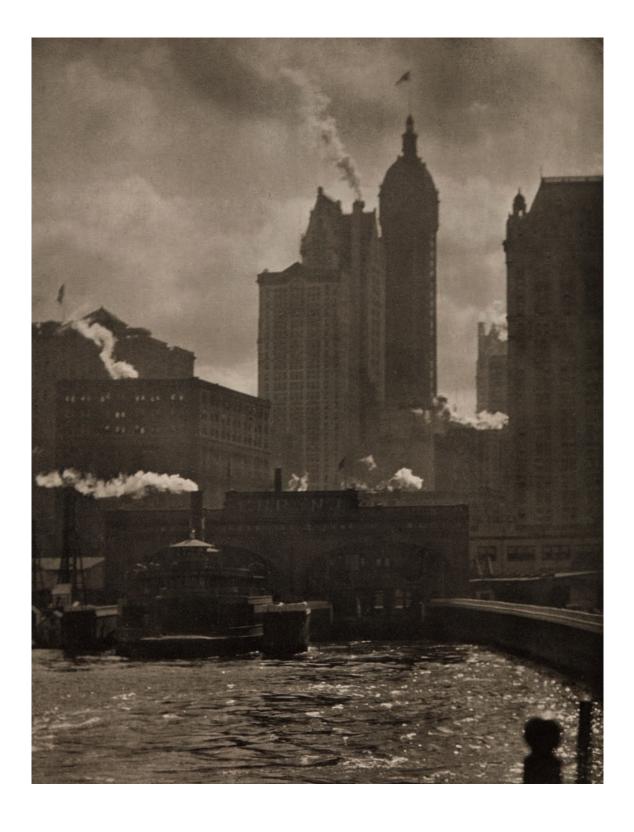
Provenance

The photographer to Amy Whittemore, Cleveland Danziger Gallery, New York, 1997

Literature

McCandless, Yochelson, Koszarski, New York to Hollywood: The Photography of Karl Struss, p. 71





The City of Ambition, 1910 Large-format photogravure, printed no later than 1913, mounted. 133/8 x 101/4 in. (34 x 26 cm)

Estimate \$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1993

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume Two), no. 342 Camera Work, Number 36, October 1911, p. 5 Norman, Alfred Stieglitz: An American Seer, pl. XXIV



Going to the Start, 1905 Large-format photogravure, printed no later than 1910, flush-mounted. 12½ x $10\frac{3}{6}$ in. $(31.1 \times 26.4 \text{ cm})$ Signed, titled and dated in pencil in the margin. Accompanied by an exhibition label signed, titled and priced in ink.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 5 October 1994, lot 105

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume Two), no. 292 Camera Work, Number 12, October 1905, p. 9



The Hand of Man, 1902 Large-format photogravure, printed 1910, mounted. $91/2 \times 121/2$ in. (24.1 x 31.8 cm)

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1993

Literature

Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume Two), no. 278 Camera Work, Number 1, January 1903, p. 47 Camera Work, Number 36, October 1911, p. 57 Bry, Alfred Stieglitz: Photographer, pl. 7 Bulfinch Press, Alfred Stieglitz, pl. 15

Norman, Alfred Stieglitz: An American Seer, pl. X



Actual size

76. Jacques-Henri Lartigue 1894-1986

Chateau de Rouzat, 1905 Gelatin silver print. $2\% \times 1\%$ in. (5.4 x 3.5 cm) Initialed 'J.H.L' in ink, various annotations in unidentified hands in ink and pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Collection of Madame Florette Lartigue, Paris, 1997



Actual size

77. Unknown Photographer

Wilbur Wright in Flight, 1909 Gelatin silver print. $4\frac{1}{4} \times 6\frac{1}{4}$ in. (10.8 x 15.9 cm) Signed and dated by Wilbur Wright in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Christie's, South Kensington, 11 May 2001, lot 251

Literatur

Howard, Wilbur and Orville, A Biography of the Wright Brothers, pp. 291-292



78. Étienne-Jules Marey 1830-1904

Charvier. Essai au frein de Prony, 12 Kilogrm, au tour, circa 1894

Gelatin silver print.

123/2 x 73/4 in. (31.4 x 19.7 cm)

Points of movement delineated by pinholes and numbered sequentially 1-19 in pencil on the recto; titled in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1994

Exhibited

Brought to Light: Photography and the Invisible, 1840-1900, San Francisco Museum of Modern Art, 11 October 2008- 4 January 2009



79. Alvin Langdon Coburn 1882-1966

Self Portrait, 1905 Platinum print. 11 x 8½ in. (27.9 x 21.6 cm) Titled and dated in pencil on the reverse of the secondary mount.

Estimate

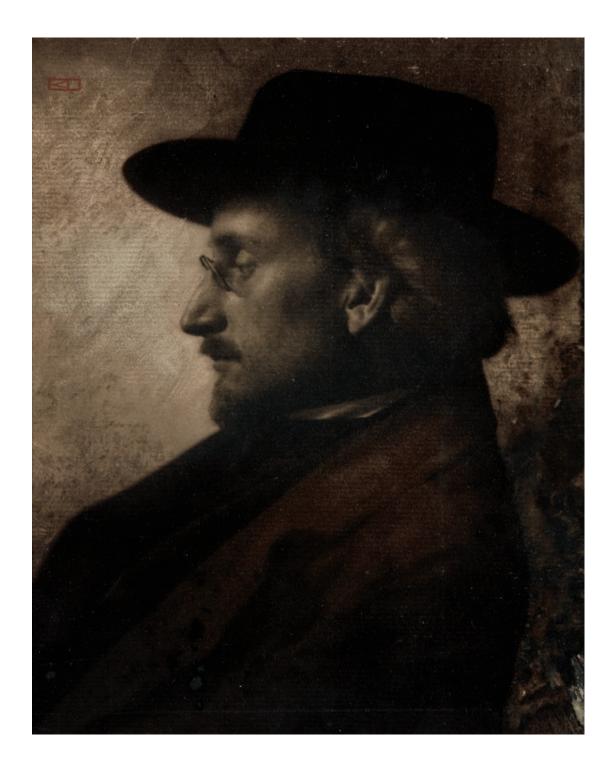
\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

The photographer to Leonard Arundale By descent to a grandchild Private Collection, circa 1965 Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, circa 1991 Ezra Mack, New York, 1994

Literature

Gernsheim, ed., Alvin Langdon Coburn, Photographer: An Autobiography, cover, pl. 5



80. Robert Demachy 1859-1936

 $\label{eq:Frederick Holland Day, circa 1900-1920} Frederick Holland Day, circa 1900-1920 Gum bichromate print. \\ 75\% x 63\% in. (19.4 x 16.2 cm) Artist's red monogram on the recto; signed, titled, dated and annotated in crayon on the verso. \\ \\$

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Descendants of Robert Demachy Sotheby's, London, 4 May 1995, lot 127

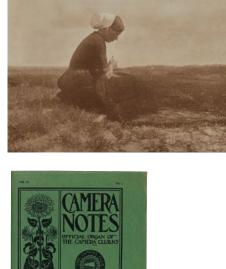






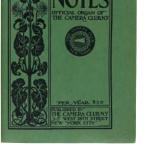












81. Alfred Stieglitz and Juan C. Abel,

editors 1864-1946 and 1869-1960

Camera Notes

New York: The Camera Club of New York, July 1897 - December 1903. Complete set of twenty-four issues, illustrated with inserted photogravures and half-tone prints. Bound with original wrappers, untrimmed, and contained within six green leather/cloth volumes with gilt Camera Club, New York, insignia; gilt title, number and date on each spine, enclosed within green cloth slip-cases.

Varying dimensions from 4% x 3% in. (12.1 x 9.5 cm) to 7 x 5% in. (17.8 x 14 cm) or the reverse

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Sotheby's, London, 4 May 2000, lot 222



The Terminal, 1893 Large-format photogravure, printed no later than 1913, mounted. $13\% \times 10$ in. $(33.3 \times 25.4$ cm)

Estimate

\$60,000-80,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1993

Literature

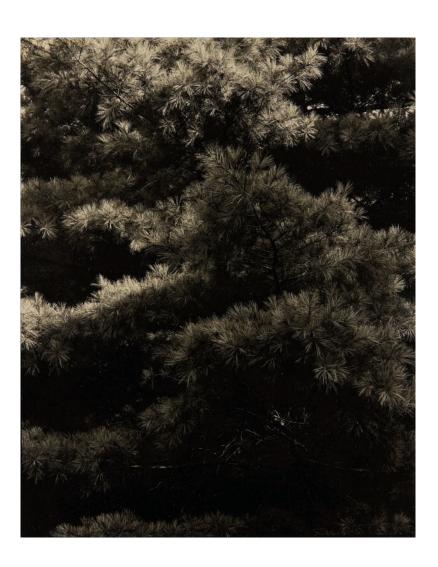
Greenough, Alfred Stieglitz: The Key Set (Volume One), no. 94

Camera Work, Number 36, October 1911, p. 61 Bry, Alfred Stieglitz: Photographer, pl. 2 Daniel, Stieglitz Steichen Strand, pls. 4-5 Green, Camera Work: A Critical Anthology, p. 312 Homer, Alfred Stieglitz and the Photo Secession, p. 18 Homer, Stieglitz and the American Avant-Garde, pl. 4 Margolis, Alfred Stieglitz, Camera Work: A Pictorial Guide, pl. XV

Newhall, The History of Photography from 1839 to the Present Day, p. 102

Norman, Alfred Stieglitz: An American Seer, pl. IV Sobieszek, Masterpieces of Photography from the George Eastman House Collections, p. 197 Taschen, Alfred Stieglitz, Camera Work: The Complete Illustrations 1903-1917, p. 596 Whelan, Alfred Stieglitz: Photography, Georgia O'Keeffe,

Whelan, Alfred Stieglitz: Photography, Georgia O'Keeffe and the Rise of the Avant-Garde in America, n.p. Museum of Modern Art, The Shape of Things: Photographs from Robert B. Menschel, p. 123



83. Paul Strand 1890-1976

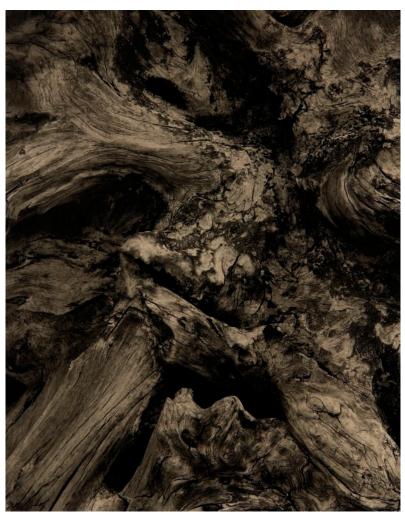
Connecticut Pines, Twin Lakes, CT, circa 1921 Platinum print. $9\% \times 7\%$ in. $(24.4 \times 19.4 \text{ cm})$ Credited 'Paul Strand' and initialed 'HS' by Hazel Strand in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Collection of Michael E. Hoffman, former director of Aperture Foundation Aperture Foundation, New York, 1996



84. Paul Strand 1890-1976

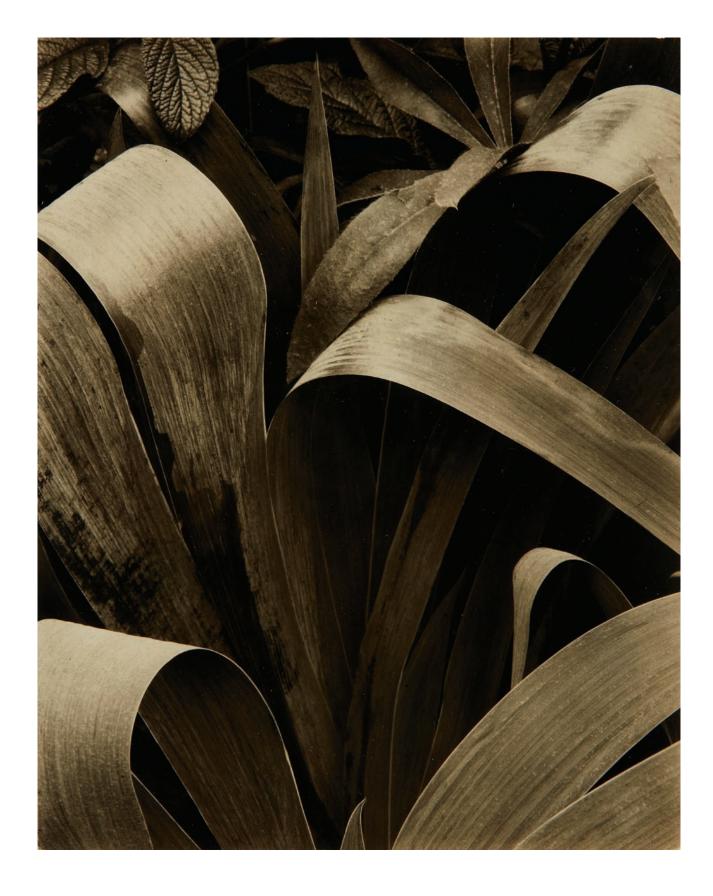
Driftwood, Maine, 1928-1929 Platinum print. $9\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$ in. (24.8 x 19.7 cm) Signed in ink on a trimmed sheet of paper accompanying the print.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Collection of Michael E. Hoffman, former director of Aperture Foundation Aperture Foundation, New York, 1996



85. Paul Strand 1890-1976

Iris, Georgetown, Maine, 1928 Gelatin silver print, flush-mounted to another gelatin silver print of this image. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ in. (24.1 x 19.1 cm) Credited 'Paul Strand', titled, dated and initialed 'HS' by Hazel Strand in pencil on the reverse of the flush-mount

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Collection of Michael E. Hoffman, former director of Aperture Foundation
Aperture Foundation, New York, 1996

Literature

Aperture, Paul Strand: Sixty Years of Photographs, p. 99 Aperture, Paul Strand: A Retrospective Monograph, The Years 1915-1946, p. 62 Strand and Newhall, Time in New England, p. 245.





86. Heinrich Kuehn 1886-1944

On The Hillside (A Study Of Values), circa 1910 Photogravure. 9 x 11 $^{3}\!4$ in. (22.9 x 29.8 cm)

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Lunn Gallery, Washington, D. C.
The Gilman Paper Company, 1981
The Collection of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York
Sotheby's, New York, Important Photographs from The
Metropolitan Museum of Art, Including Works from the
Gilman Paper Company Collection, 15 February 2006, lot 40

Literature

Pollock, Heinrich Kühn, p. 44
Weiermair, Heinrich Kühn, Photographer (1866-1944), pl. 28
Neue Galerie, Heinrich Kuehn and His American Circle:
Alfred Stieglitz and Edward Steichen, p. 97
Naef, The Collection of Alfred Stieglitz, no. 408
The Metropolitan Museum of Art, The Waking Dream:
Photography's First Century, Selections from the Gilman
Paper Company Collection, p. 182

87. Heinrich Kuehn 1886-1944

Miss Mary in Evening Costume, circa 1908 Gum bichromate print. $11\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{4}$ in. (29.2 x 23.5 cm)

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Lunn Ltd., New York, 1994









88. Edward Steichen 1879-1973

Steichen (The Steichen Book)

New York: Alfred Stieglitz, 1906. Illustrated with twenty-five prints (eighteen photogravures, six half-tone prints, one tricolor half-tone print) of the original twenty-nine prints produced for the volume.

The plates varying from $4\frac{1}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{6}$ in. (10.8 x 12.4 cm) to $8\frac{1}{6}$ x $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. (21.3 x 16.5 cm) or the reverse Signed by Steichen and Alfred Stieglitz and numbered '30' in pencil on the last page of the volume. Bound in modern, brown buckram binding, titled 'Steichen' on the spine. Number 30 from an edition of 65.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Butterfields, 17 June 1995, lot 4578 Doris Bry, New York, 1999

Literature

Photo Poche, *Edward Steichen*, pls. 5, 17 and 18. Steichen, *A Life in Photography*, pls. 16, 25, 28, 32 Joanna Steichen, *Steichen's Legacy: Photographs, 1895-1973*, pls 12, 120, 121, 143

Tashcen, Alfred Stieglitz: Camera Work: The Complete Illustrations 1903-1917, pp. 275, 276, 278, 291, 294, 297



89. William Henry Fox Talbot or Calvert Richard Jones 1800-1877 and

1802-1877

The Fruit Sellers, circa 1845 Salt print. $7\frac{3}{4}\times8\frac{1}{4}\text{ in. (19.7}\times21\text{ cm)}$ Annotated 'LA300' in ink and inscribed by Matilda Talbot, Talbot's granddaughter, in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, 1995

Literature

Schaaf 1917



90. Édouard-Denis Baldus 1813-1889

Groupe dans le parc du Château de la Faloise, 1857 Albumen print. 113/s x 163/4 in. (28.9 x 42.5 cm)

G. Sirot collection stamp on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

George Sirot, Paris Van Deren Coke Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1992

Exhibited

Silvy's River Scene, France: The Story of a Photograph, The J. Paul Getty Museum, Los Angeles, 15 December 1992- 28 February 1993

Literature

Daniel, The Photographs of Édouard Baldus, pl. 54

An additional print of this image is in the collection of the Musée d'Orsay, Paris.



Both actual size



91. Unknown Photographer

The Silver Merchants, circa 1850 Daguerreotype. Sixth-plate, cased.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Collection of Stanley Yalkowsky, New York Sotheby's, New York, 5 October 1995, lot 37

92. Unknown Photographer

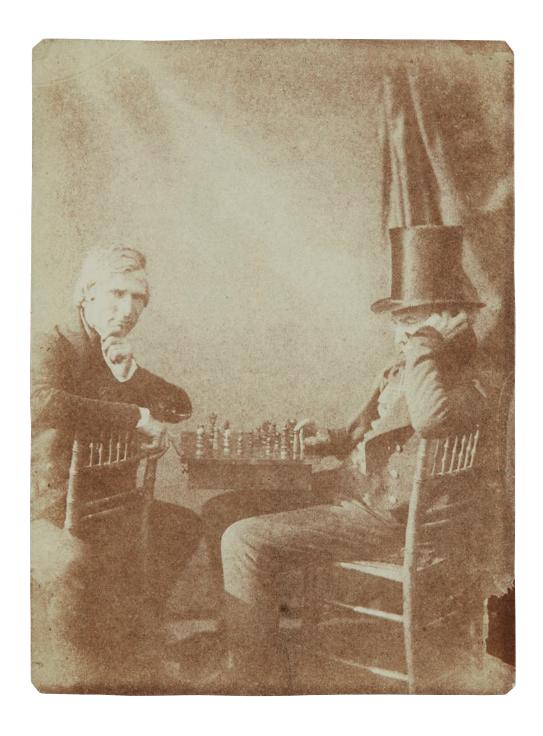
Childhood Portrait, circa 1850 Daguerreotype. Sixth-plate, cased.

Estimate

\$3,000-5,000

Provenance

Collection of Stanley Yalkowsky, New York Sotheby's, New York, 6 October 1995, lot 53



93. Likely Nicolaas Henneman or possibly Antoine Claudet

1813-1898 and 1797-1867

The Chess Players, no later than 1847 Salt print. $75\% \times 55\%$ in. (19.4 x 14.3 cm) Annotated 'LA249' in ink on the verso.

Estimate \$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Robert Hershkowitz, Ltd., Sussex, 1992

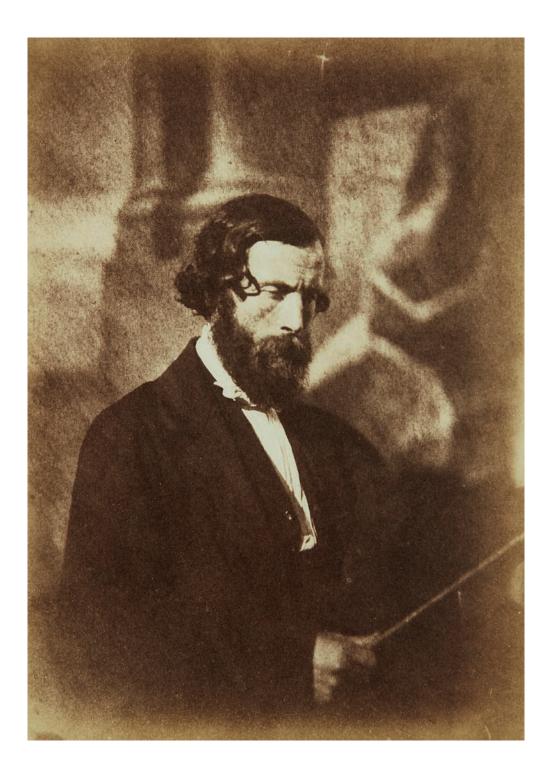
Literature Schaaf 2819

This early photograph is one of two variant images of chess players traditionally ascribed to William Henry Fox Talbot.

New research by Talbot authority Larry
Schaaf casts doubt upon this attribution and suggests that the maker is more likely Nicolaas Henneman, who had worked for Talbot before establishing his own studio. In his essay "The Puzzling Chess Players", Schaaf notes that this image was included by Henneman in an 1847 prototype for a book of his photographs that was never published. Inventory numbers and stamps on other prints of *The Chess Players* connect the images to Henneman and his

studio partnership with Thomas Malone. Schaaf also entertains the possibility that it may have been made by the Frenchborn, London-based photographer Antoine Claudet, who is the silver-haired gentleman on the left in the present image. Schaaf's exegesis on this photograph can be found at http://foxtalbot.bodleian.ox.ac.uk/2016/06/03/the-puzzling-chess-players/

The question of authorship aside, the present lot possesses an immediacy not frequently seen in images made in photography's earliest years.



94. Louis-Rémy Robert 1810-1882

Portrait of Jules André, 1850-1855 Salt print.

 $9 \times 63\%$ in. (22.9 x 16.2 cm)

Titled, variously inscribed in unidentified hands in pencil on the mount; Texbraun Collection annotation in pencil and Jean Diéterle Collection stamp on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

The family of Jules Diéterle, artistic director at Sèvres Galerie Texbraun, Paris, 1970s Baudouin Lebon, Paris Alain Paviot, Paris Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1998 Jules André (1807-1869), pictured here, was a landscape painter based in Sèvres. He was one of the circle of artists and photographers in the area, along with Robert and Victor Regnault (see Lot 24), that comprised a small but creative group that thrived outside the art center of Paris. He painted decorative panels for the Louvre and was awarded the Légion d'honneur for his accomplishments. Like Robert and Regnault, he worked at the porcelain manufactory at Sèvres.



95. Louis-Rémy Robert 1810-1882

Night, circa 1854 Unique calotype negative. 95% x 71% in. (24.4 x 18.1 cm)

Estimate \$10,000-15,000

Provenance

A descendent of Louis-Rémy Robert Lunn Ltd., New York, 1994 Louis-Rémy Robert was an early practitioner of photography in France and was part of a circle of photographers and artists centered around Sèvres that also included Victor Regnault (see Lot 24). Robert and Regnault balanced a scientific approach to their practice with an imaginative exploration of the medium's potential. Robert worked at the famed porcelain manufactory at Sèvres, ultimately succeeding Regnault as director. Many of his photographs document the development of new techniques in the making, finishing, and glazing of porcelain objects. The waxed-paper negative offered here, like the best of Robert's work of this type, transcends the documentary to become a meditation on form and light.



96. Charles Marville 1816-1879

Rue Pirouette, vue prise de la rue Rambuteau, 1er arrondissement, Paris, circa 1865 Albumen print.

11½ x 10¾ in. (29.2 x 27.3 cm)

'Du Musée Imperial du Louvre' credit blindstamp and titled in an unidentified hand in pencil on the secondary mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1992

Charles Marville had already established a successful career as an illustrator before taking up photography in the 1850s. He showed an immediate and intuitive talent for the medium, producing photographs for the publications of Blanquart-Evrard while also creating several innovative photographic devices and printing techniques. Working initially with paper-negatives, Marville found his true medium in the wet-plate process. He exploited the visually precise qualities of glass negatives in his documentation of the city of

Paris that began in 1858. Using a camera that could accommodate large plates, Marville worked throughout the 1850s, '60s, and '70s, creating a rich and unprecedented chronicle of old Paris.

Museum of Modern Art curator John Szarkowski included five of Marville's photographs in his landmark 1989 exhibition *Photography Until Now*, calling him, in the accompanying catalogue, "one of the greatest of all photographers" (p. 92).



97. Charles Marville 1816-1879

La Bievre (de la rue du Pont-aux-biches), circa 1862 Albumen print.

 $10 \frac{1}{2} \, x \, 14 \frac{1}{4} \, in. \, (26.7 \, x \, 36.2 \, cm)$

Credit blindstamp on the mount; titled in ink on a label affixed to the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Beaussant Lefevre, Paris, 30 November 1996, lot 163

Exhibited

Charles Marville: Photographer of Paris, National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C., 29 September 2013-5 January 2014; The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, 27 January- 4 May 2014; Museum of Fine Arts, Houston, 14 June- 13 September 2014

Literature

National Gallery of Art, *Charles Marville: Photographer of Paris*, pl. 53

In 1858, Charles Marville was commissioned to photograph Paris in advance of the radical redesign of the city ordered by Emperor Napoleon III and overseen by Georges-Eugéne Haussmann. Marville's photographs of the city's older quarters constitute an unparalleled document of buildings, streets, and neighborhoods that would be forever altered by Haussmann's modernization, earning him the title Photographer of the City of Paris.

The changed city had wider boulevards, improved sanitary conditions, and less crowding in Paris's poorer quarters. The subject of the photograph offered here is La Bievre, a tributary of the Seine. At the time of

this photograph, La Bievre ran through a toxic gauntlet of tanneries, dye factories, and mills that lined its banks and had become dangerously polluted. Marville photographed the notorious river without judgement, documenting the organic development of industry around the waterway. Under Haussmann's plan, the river was ultimately covered over and tied into the city's sewer system.

This photograph, like Marville's *Sky Study*, *Paris* (see Lot 21) was featured in the National Gallery of Art's recent retrospective, *Charles Marville: Photographer of Paris*.



98. Gustave Le Gray 1820-1882

Mediterranean with Mount Agde, 1857 Albumen print. 12½ x 16 in. (30.8 x 40.6 cm) Numbered '7779.' in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Originally from the collection of William-Adolphe Bouguereau Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1991

Literature

Janis, The Photography of Gustave Le Gray, p. 73



99. Gustave Le Gray and Auguste Mestral 1820-1882 and 1812-1884

Vue générale des remparts de Carcassonne, prise de l'ouest, 1851
Salt print, mounted.
14½ x 10¾ in. (37.1 x 27.3 cm)
Signed in ink by both artists and Le Gray credit blindstamp on the recto.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Originally from the collection of Eugène Viollet-le-Duc Piasa, Paris, March 2002

Literature

de Mondenard, La Mission Héliographique: Cinq Photographes Parcourent la France en 1851, n.p. This photograph of the ancient French city of Carcassonne is a rare surviving example of the joint work that Gustave Le Gray and Auguste Mestral made at the behest of the Commission des Monuments Historiques. It is especially distinguished by the fact that is signed by both photographers. This assignment came to Le Gray and his former student Mestral in 1851, just after Le Gray had announced his process for treating paper photographic negatives with wax to enhance their translucence and clarity. Le Gray used this trip as an opportunity to perfect this technique, the result being a series of images notable for their high level of detail.

Le Gray and Mestral photographed in the South of France, concentrating on sites and structures in need of restoration. Carcassonne, inhabited since Neolithic times and incorporating Roman and medieval fortifications, was such a site. By the time Le Gray and Mestral photographed there, the town's structures were crumbling and urgently needed repair. The view offered here, made before the town's restoration by Eugène Viollet-le-Duc, shows the fortifications in the background and the Pont Vieux in the foreground. Carcassonne has since been designated a UNESCO World Heritage Site.



100. Joseph-Philibert Girault **de Prangey** 1804-1892

Aphrodisias, Temple de Venus, 1843 Daguerreotype. 3¾ x 45% in. (9.5 x 11.7 cm) Titled and numbered '132' in ink on paper affixed to the reverse of the plate.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Christie's, London, Important Daguerreotypes by Joseph-Philibert Girault de Prangey, 20 May 2003, lot 38

101. Eugène Cuvelier 1837-1900

Jean de Paris, Fontainebleau, 1860s Albumen print. 13¼ x 10 in. (33.7 x 25.4 cm) Numbered '250' in the negative; titled 'Jean de Paris' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

William L. Schaeffer/Photographs, Chester, Connecticut Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1991

Literature

Gauss, Eugène Cuvelier, no. 250

Eugène Cuvelier was arguably the most sophisticated of the early photographers who worked within the forest of Fontainebleau. the famed outdoor studio for artists of the Barbizon School, many of whom were his friends. Camille Corot and Théodore Rousseau served as official witnesses at his wedding, and Jean-François Millet praised his "very fine photographs" in a letter to Rousseau. The photograph offered here was taken in the Jean de Paris section of Fontainebleau and shows a stand of birches, which, along with oaks and beeches, were the most visible trees in the forest. Cuvelier's work is typified by a combination of sensitivity and objectivity that makes him a forerunner of Harry Callahan, Robert Adams, and Lewis Baltz, among other 20th century photographers.

Ulrike Gauss, compiler of the catalogue raisonné on Cuvelier's work, locates only one other print of this image.



102. John Beasley Greene 1832-1856

Dakkeh, Salle de Thot, 1854 Salt print, mounted. 9¼ x 12 in. (23.5 x 30.5 cm)

Estimate \$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, 1995



103. James Anderson 1813-1877

View of Rome from the French Academy, Monte Pincio, circa 1850-1865 Albumen print, mounted. $111/8 \times 153/4$ in. (28.3 x 40 cm)

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Christie's, London, 10 May 2002, lot 61

104. Captain Linnaeus Tripe 1822-1902

The Causeway Across Vaigai River, Madura, 1858 Albumen print.

9¾ x 14¾ in. (24.8 x 36.5 cm)

'Photographer to government' credit blindstamp and plate number '6' in an unidentified hand in ink on the mount.

Estimate

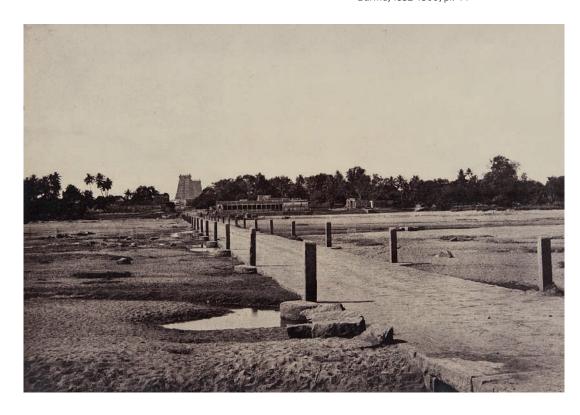
\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

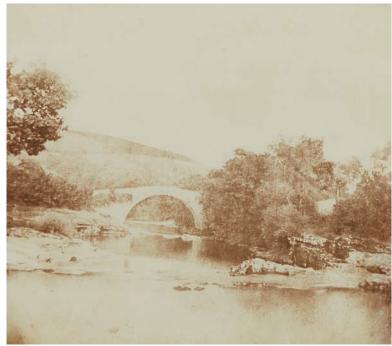
Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1992

Literature

Tripe, Photographic Views in Madura, Part 1, pl. 6 Taylor, Captain Linnaeus Tripe, Photographer of India and Burma, 1852-1860, pl. 44







105. Nevil Story Maskelyne 1823-1911

One-Arch Bridge, Breconshire (negative and positive), 1849
Calotype negative and salt print.
Each $6\frac{1}{6} \times 7$ in. (15.6 x 17.8 cm)
Initialed and dated in pencil in the negative.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Collection of the Maskelyne Family Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, 1992

106. William Henry Fox Talbot

1800-1877

Gates of Christchurch, Oxford, circa 1844 Salt print. $6\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{5}{6}$ in. (17.1 x 19.4 cm) Annotated 'LA18' in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$12,000-18,000

Provenance

Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1991

Exhibited

The Pencil of Nature, The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, 24 January- 9 April 1989

Literature

Schaaf 913 Talbot, *The Pencil of Nature*, pl. XVIII





Actual size

107. William Henry Fox Talbot 1800-1877

Eve, 1840 Salt print from a photogenic-drawing negative. $6\frac{1}{4} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ in. (15.9 x 19.1 cm)

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Collection of Marie-Thérèse and André Jammes, Paris Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, 1995

Literature

Schaaf 2394

Kraus, Sun Pictures, Catalogue Seven, p. 39 (this print) Schaaf, The Photographic Art of William Henry Fox Talbot, pl. 48

Dating from April 1840, this delicate image is the earliest photograph in this offering of material from Joy of Giving Something Foundation. It is an image from the dawn of photography, when both photographic technique and photographic art were in their formative stages. *Eve* was made using Talbot's photogenic drawing process, which involved first coating a plain piece of stationery with a solution of table salt, and then with a solution

of silver nitrate; the combination of these created light-sensitive silver chloride.

The first images Talbot made with this light-sensitive paper were photograms, in which he laid objects directly onto the paper and then exposed the paper to light. He next experimented with putting sensitized paper into a camera of his own design. *Eve* was made by this latter method; Talbot then used the resulting image as a paper negative from which to contact-print the photograph offered here.

From 1834 to 1840, Talbot worked with his photogenic drawing technique, adjusting and improving it every step of the way. The technique would ultimately be displaced by Talbot's own calotype process, but the primacy of the photogenic drawings cannot be denied. As Talbot authority Larry Schaaf writes, "The body of work that comprises Talbot's photogenic drawings represents a distinct and exciting phase in both his technical and his aesthetic development. Many of his ideas about photography were embodied in examples of this early period" ("On the Art of Photogenic Drawing," Sun Pictures, Catalogue Seven, p. 9).



108. Adam Fuss b. 1961

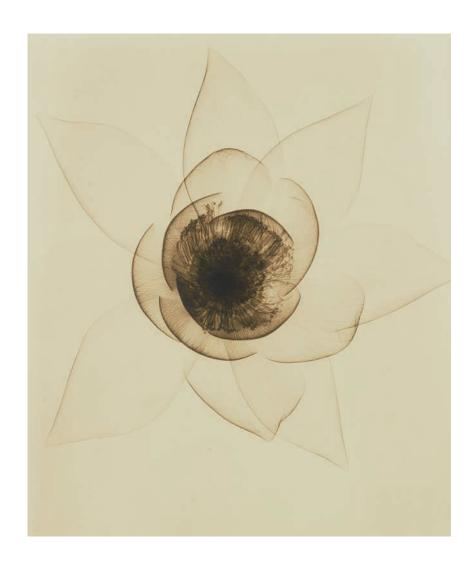
Untitled (snake powder), 1997 Unique gelatin silver photogram, mounted. 50 x 75 in. (127 x 190.5 cm) Signed and dated in blue wax pencil on a label accompanying the work.

Estimate \$40,000-60,000

Provenance Cheim & Reid, New York, 1997

"I see the photogram as being much more truthful and much more honest because it's just recording light. There is no manipulation of that light, in the way that a lens manipulates light."





109. Hiroshi Sugimoto b. 1948

Ionian Sea, Santa Cesarea, 1993 Gelatin silver print. $16\frac{5}{8} \times 21\frac{1}{4}$ in. $(42.2 \times 54$ cm) Signed in pencil on the mount; blindstamp title, date and number '7/25, 425' in the margin.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1995

Fyhihited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., *Hope Photographs*, pp. 144-145 (this print)

110. Dr. Dain L. Tasker 1872-1964

Wide Open Lotus, 1935 Gelatin silver print. 11 x 9½ in. (27.9 x 24.1 cm) Signed and titled in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Howard Greenberg Gallery, New York, 2000

Literature

Stinehour/Wemyss, Dr. Dain L. Tasker, n.p.



III. Masao Yamamoto b. 1957

Nakazora, n.d.

Fifty-four gelatin silver prints, some with applied ink. Varying dimensions from 34×12 in. (1.9 x 1.3 cm) to 61/2 x 45/8 in. (16.5 x 11.7 cm)

Each variously signed in ink with credit, copyright, edition, *Nakazora* and number stamps on the verso. Contained within a black lacquered wooden box with title and credit stamped into the box's metal plate interior.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Nazraeli Press, Portland, 2006



II2. Étienne Clémentel 1864-1936

Étang des Nymphéas à Giverny, 1920 Autochrome. $7 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ in. (17.8 x 24.1 cm)

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Artcurial, Paris, 21 November 2005, lot 35

113. Étienne Clémentel 1864-1936

Les Nymphéas dans l'Atelier, 1920 Autochrome. 7 x 9½ in. (17.8 x 24.1 cm)

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Artcurial, Paris, 21 November 2005, lot 36





II4. Étienne Clémentel 1864-1936

Monet à Giverny, 1920 Autochrome. $7 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ in. (17.8 x 24.1 cm)

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Artcurial, Paris, 21 November 2005, lot 37

The photographs in this and the preceding two lots were taken by Étienne Clémentel, a French politician, painter, photographer, and a friend to many artists of his day. One such artist was Auguste Rodin, who sculpted a portrait bust of Clémentel in 1916. Another was Claude Monet. Visiting the Impressionist painter at his home and gardens in Giverny, Clémentel produced a multi-image portrait of the artist and his home. Monet had purchased Giverny in 1883 and immediately began an ambitious series of building and landscaping that would create the lush and colorful environment we see in these photographs. Clémentel made these photographs in autochrome, the first commercially available color photographic process, one that yielded richly saturated images on glass. From an aesthetic point of view, autochromes, with their softly granular and impressionistic quality, were the perfect medium for Monet and Giverny. In this trio of images, we see the pond Monet designed himself, a large two-panel *Les Nymphéas* (waterlilies) painting in his studio, and the artist among the flowers in his garden.



115. Édouard-Denis Baldus 1813-1889

Église Saint-Étienne de Caen, derrière le mur, circa 1855 Salt print. 13 x 17¼ in. (33 x 43.8 cm) Numbered 114 in the negative.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1991

Literature

Daniel, *The Photographs of Édouard Baldus*, pl. 59, variant



116. André Giroux 1801-1879

Untitled (rural scene with carts), circa 1854 Salt print. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 10\frac{3}{4}$ in. (21.6 x 27.3 cm) Signature blindstamp on the recto; Giroux & Cie label affixed to the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Robert Hershkowitz, Ltd., Sussex, 1995



II7. Berenice Abbott 1898-1991

James Joyce, 1928
Gelatin silver print, printed no later than 1933.
9¼ x 7½ in. (23.5 x 18.4 cm)
'W. 67th St.' studio and Condé Nast use and reproduction stamps dated July 1933 in ink on the verso.

Estimate

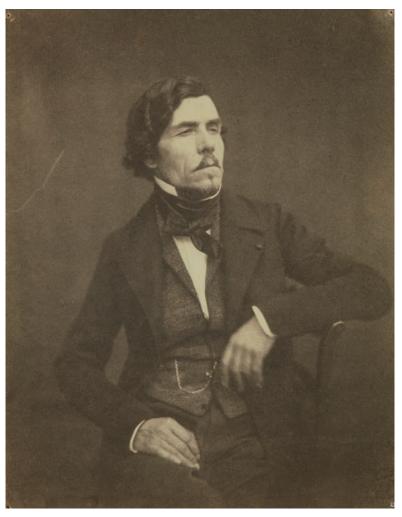
\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Condé Nast Archive Sotheby's, New York, 3 October 2001, lot 79

Literature

Abbott, Berenice Abbott Photographs, p. 26 O'Neal, Berenice Abbott: American Photographer, p. 44 Photo Poche, Berenice Abbott, pl. 23 Vanity Fair, 1 July 1933, p. 34, variant



118. Victor Laisné 1825-1897

Eugène Delacroix, circa 1852 Salt print. 8½ x 6½ in. (21.6 x 16.5 cm) Titled in an unidentified hand in pencil on the reverse of the flush-mount.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Collection of Paul Huet Charles Isaacs, New York and Robert Hershkowitz Ltd., Sussex, 1994

Literature

Jammes and Janis, The Art of French Calotype, p. 97



119. Nadar (Gaspard-Félix Tournachon) 1820-1910

Alexandre Dumas, 1855 Salt print. 9½ x $7\frac{1}{2}$ in. (24.1 x 19.1 cm) Signed and annotated '113 St. Lazar' in ink on the recto.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1993

Literature

Hambourg, Heilbrun, et al., *Nadar*, pl. 46 Gosling, *Nadar*, p. 119 The Metropolitan Museum of Art, *The Waking Dream: Photography's First Century, Selections from the Gilman Paper Company Collection*, p. 285



120. Eugène Atget 1857-1927

Lion, St. Cloud, circa 1920 Albumen print. $6\% \times 8\% \text{ in. (16.2} \times 21.3 \text{ cm)}$ Titled 'St. Cloud' and numbered '1154' in an unidentified hand in ink on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Carlton Gallery, New York Edwynn Houk Gallery, New York Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1992

121. Adrien Tournachon 1825-1903

La Fleur, 1858-1860 Salt print. $61/2 \times 9$ in. (16.5 x 22.9 cm) Printed title and caption on the mount.

Estimate

\$2,000-3,000

Provenance

Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1994





122. Charles Nègre 1820-1880

Mercure chevauchant Pégase, sculpture d'Antoine Coysevox, place de la Concorde, à Paris, 1859 Albumen print.

17½ x 13% in. (44.5 x 35.2 cm)

Annotated 'A. Jammes 76' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Collection of the artist

A descendent of the artist

Collection of Marie-Thérèse and André Jammes, Paris Sotheby's, Paris, *La Photographie III: Collection Marie-Thérèse et André Jammes, L'Oeuvre de Charles Nègre*, 22 March 2002, lot 447



123. Benjamin Brecknell Turner 1815-1894

Trees (Pepperharrow Park), circa 1853 Albumen print. 11½ x 15½ in. (28.3 x 38.4 cm) Credited and annotated 'Talbotype' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the mount.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Robert Hershkowitz, Ltd., Sussex, 1992



124. Carleton Watkins 1829-1916

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \it Multnomah Falls Cascade, Columbia River, 1867 \\ \it Mammoth-plate albumen print, mounted. \\ \it 20\%~x~15\%~in.~(52.7~x~40~cm) \end{tabular}$

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Estate of a bookseller, Oregon Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 2002

Exhibited

Carleton Watkins: The Art of Perception, San Francisco Museum of Modern Art, 28 May- 7 September 1999; Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, 5 October 1999- 9 January 2000; National Gallery of Art, Washington D.C., 20 February- 7 May 2000

Literature

Naef and Hult-Lewis, Carleton Watkins: The Complete Mammoth Photographs, no. 457
Alinder, ed., Carleton E. Watkins: Photographs of the Columbia River and Oregon, pl. 50
Palmquist, Carleton E. Watkins: Photographer of the American West, pl. 35
Rule, Carleton Watkins: Selected Texts and Bibliography, pl. 21
San Francisco Museum of Modern Art, Carleton Watkins: The Art of Perception, pl. 68
Wolf, The American Space: Meaning in Nineteenth-Century Landscape Photography, pl. 5
Apraxine, Photographs from the Collection of the Gilman Paper Company, pl. 113

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, *The Waking Dream:* Photography's First Century, Selections from the Gilman Paper Company Collection, p. 328



125. Carleton Watkins 1829-1916

Devils Canyon, Geysers, Looking Up, circa 1868-1870 Mammoth-plate albumen print, mounted. $15\% \times 20\%$ in. (39.7 x 51.4 cm)

Estimate

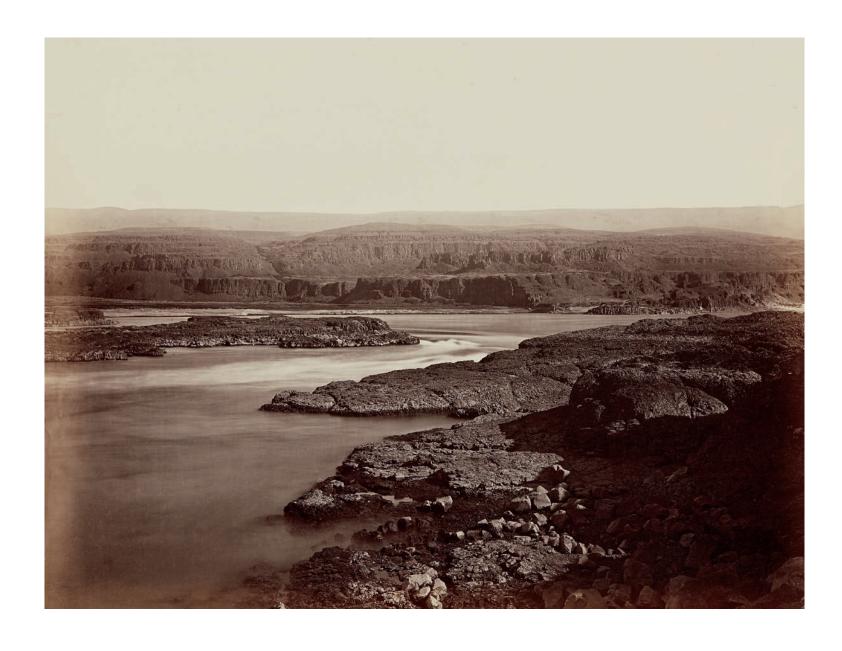
\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1994

Literature

Naef and Hult-Lewis, *Carleton Watkins:* The Complete Mammoth Photographs, no. 798 Fraenkel Gallery, *Carleton E. Watkins*, Photographs, pl. 69



126. Carleton Watkins 1829-1916

The Passage of the Dalles, Columbia River, 1867 Mammoth-plate albumen print. 15% x 12¼ in. (39.7 x 31.1 cm) Titled in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

The University Club, New York Swann Galleries, New York, 10 May 1979 Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1993

Literature

Naef and Hult-Lewis, *Carleton Watkins: The Complete Mammoth Photographs*, no. 496 Alinder, ed., *Carleton E. Watkins: Photographs of the Columbia River and Oregon*, pl. 43





127. Unknown Photographer

Portrait of Francis E. Brownell, "Ellsworth's Avenger," and Portrait of an Unknown Woman, 1861 Salt print with ink highlights, flush-mounted to board, with a hand-painted salt print portrait of a woman on the reverse of the flush-mount. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ in. $(31.8 \times 24.1 \, \text{cm})$

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Swann Galleries, New York, 1998, lot 65

Francis E. Brownell was a volunteer in the 11th New York Infantry, a regiment that saw early and decisive action in the Civil War. In May of 1861, the infantry entered a hotel in Alexandria, Virginia, and took down from its roof the Confederate flag that flew within sight of the White House across the Potomac. Enraged, the hotel's owner then shot and killed Colonel Elmer Ellsworth, the 11th's commanding officer. In the ensuing melee, the hotel owner was fatally stabbed by Francis E. Brownell, pictured here.

Ellsworth was the first Union officer to be killed in the Civil War. He had been a friend of President Lincoln, and his body laid in state at the White House. "Remember Ellsworth" was a rallying cry for Union troops. Brownell was dubbed "Ellsworth's Avenger," and was granted the Medal of Honor for his service.

128. Edward Sheriff Curtis 1868-1952

Waiting in the Forest, Cheyenne, 1910 Photogravure. 15½ x 11 in. (39.4 x 27.9 cm) Printed title, date and plate number in the margin.

Estimate

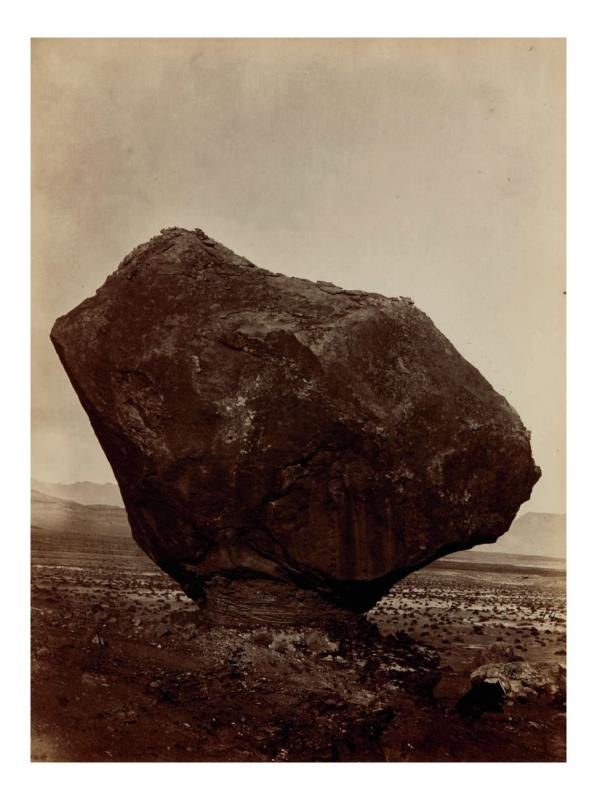
\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Danziger Gallery, New York, 1998

Literature

Philippi and Kieseyer, Edward S. Curtis: The North American Indian: The Complete Portfolios, p. 268



129. William Bell 1841-1910

Perched Rock, Rocker Creek, Arizona, 1872 Albumen print. 10¾ x 8 in. (27.3 x 20.3 cm) Printed credit, title and number '14' on the Wheeler Survey mount; annotated 'Taken on Major Powell's Grand Canyon Expedition of 1872' in an unidentified hand in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1994



130. Jacques-Philippe Potteau 1807-1876

Selected Portraits of Algerian Diplomats, 1863 Twenty-four albumen prints. Each approximately $6\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ in. (16.5 x 12.7 cm) Each titled, dated and inscribed in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Gary Schneider and John Erdman, Brookhaven, New York, 2001



131. John Thomson 1837-1921

Physic Street, Canton, circa 1869 Albumen print.

11 x 8¾ in. (27.9 x 22.2 cm)

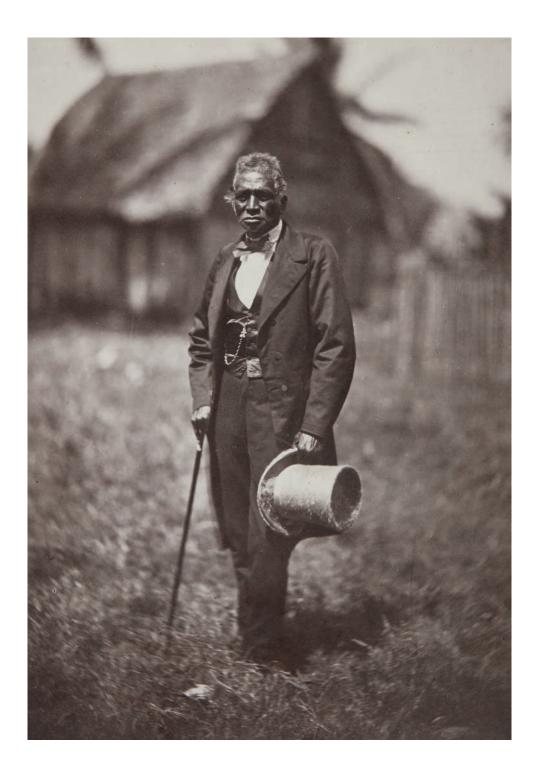
Credited, titled, dated in an unidentified hand in pencil and titled 'une rue á Canton' in an unidentified hand in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, 1995



132. Désiré Charnay 1828-1915

Raharla, Minister to the Queen, 1863 Albumen silver print. $8 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ in. (20.3 \times 14 cm) Titled 'Raharla' in an unidentified hand in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 9 October 1997, lot 124

Literature

Davis, Désiré Charnay: Expeditionary Photographer, pl. 46 Apraxine, Photographs from the Collection of the Gilman Paper Company, pl. 43 The Metropolitan Museum of Art, The Waking Dream: Photography's First Century, Selections from the Gilman Paper Company Collection, p. 308 White, Jammes, and Sobieszek, 'French Primitive Photography', Aperture, Spring 1970, Vol. 15, No. 1, n.p. Désiré Charnay is perhaps best known for his photographs of the ancient ruins of Central America and Mexico. He also created a small but important body of work on Madagascar, which he visited in 1863 as part of a scientific expedition. Charnay made several full-length portraits of Raharla, minister to Madagascar's Queen Rasoherina. The present image was reproduced as a woodcut in Charnay's *Bird's Eye View of Madagascar* published in 1869.

An additional print of this image is in the collection of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.



Actual size

133. Julia Margaret Cameron 1815-1879

Selected Cartes de Visite, 1864-1868 Eight albumen print cartes de visite. Each overall $4 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ in. (10.2 \times 6.4 cm) Each credited, titled and dated in an unidentified hand in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$12,000-18,000

Provenance

Collection of Erich Sommer, London Christie's, South Kensington, 8 May 1998, lot 52

Literature

Cox & Ford, Julia Margaret Cameron: The Complete Photographs, nos. 101, 408, 981, 1093, 1106



134. Lewis Carroll (Reverend Charles Lutwidge Dodgson) 1832-1898

Xie (Alexandra) Kitchin as a "Dane", circa 1876 Albumen print.

81/4 x 61/2 in. (21 x 16.5 cm)

Variously numbered in the negative; notations in unidentified hands on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Hans P. Kraus, Jr., Fine Photographs, New York, 2004



135. Julia Margaret Cameron 1815-1879

Sir John Herschel, 1867 Albumen print. 12½ x 9¼ in. (31.8 x 23.5 cm)

Annotated 'From life registered photograph copyright residence Collingwood April 1867', 'A gift to Lord Gilford for his study with Mrs. Cameron's love' in ink, facsimile inscription by Herschel and Colnaghi blindstamp, all on the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Collection of Erich Sommer, London Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1994

Literature

Cox and Ford, Julia Margaret Cameron: The Complete Photographs, back cover and no. 253. Gernsheim, The History of Photography from the Camera Obscura to the Beginning of the Modern Era, no. 49

Apraxine, Photographs from the Collection of the Gilman Paper Company, no. 73

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, *The Waking Dream: Photography's First Century, Selections from the Gilman Paper Company Collection*, pl. 32





136. Maurice Tabard 1897-1984

Untitled (experimental self-portrait with shadow), late 1930s Gelatin silver print. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ in. $(24.1 \times 17.8 \text{ cm})$ Credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Charles Isaacs Photographs, Inc., New York, 1996

137. Maurice Tabard 1897-1984

Untitled (solarized face), circa 1930 Gelatin silver print. 9½ x 73% in. (24.1 x 18.7 cm)

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

From the artist to Pierre Gassman Prakapas Gallery, New York, 2001

Literature

Gassman, Tabard, p. 77



138. Dora Maar 1907-1997

Portrait of Picasso in Profile, 1936 Gelatin silver print. 11 x 85% in. (27.9 x 21.9 cm) 'DM 1998' estate stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Estate of Dora Maar Piasa, Paris, *Les Photographies de Dora Maar*, 20 November 1998, lot 164

Literature

Bancaja, Dora Maar, Fotógrafa: Exposición Centre Cultural Bancaixa, Enero-Marzo 1995, fig. 39



139. Edward Steichen 1879-1973

Noël Coward for Condé Nast, New York, 1932 Gelatin silver print. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ in. (24.1 x 19.1 cm) Date and Condé Nast copyright in the negative in the margin.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 6 April 1995, lot 116

Literature

Photo Poche, Edward Steichen, pl. 46



140. Umbo (Otto Umbehr) 1902-1980

Grock the Clown, circa 1928 Gelatin silver print. $91/4\times63/4 \text{ in. } (23.5\times17.1\text{ cm})$ 'Deutscher Photo-Dienst' credit and Stefan Lorant stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Collection of Stefan Lorant Villa Grisebach, Berlin, 28 June 2001, lot 1453E

141. Dora Maar 1907-1997

 $\label{lem:continuity} Untitled (double-exposed self-portrait), circa 1936 Gelatin silver print. \\ 1134 x 936 in. (29.8 x 23.8 cm) \\ 'DM 1998' estate stamp on the verso.$

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Estate of Dora Maar Piasa, Paris, *Les Photographies de Dora Maar*, 20 November 1998, lot 130

Literature

Caws, Picasso's Weeping Woman: The Life and Art of Dora Maar, p. 18



142. James Doolittle 1890-1950

Marlene Dietrich, circa 1936 Gelatin silver print. 16 $\frac{1}{8}$ x 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (41 x 32.4 cm) Credit stamp and credited in an unidentified hand in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Swann Galleries, New York, 5 October 1998, lot 282

Literature

Hambourg, The New Vision: Photography between the World Wars, Ford Motor Company Collection at The Metropolitan Museum of Art, no. 42

An additional print of this image is in the collection of The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.





143. Dorothea Lange 1895-1965

The Yanks Are Not Coming!, California, circa 1935 Gelatin silver print, printed 1950s. $7\% \times 7\%$ in. (20 x 20 cm)

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Collection of John Dixon, the photographer's son Rose Gallery, Santa Monica, 2001



144. W. Eugene Smith 1918-1978

Dance of the Flaming Coke, Pittsburgh, 1955 Gelatin silver print. $81/4 \times 12^3/4$ in. (21 x 32.4 cm) Estate credit stamp and titled in an unidentified hand in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Estate of W. Eugene Smith Collection of Christopher Luce Robert Mann Gallery, New York, 1994

Literature

Aperture, W. Eugene Smith: Master of the Photographic Essay, p. 172
Carnegie Museum of Art, Dream Street: W. Eugene Smith's Pittsburgh Project, pp. 114-115
McGraw-Hill, W. Eugene Smith, Shadow and Substance: The Life and Work of an American Photographer, n.p. Mora and Smith, W. Eugene Smith: Photographs 1934-1975, p. 190
Phaidon, W. Eugene Smith, p. 81



145. Walker Evans 1903-1975

Greek Revival Building, Natchez, Mississippi, 1936 Gelatin silver print, printed 1960s.

7 x 7¾ in. (17.8 x 19.7 cm)

Signed and dated in pencil on the mount; 'Old Lyme, Conn.' credit, 'rights reserved' and Lunn Archive stamps with numbers '1', '146' in pencil on the reverse of the mount; printed credit, title and date on a label affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Swann Galleries, New York, 7 October 1999, lot 278 Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1999

Literature

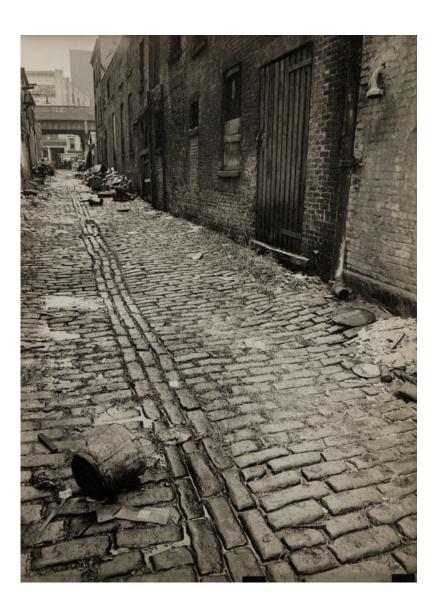
Evans, *Walker Evans: American Photographs*, Part Two, pl. 19

Keller, Walker Evans: The Getty Museum Collection, p. 153, pl. 482

Harper & Row, *Walker Evans: First and Last*, p. 121 Hambourg, Rosenheim, Eklund and Fineman, *Walker Evans*, pl. 48

Mora and Hill, Walker Evans: The Hungry Eye, p. 127





146. Berenice Abbott 1898-1991

Blossom Restaurant, 103 Bowery, Manhattan, 1935 Gelatin silver print.

7½ x 9½ in. (19.1 x 24.1 cm)

Federal Art Project 'Changing New York', '50 Commerce Street' and 'Abbot Village, Maine' studio stamps on the verso; titled and dated in an unidentified hand in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Doris Bry, New York, 1991

Literature

Commerce Graphics, *Berenice Abbott*, n.p., variant McCausland, *New York in the Thirties: As Photographed by Berenice Abbott*, pl. 31

O'Neal, Berenice Abbott: American Photographer, p. 67 Photo Poche, Berenice Abbott, pl. 43

Yochelson, Berenice Abbott: Changing New York, pl. 33

147. Berenice Abbott 1898-1991

Charles Lane, Between West and Washington Streets, Manhattan, 1938

Gelatin silver print.

9½ x 6% in. (24.1 x 17.5 cm)

Titled, dated, annotated in pencil and Federal Art Project 'Changing New York' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

The Collection of Barry Friedman, New York Christie's, New York, *The Image as Object: Photographs* from the Collection of Barry Friedman, 5 October 1998, lot 1

Literature

Yochelson, Berenice Abbott: Changing New York, pl. 19



148. Consuelo Kanaga 1894-1978

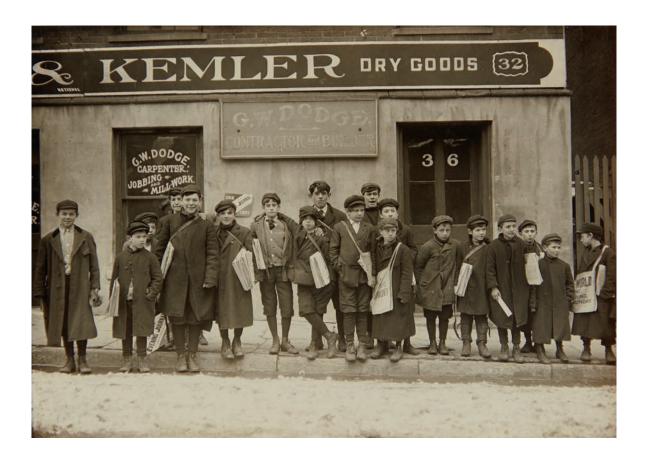
Downtown, New York, 1924 Gelatin silver print. 9½ x 6% in. (24.1 x 17.5 cm) Signed in pencil on the mount.

Estimate \$7,000-9,000

Cherrystone Gallery, Wellfleet, Massachusetts Sotheby's, New York, 5 October 1995, lot 165

Literature

Millstein, Consuelo Kanaga: An American Photographer, pl. 57





149. Lewis Wickes Hine 1874-1940

Paper Boys, Hartford, Connecticut, circa 1909 Gelatin silver print.

4¾ x 65/8 in. (12.1 x 16.8 cm)

Numbered '657' and annotated 'lecture slide #4' in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Christie's, London, 16 May 2002, lot 247

150. Weegee (Arthur Fellig) 1899-1968

Children (school is over), circa 1940 Gelatin silver print.

125% x 105% in. (32.1 x 27 cm)

Titled 'Children' in pencil and 'Weegee The Famous' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Collection of Wilma Cox Phillips, New York, *A Sale of Photographs by Weegee*, 31 January 2000, lot 46

Literature

Schirmel/Mosel, Weegee's New York: Photographs, 1935-1960, p. 198



151. Helen Levitt 1913-2009

Untitled (chalk drawing, New York City), circa 1939 Gelatin silver print. $8 \% \times 5 \% \text{ in. (21.3} \times 14.3 \text{ cm)}$ Signed and annotated 'Newhall' in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

The Archive of Walker Evans Swann Galleries, New York, 1 October 1996, lot 388

Literature

Phillips and Hambourg, Helen Levitt, pl. 13



152. Henri Cartier-Bresson 1908-2004

Hotel court, rue de la Boétie, Paris, 1953 Gelatin silver print, probably printed in the 1950s or 1960s.

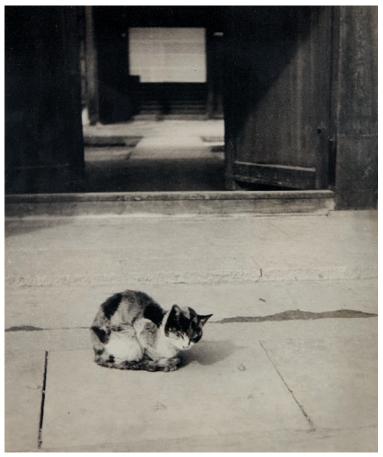
 $13^3\!\!4$ x $9^1\!\!4$ in. (34.9 x 23.5 cm) Titled 'Mid-Lent, Paris' in ink, credit, reproduction limitation and Magnum stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Laurence Miller Gallery, New York, 1996



153. Shikanosuke Yagaki 1897-1966

 $\it Cat$, circa 1930s Gelatin silver print. 10½ x 8¾ in. (26.7 x 22.2 cm) Signed, titled in Katakana in pencil and credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$3,000-5,000

Provenance

Laurence Miller Gallery, New York, 1994



154. Dora Maar 1907-1997

Gamin aux Chaussures Dépareillés, 1933 Gelatin silver print.

105% x 103% in. (27 x 26.4 cm)

Kefer-Dora Maar studio label affixed to the mount; studio, reproduction rights and estate stamps on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Estate of Dora Maar Piasa, Paris, *Les Photographies de Dora Maar*, 19 November 1999, lot 39

Literature

Caws, Picasso's Weeping Woman: The Life and Art of Dora Maar, p. 42





155. Robert Frank b. 1924

Andrea on Third Ave, circa 1955 Gelatin silver print. 8 x 12 in. (20.3 x 30.5 cm) Signed, titled and dated in ink on the mount.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Paul M. Hertzmann, Inc., San Francisco, 1996

156. Elliott Erwitt b. 1928

 $\label{eq:Valencia} \textit{Valencia, Spain (Robert and Mary Frank), 1952} \\ \textit{Gelatin silver print, printed later.} \\ 12 \times 8 \text{ in. (30.5} \times 20.3 \text{ cm)} \\ \textit{Signed in ink in the margin; signed, titled and dated in pencil on the verso.} \\$

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Edwynn Houk Gallery, New York, 2000

Literature

Phaidon, Elliott Erwitt: Snaps, p. 168



157. Robert Frank b. 1924

Times Square, 1948 Gelatin silver print. $13\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ in. $(34.3 \times 17.8 \text{ cm})$ Signed, titled and dated in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 6 April 1995, lot 320



158. Henri Cartier-Bresson 1908-2004

Easter Sunday in Harlem, 1947 Gelatin silver print, printed later. $14 \times 9\%$ in. (35.6 × 23.8 cm) Signed in ink and copyright credit blindstamp in the margin.

Estimate

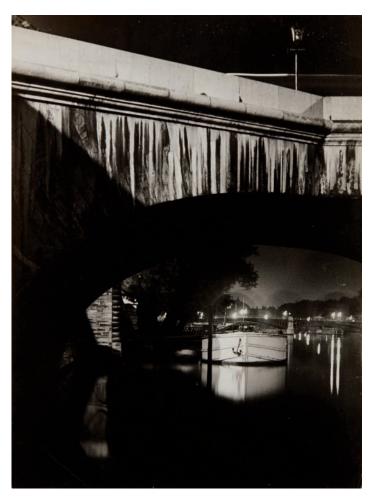
\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Helen Wright/The Atelier Group, Ltd., 1996

Literature

Cartier-Bresson, Images à la Sauvette, p. 42 Montier, Henri Cartier-Bresson and the Artless Art, pl. 68 Galassi, Henri Cartier-Bresson: The Modern Century, p. 217



159. Brassaï (Gyula Halász) 1899-1984

The Seine at Night, circa 1932 Gelatin silver print. 914×676 in. (23.5 x 17.5 cm) 'Rue de la Glacière' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

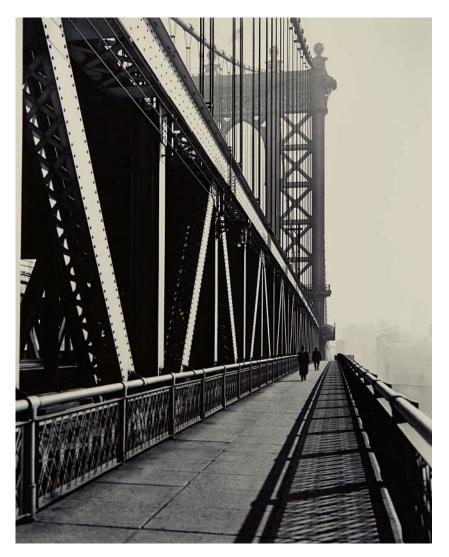
\$12,000-18,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 8 October 1993, lot 283

Literature

Bulfinch Press, Brassaï: Paris by Night, pl. 19





160. Berenice Abbott 1898-1991

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Laurence Miller Gallery, New York, 1993

Literature

O'Neal, Berenice Abbott: American Photographer, p. 147 Yochelson, Berenice Abbott: Changing New York, pl. 22

161. Roy DeCarava 1919-2009

Man Coming Up Subway Stairs, 1952 Gelatin silver print, printed later. 18¼ x 12¼ in. (46.4 x 31.1 cm) Signed in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

DeCarava Foundation, New York, 1996



162. Walker Evans 1903-1975

South Street, New York, 1932 Gelatin silver print, printed later. $6\frac{1}{8} \times 8$ in. (15.6 × 20.3 cm) Lunn Archive stamp with the number '1' '104' in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

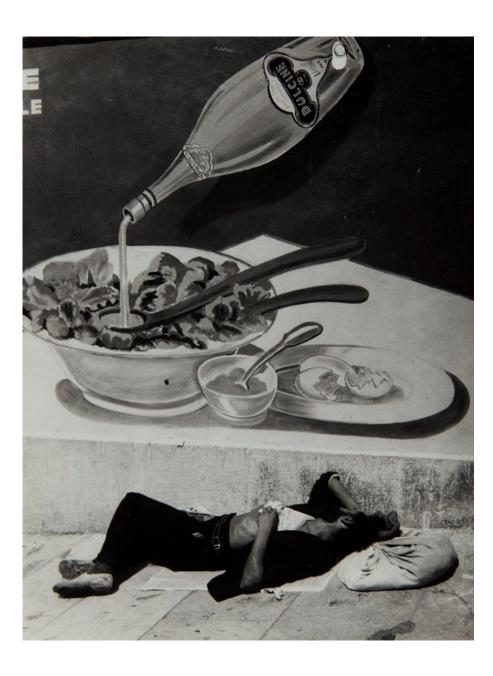
\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Estate of Valerie Lloyd Christie's, London, 5 May 2000, lot 410

Literature

Evans, *American Photographs*, Part One, pl. 48 Hambourg, Rosenheim, Eklund and Fineman, *Walker Evans*, p. 42



163. Brassaï (Gyula Halász) 1899-1984

Clochard endormi à Marseille, 1935 Gelatin silver print. 9¾ x 7 in. (23.8 x 17.8 cm) Signed, titled, dated in pencil, copyright credit in an unidentified hand in ink and '81, Rue du Faubrg St-Jacques' credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$12,000-18,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1996

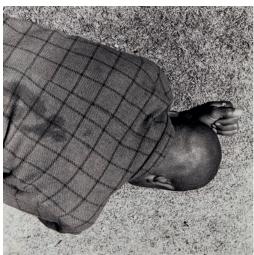
Literature

The Museum of Modern Art, *Brassaï*, cover Brassaï, *Camera in Paris*, p. 87 Tucker, *Brassaï*: *The Eye of Paris*, pl. 125 Hayward Gallery, *Brassaï*, *No Ordinary Eyes*, p. 258 Fraenkel Gallery, *Open Secrets: Seventy Pictures* on Paper, 1815 to the Present, pl. 50

















164. David Goldblatt b. 1930

Selected Images of South Africa, 1972-1986 Eight gelatin silver prints, printed later. Varying dimensions from $7\frac{1}{2} \times 111\frac{1}{4}$ in. (19.1 x 28.6 cm) to $14\frac{5}{6} \times 14\frac{5}{6}$ in. (37.1 x 37.1 cm) or the reverse Each signed, titled and dated in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 2002





166. Chris Killip b. 1946

Untitled (two girls on curb), 1989 Gelatin silver print. 16¼ x 20½ in. (41.3 x 52.1 cm) Signed and dated in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 1995

Girl with Hoop, 1989 Gelatin silver print. 133/8 x 201/8 in. (34 x 51.1 cm) Signed and dated in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 1995

Exhibited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., Hope Photographs, p. 55 (this print) there dated 1987

Exhibited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., Hope Photographs, pp. 128-129 (this print)



167. Josef Koudelka b. 1938

France, 1987 Gelatin silver print. 13¼ x 21½ in. (33.7 x 53.7 cm) Signed in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 18 October 2007, lot 234

Literature

Aperture, Koudelka, p. 80

168. Josef Koudelka b. 1938

Straznice, 1965 Gelatin silver print, printed later. 14½ x 22 in. (36.8 x 55.9 cm) Signed in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Pace/MacGill Gallery, New York, 1994

Exhibited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., *Hope Photographs*, p. 149 (this print)







169. W. Eugene Smith 1918-1978

Thelonious Monk Rehearsing in the Loft, 1959 Gelatin silver print.

834 x 131/4 in. (22.2 x 33.3 cm)

Annotated in pencil in the margin; estate stamp and annotated in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Estate of W. Eugene Smith Collection of Christopher Luce Robert Mann Gallery, New York, 1995

Literature

Mora and Hill, W. Eugene Smith, Photographs 1934-1975, p. 267

170. Roy DeCarava 1919-2009

George Morrow, 1956 Gelatin silver print, printed later. $12^34 \times 9^{14}$ in. $(32.4 \times 23.5 \text{ cm})$ Signed in ink in the margin; titled, dated, credited and copyright notation in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

DeCarava Foundation, New York, 1996



171. Robert Frank b. 1924

New York City, 1960 Gelatin silver print. $8\% \times 13\%$ in. (22.5 x 34.3 cm) Signed, titled and dated in ink in the margin.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

PhotoCollect, New York, 1992

172. Lee Friedlander b. 1934

Selected Portraits of Musicians, 1956-1957 Three gelatin silver prints, printed later. Each 13 \times 8¾ in. (33 \times 22.2 cm) or 10¼ \times 10¼ in. (26 \times 26 cm)

Each signed, titled, dated in pencil and copyright credit reproduction limitation stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

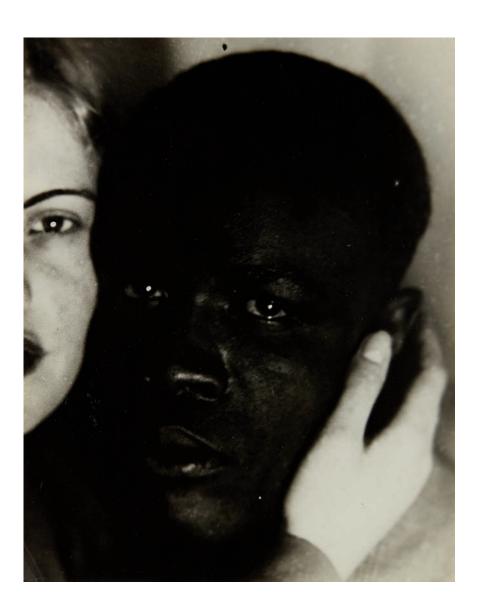
Janet Borden, Inc., New York, 1998

Literature

Friedlander, *Lee Friedlander: American Musicians*, pls. 179, 212, 234

Subjects include: *Bud Powell*, 1956; *Sarah Vaughn and Al Hibbler*, 1956; and *Billie Holiday*, 1957





173. Erwin Blumenfeld 1897-1969

Black and White, Amsterdam, 1933 Gelatin silver print. 12 x 9¾ in. (30.5 x 24.8 cm) '151 Kalverstraat Amsterdam' studio stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Deborah Bell Photographs, New York, 2003

174. Gerard Petrus Fieret 1924-2009

Untitled, 1960s
Gelatin silver print.
15% x 19% in. (39.7 x 49.8 cm)
Signed in ink, Dutch copyright credit stamps on the recto; English copyright credit stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$3,000-5,000

Provenance

Robert Mann Gallery, New York, 1996





175. William Klein b. 1928

Smoke + Veil, Paris (Vogue), 1958 Gelatin silver print. $15\% \times 12 \text{ in. } (39.7 \times 30.5 \text{ cm})$ Signed, titled, dated in pencil and '9, rue falguière' studio stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Howard Greenberg Gallery, New York, 1994

Literature

Random House, William Klein: In & Out of Fashion, cover, there titled Evelyn Tripp, Paris
Centre Georges-Pompidou, William Klein, p. 83



176. Ray K. Metzker b. 1931

Philadelphia, 1964 Gelatin silver print, printed 1980. $8\frac{3}{4} \times 6$ in. $(22.2 \times 15.2$ cm) Signed and numbered 18/20 in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Laurence Miller Gallery, New York, 2001

Literature

Prestel, Ray Metzker: City Stills, p. 66



177. Ralph Eugene Meatyard 1925-1972

 $\label{lem:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Untitled, (two ghosts with fireplace), 1969 \\ Gelatin silver print. \\ 61/4 \times 61/4 \ in. (15.9 \times 15.9 \ cm) \\ Photographer's notations, signed by Madelyn O. \\ Meatyard in ink and Lexington copyright credit stamps on the reverse of the mount. \\ \end{tabular}$

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Howard Greenberg Gallery, New York, 1998



178. Ralph Eugene Meatyard 1925-1972

Untitled (scream), 1955-1958 Gelatin silver print. $7\% \times 9\%$ in. (18.7 x 24.1 cm) Signed by Madelyn O. Meatyard in ink on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate \$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Howard Greenberg Gallery, New York, 1998





179. Frederick Sommer 1905-1999

Circumnavigation of the Blood, 1950 Gelatin silver print. $4 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ in. (10.2 x 14 cm) Signed, titled, dated in pencil and Museum of Modern Art Photography Department stamps on the reverse of the mount; Museum of Modern Art exhibition label affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

The artist, circa 1950-1952 Collection of The Museum of Modern Art, New York Sotheby's, New York, *Photographs from The Museum of Modern Art*, 22 October 2002, lot 11

Exhibited

Christmas Photographers, The Museum of Modern Art, New York, 28 November 1951-6 January 1952

Literature

Center for Creative Photography, Sommer: Words/Images, pl. 35 Lyons and Cox, Frederick Sommer: Photography, Drawing, Collage, p. 71

180. Frederick Sommer 1905-1999

Furies, 1946 Gelatin silver print. $9\frac{1}{2} \times 75\%$ in. (24.1 x 19.4 cm) Signed, titled and dated in pencil on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Sotheby's, London, 14 November 2006, lot 83

Literature

Center for Creative Photography, *Sommer:* Words/Images, pl. 30



181. Harry Callahan 1912-1999

Alley, Chicago, 1948
Gelatin silver print.
9¾ x 7¼ in. (24.8 x 18.4 cm)
Signed in ink and reproduction limitation stamp on the reverse of the mount; Art Lending Service of The Museum of Modern Art label affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 5 October 1999, lot 304 Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1999

Literature

Greenough, *Harry Callahan*, p. 58 The Museum of Modern Art, *Harry Callahan*, p. 34



182. Lee Friedlander b. 1934

New York City, 1966 Gelatin silver print. $61\% \times 91\%$ in. (15.6 × 24.1 cm) Signed, titled, dated in pencil and copyright credit reproduction limitation stamp on the verso.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Private Collection, Los Angeles Christie's, New York, 13 October 2000, lot 344

Literature

Galassi, Friedlander, pl. 120
Harry N. Abrams, Inc., Lee Friedlander: Like a
One-Eyed Cat: Photographs 1956-1987, pl. 20
Haywire Press, Lee Friedlander, Photographs, pl. 31
The Museum of Modern Art, Self Portrait, pl. 27
Glenn, Double Vision: Photographs from the
Strauss Collection, p. 82
Henry Art Gallery, After Art: Rethinking 150 Years
of Photography, p. 12
Schirmer/Mosel, Mechanismus und
Ausdruck, p. 169
Weski and Liesbrock, How You Look At It:



183. Garry Winogrand 1928-1984

Apollo 11 Moon Shot, Cape Kennedy, Florida, 1969 Gelatin silver print, printed later. 9 x 13½ in. (22.9 x 34.3 cm) Signed in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco, 1994

Exhibited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., Hope Photographs, pp. 90-91 (this print)
Museum of Modern Art, New York, Garry Winogrand: Public Relations, p. 18
Szarkowski, Garry Winogrand: Figments from the Real World, p. 153
T.F. Editores, Garry Winogrand: The Game of Photography, p. 67



184. Harry Callahan 1912-1999

Asheville, North Carolina, 1951 Gelatin silver print, printed no later than 1964. 63% x 9½ in. (16.2 x 24.1 cm) Signed, titled 'Ashville' [sic] and dated in ink on the mount; printed credit, title and date on El Mochuelo Gallery label affixed to the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

The photographer to El Mochuelo Gallery,
Santa Barbara
Light Gallery, New York
Private Collection
Pace/MacGill Gallery, New York
Private Collection, New York
Sotheby's, New York, Important Photographs from a
Private Collection, 27 April 2004, lot 4

Exhibited

El Mochuelo Gallery, Santa Barbara, 1964

Literature

El Mocheulo Gallery, *Photographs: Harry Callahan*, pl. 59 (this print)

The photograph offered here was exhibited in the seminal 1964 retrospective exhibition of Callahan's work at El Mochuelo Gallery in Santa Barbara. This print was also used for reproduction in the accompanying catalogue, *Photographs: Harry Callahan*, the first monograph published on the photographer's work. Callahan himself selected and sequenced the photographs in this volume, which remains the best and most comprehensive presentation of his work in print.





185. Arthur Siegel 1913-1979

Untitled (Barbara Siegel), 1947 Gelatin silver print. $95\% \times 75\%$ in. $(24.4 \times 19.4 \text{ cm})$ Signed by the artist and initialed by the artist's son in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Ehlers Caudill Gallery, Chicago, 1995

186. Arthur Siegel 1913-1979

Untitled (Barbara Siegel), 1947 Gelatin silver print. $9\frac{3}{4} \times 7\frac{3}{4}$ in. (24.8 x 19.7 cm) Signed by the artist and initialed by the artist's son in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Ehlers Caudill Gallery, Chicago, 1995



















Selected Images, 1970
Ten gelatin silver prints, printed 2001.
Each approximately 10×8 in. $(25.4 \times 20.3 \text{ cm})$ Each signed, dated and numbered in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

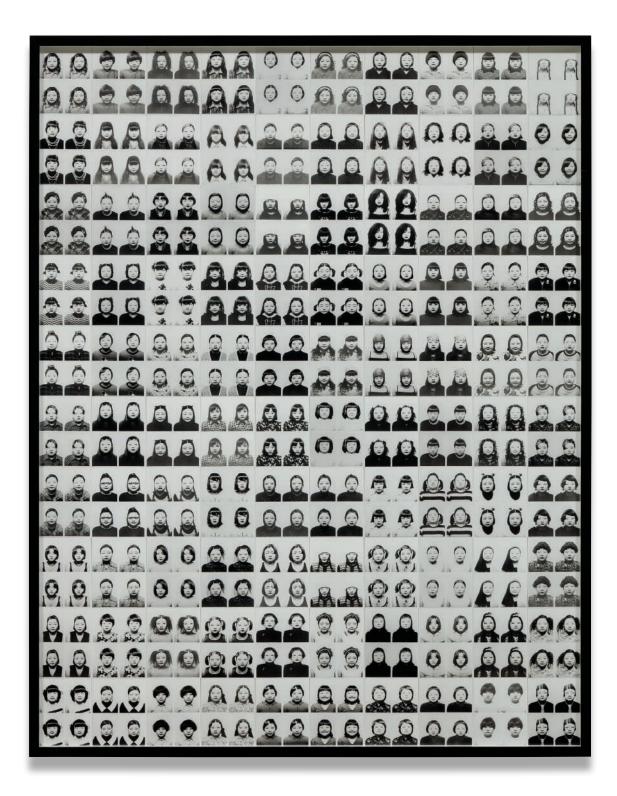
\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Joyce Neimanas, the photographer's wife, Albuquerque, 2006







188. Tomoko Sawada b. 1977

ID400 (#201-300), 1998-2001 One-hundred gelatin silver prints, flush-mounted as one composition. Each $4\frac{1}{2}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. (11.4 x 8.9 cm) Overall 45 x $34\frac{3}{4}$ in. (114.3 x 88.3 cm) Each signed, numbered $1\frac{1}{5}$ in ink and sequentially numbered 201-300 in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

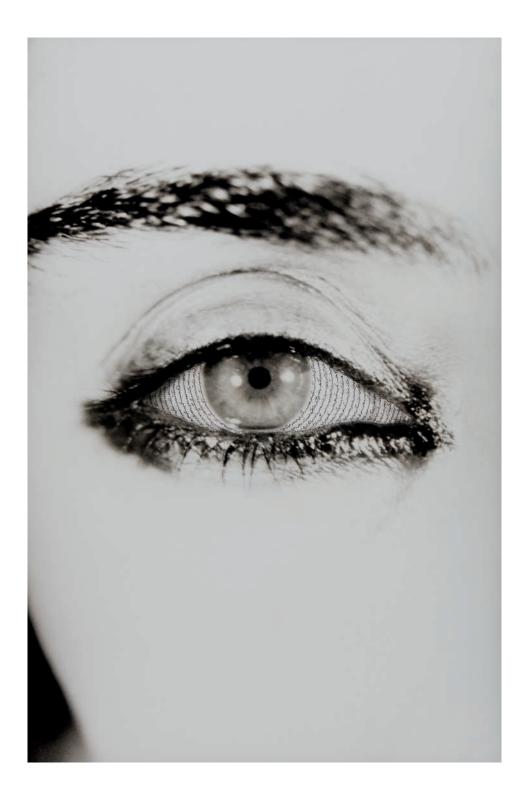
\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

The Third Gallery Aya, Tokyo, 2002

Exhibited

PhotoGENEsis: Opus 2, Santa Barbara Museum of Art, 9 November 2002- 9 February 2003



189. Shirin Neshat b. 1957

Offered Eyes from Unveiling, 1993 Gelatin silver print with calligraphic inscriptions in ink. 51¾ x 33¾ in. (131.4 x 85.7 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 2/3 in ink on the reverse of the flush-mount.

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

Provenance

Christie's, New York, 4 October 2001, lot 305

Literature

Edizioni Charta, *Shirin Neshat*, p. 56 Museo d'Arte Contemporanea, *Shirin Neshat*, p. 81













190. Duane Michals b. 1932

I Build a Pyramid, 1978 Six gelatin silver prints, printed later. Each $3\frac{1}{4} \times 5$ in. $(8.3 \times 12.7 \text{ cm})$ Signed, numbered 4/25 in ink on the last print; titled in ink on the first print; prints 2-6 numbered sequentially, all in ink in the margins.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Sidney Janis Gallery, New York, 1995

Exhibited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., *Hope Photographs*, pp. 152-153 (these prints)



191. Dieter Appelt b. 1935

Der Fleck auf dem Spiegel den der Atemhauch Schafft (The Mark on the Mirror Made by Breathing), 1977 Gelatin silver print, printed later. 1134 x 121/2 in. (29.8 x 31.8 cm) Signed, titled, dated in ink, 'Carmerstrasse 19' credit and copyright stamps on the reverse of the mount.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Galerie Clairefontaine, Lëtzebuerg, Luxembourg

Literature

Wolf, *Dieter Appelt*, inside front spread, pl. 24 Photo Poche, *Dieter Appelt*, pl. 17, there dated 1979

192. Peter Hujar 1934-1987

Susan Sontag, 1975 Gelatin silver print. 14¾ x 14¾ in. (37.5 x 37.5 cm) Signed, titled, dated in pencil by Stephen Koch, Executor, archive, estate and copyright credit stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Matthew Marks Gallery, New York, 2005

Literature

Stedelijk Museum Amsterdam, *Peter Hujar: A Retrospective*, p. 79



193. Peter Hujar 1934-1987

Cow with Straw in Its Mouth, 1978 Gelatin silver print.
14½ x 14¾ in. (37.1 x 37.5 cm)
Titled, dated, annotated 'unique unsigned print' in pencil by Stephen Koch, Executor, estate and copyright credit stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Gary Schneider & John Erdman, Brookhaven, New York, 2001

Exhibited

Peter Hujar: A Retrospective, Stedelijk Museum Amsterdam, 1994

Literature

Stedelijk Museum Amsterdam, *Peter Hujar: A Retrospective*, p. 135









194. Daido Moriyama b. 1938

Selected Images, circa 1980 Three gelatin silver prints. Each 11 x 16¼ in. (27.9 x 41.3 cm) Each signed in romaji and Japanese in pencil on the verso.

Estimate \$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Laurence Miller Gallery, New York, 1993



195. Masahisa Fukase 1934-2012

Nayoro from Ravens, 1976 Gelatin silver print, printed 1986. 11½ x 16½ in. (28.3 x 42.2 cm) Signed in ink in the margin; annotated 'Hokkaido Nayoro-shi' in Japanese and dated '1976' and '1986' in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-20,000

Provenance

Robert Mann Gallery, New York, 2002

Literature

Fukase, The Solitude of Ravens, p. 7



196. Henry Wessel, Jr. b. 1942

Night Walk, Los Angeles, No. 43, 1995 Gelatin silver print. $15 \times 22\%$ in. (38.1 × 56.8 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 3/12 in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Gallery Luisotti, Santa Monica, 2001

197. Henry Wessel, Jr. b. 1942

Night Walk, Los Angeles, No. 28, 1995 Gelatin silver print. $15 \times 22\%$ in. (38.1 x 56.8 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 6/12 in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Gallery Luisotti, Santa Monica, 2001

Literature

Zander, Henry Wessel, p. 103





198. Todd Hido b. 1968

#2604-0 from House Hunting, 2000 Chromogenic print. 48×38 in. (121.9 x 96.5 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 3/3 in ink on the reverse of the flush-mount.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Nazraeli Press, Portland, 2004





199. Lewis Baltz 1945-2014

Columbia, South Carolina, 1973 Gelatin silver print. 6 x 8% in. (15.2 x 22.5 cm)

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Leo Castelli Gallery, New York Harry Lunn, Paris Artcurial, Paris, 18 November 2006, lot 38

Exhibited

Public Places, Leo Castelli Gallery, New York, 1973

200. Henry Wessel, Jr. b. 1942

Santa Monica, California, 1989 Gelatin silver print. $22\% \times 15$ in. (56.8×38.1 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 4/12 in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$6,000-8,000

Provenance

Gallery Luisotti, Santa Monica, 2004

Literature

Zander, Henry Wessel, p. 112



201. Stephen Shore b. 1947

 $\it U.S.$ 10, Post Falls, Idaho, August 25, 1974 Chromogenic print, printed later. 17½ x 21½ in. (43.5 x 54.6 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 5/8 in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$15,000-25,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 2001

Literature

Aperture, Stephen Shore: Uncommon Places, p. 98



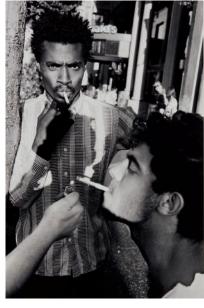














202. Jim Goldberg b. 1953

Selected Images from Raised by Wolves, 1988-1991 Eight gelatin silver prints, printed 1994. Varying dimensions from 12% x 8% in. (32.4 x 21.3 cm) to 22% x 17% in. (58.1 x 45.1 cm) Each signed, titled, dated and numbered in pencil on the verso. Each from an edition of 25.

Estimate

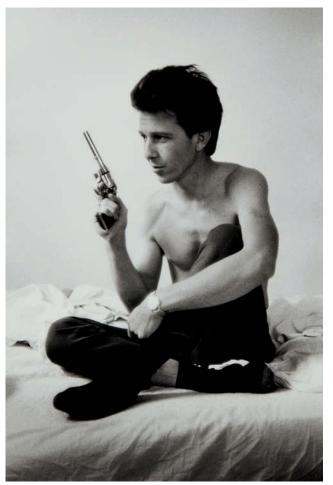
\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Pace/MacGill Gallery, New York, 1996







203. Larry Clark b. 1943

Tulsa

New York: RFG Publishing, Inc., 1980. A portfolio of fifty gelatin silver prints.

Each approximately $81/4 \times 123/6$ in. (21 x 31.4 cm) or the reverse.

Each signed, numbered sequentially 1-50 in pencil on the verso. Numbered 'l' in ink on the colophon with printed essay by the artist. Contained in a silver embossed black linen slipcase. One from an edition of 100 plus XV artist's proofs.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Phillips de Pury & Company, New York, 18 October 2006, lot 16 $\,$

Literature

Clark, Tulsa

Cambridge University Press, A History of Photography: Social and Cultural Perspectives, p. 216 Weski and Liesbrock, How You Look at It: Photographs of the 20th Century, pp. 312-317

204. Jeff Chien-Hsing Liao b. 1977

LIRR, Hunters Point from Habitat 7, 2004 Kodak Duraclear film transparency in fluorescent lightbox.

Overall $40 \times 96 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ in. (101.6 x 243.8 x 16.5 cm) Signed on a label accompanying the work.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 2006

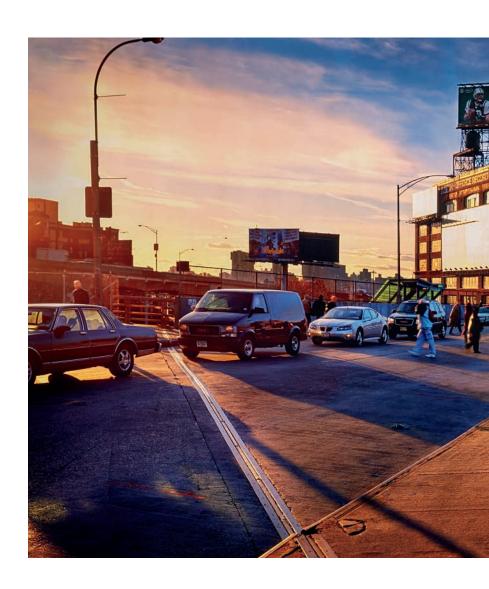
Exhibited

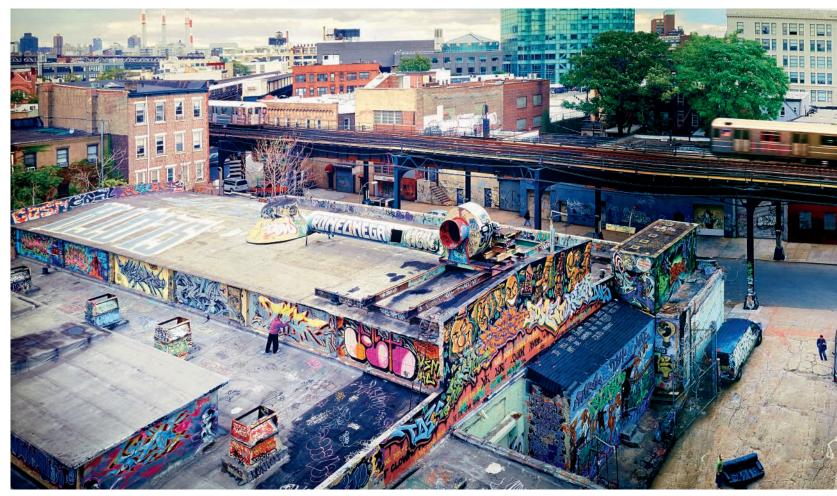
Jeff Chien-Hsing Liao: Habitat 7, Queens Museum of Art, 2006

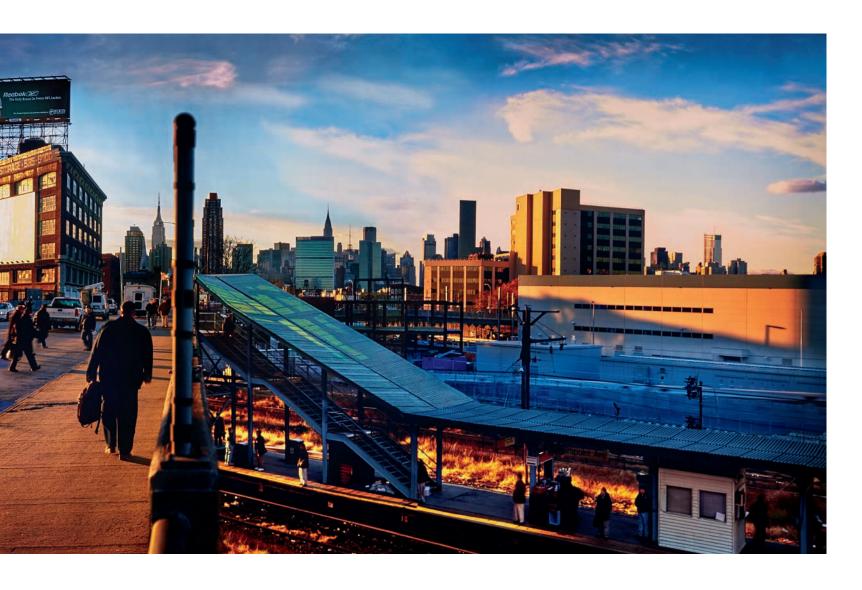
Literature

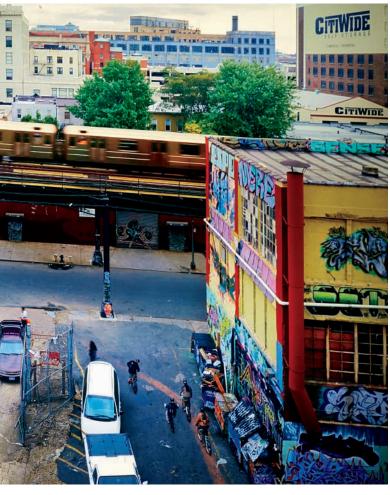
Liao, Habitat 7, n.p.

The light boxes offered in this and the following lot were originally produced for Jeff Liao's solo exhibition at the Queens Museum in 2006. As of this writing, they are the only examples of these images produced in this format.









205. Jeff Chien-Hsing Liao b. 1977

5 Pointz, Long Island City from Habitat 7, 2004 Kodak Duraclear film transparency in fluorescent lightbox.

Overall $40 \times 96 \times 6\frac{1}{2}$ in. (101.6 x 243.8 x 16.5 cm) Signed on a label accompanying the work.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

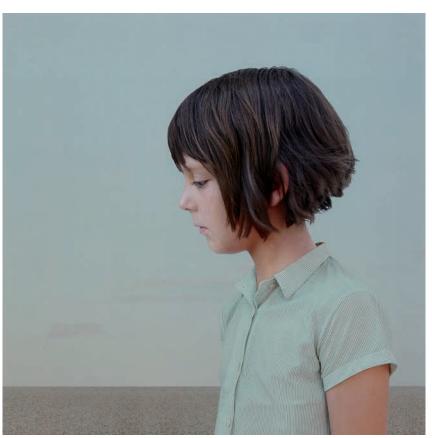
Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 2006 $\,$

Exhibited

Jeff Chien-Hsing Liao: Habitat 7, Queens Museum of Art, 2006





206. Loretta Lux b. 1969

Maria 1 and Maria 2, 2001 Two dye destruction prints. Each 9 x 9 in. (22.9 x 22.9 cm) Each signed, titled, dated and numbered 12/20 in pencil on the verso.

Estimate \$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Yossi Milo Gallery, New York, 2004

Literature

Aperture, *Loretta Lux*, p. 43, 45





207. Roni Horn b. 1955

Untitled #1, 1998
Two Iris prints.
Each 22 x 22 in. (55.9 x 55.9 cm)
Signed, titled, dated, numbered 14/15 and annotated '1 of 2 Right' in pencil on the reverse of the flush-mount of Print 1; numbered 14/15 and annotated '2 of 2 Left' in pencil on the reverse of the flush-mount of Print 2.

Estimate

\$20,000-30,000

Provenance

Matthew Marks Gallery, New York Lambert Art Collection Phillips de Pury & Company, New York, Veronica's Revenge, 9 November 2004, lot 79

Literature

Neri, Cooke and de Duve, Roni Horn, pp. 24-25



208. Fred Tomaselli b. 1956

Portrait of Gregory from Chemical Celestial Portraits, 1995 Gelatin silver print with graphite. 16×20 in. $(40.6 \times 50.8 \text{ cm})$ Signed, titled, dated and extensively annotated in pencil on the recto; inscribed 'Aries' in ink on the verso.

Estimate \$12,000-18,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, Brooklyn

209. Fred Tomaselli b. 1956

Portrait of Joe from Chemical Celestial Portraits, 1995
Gelatin silver print with graphite.
16 x 20 in. (40.6 x 50.8 cm)
Signed, titled, dated and extensively annotated in pencil on the recto; inscribed 'Cancer' in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$12,000-18,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, Brooklyn





210. Richard Misrach b. 1949

Araby, Arizona, 3.24.95, 7:27 pm, 1995 Chromogenic print. $47\% \times 59\%$ in. (120.7 x 151.1 cm) Signed, titled and dated in ink on a label affixed to the reverse of the flush-mount; engraved title and date on the frame.

Estimate \$18,000-22,000

Provenance

Danziger Gallery, New York



211. Louise Lawler b. 1947

Not Yet Titled, 2004 Dye destruction print. $23\frac{1}{2} \times 29\frac{1}{2}$ in. (59.7 x 74.9 cm) Signed, dated and numbered 2/5 in ink on the reverse of the flush-mount.

Estimate

\$25,000-35,000

Provenance

Metro Pictures, New York, 2004



212. Vik Muniz b. 1961

Still Life after Morandi from Pictures of Magazines, 2004 Chromogenic print. 71 x 83¾ in. (180.3 x 212.7 cm) Signed and dated in ink on a gallery label affixed to the reverse of the flush-mount. Number AP 2 from an edition of 6 plus 4 artist's proofs.

Estimate

\$30,000-50,000

Provenance

Brent Sikkema Gallery, New York, 2004

Literature

Capivara, Vik Muniz: Obra Completa, 1987-2009, p. 480





213. James Welling b. 1951

Untitled #0696 (Glass House), 2006 Archival pigment print, mounted. 33 x 50 in. (83.8 x 127 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 4/5 in ink in the margin.

Estimate \$8,000-12,000

Provenance

David Zwirner Gallery, New York, 2010

214. Susan Derges b. 1955

The River Taw (Hazel), June 16, 1998 Unique dye destruction photogram, flush-mounted. 66 x 24 in. (167.6 x 61 cm) Signed, titled and dated on a label accompanying the work.

Estimate

\$8,000-12,000

Provenance

Danziger Gallery, New York, 1999



215. Thomas Struth b. 1954

Paradise 8 (Blumfield Track), Daintree, Australia, 1998 Chromogenic print, face-mounted to Plexiglas. 65 x 82¼ in. (165.1 x 208.9 cm) Signed, titled, dated and numbered 2/10 in pencil on the verso; numbered 2/10 in ink on the reverse of the frame.

Estimate

\$40,000-60,000

Provenance

Marian Goodman Gallery, New York, 1999

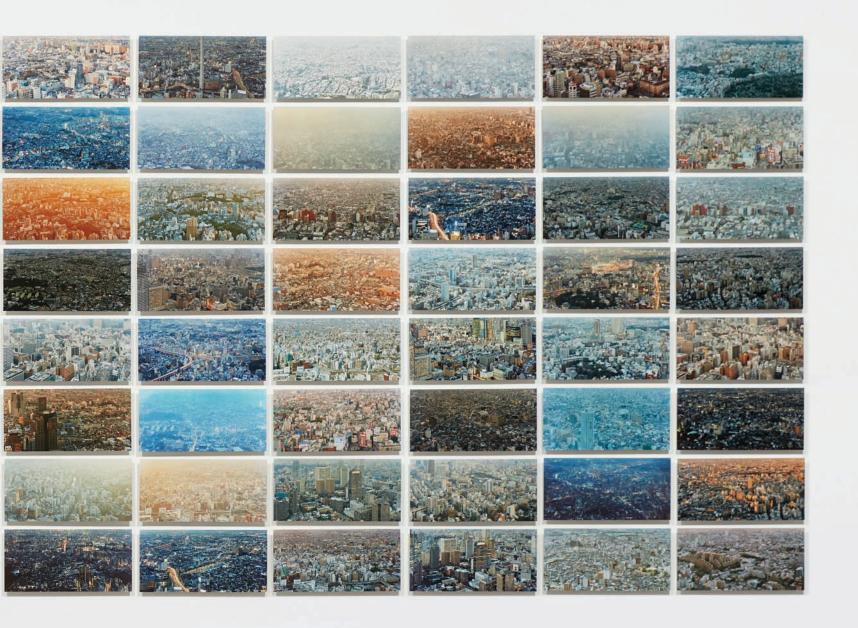


216. Naoya Hatakeyama b. 1958

Untitled (Tokyo), 1988-2005
Ninty-six chromogenic prints, printed 2005
Each 8% x 18% in. (22.5 x 46 cm)
Overall 79 x 230 in. (200.7 x 584.2 cm)
Each signed, titled and dated in ink on the reverse of the flush-mount.

Estimate \$30,000-50,000

Provenance
Taka Ishii Gallery, Tokyo, 200!





217. Hiro b. 1930

Apollo 11, 9:32 AM, 7-16-69, Maiden Voyage to the Moon, 1969 Dye transfer print, printed 1984. $37\frac{3}{4} \times 29\frac{1}{2}$ in. (95.9 x 74.9 cm) Signed, numbered 5/20 in crayon, title and copyright credit reproduction limitation stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 1995

Exhibited

Hope Photographs, The National Arts Club, New York, February-March 1997, and traveling to 9 other venues through 2005

Literature

George and Marks, eds., *Hope Photographs*, p. 77 (this print)



218. Hiro b. 1930

Popping Pills, New York City, May 4, 1972 Dye transfer print, printed 1990. 19% x 13 in. (50.5 x 33 cm) Signed, numbered 9/16 in pencil, title, date and copyright credit reproduction limitation stamps on the verso.

Estimate

\$4,000-6,000

Provenance

Lee Marks Fine Art, Shelbyville, Indiana, 1995

219. Evelyn Hofer 1922-2009

Little Italy, Mulberry Street, New York, 1965 Dye transfer print, printed later. 12% x 10% in. (32.7 x 25.7 cm) Signed, titled and dated in pencil on the verso.

Estimate

\$4,000-6,000

Provenance

Witkin Gallery, New York, 1995











220. Eikoh Hosoe b. 1933

Barakei Shinshuban (Ordeal by Roses Re-Edited) Tokyo: Shueisha, 1971.

Overall $15\sqrt[3]{x} \times 21\sqrt[3]{x}$ 1¼ in. (40 x 54.6 x 3.2 cm) A book illustrated with reproductions of photographs by Hosoe and drawings by Tadanori Yokoo, designed by Yokoo, preface in Japanese by Yukio Mishima. Folio, bound in black velvet with affixed illustration on front cover, enclosed within a white linen portfolio case with interior illustrations by Yokoo.

Estimate

\$7,000-9,000

Literature

Parr and Badger, *The Photobook: A History, Volume 1*, pp. 282-283













221. Wang Qingsong b. 1966

Past, Present and Future, 2001
Three chromogenic prints.
Each 47 x 58½ in. (119.4 x 148.6 cm) or 47 x 78 in. (119.4 x 198.1 cm)
Each signed in Chinese and Pinyin, dated, numbered 10/10 in ink and 'People's Republic of China' credit

Estimate

\$50,000-70,000

stamps on the recto.

Provenance

Courtyard Gallery, Beijing, 2002

Literature

Shanghai Sanya Culture, *Narrator of China's Contemporary Life: Wang Qingsong*, pp. 144-149
Center Pompidou, *Alors, la Chine?*, pp. 275-276
Changsha, *Chinese Avant-Garde Photography Since* 1990, p. 239

Hung and Phillips, Between Past and Future: New Photography and Video from China, pl. 27 Kunstmuseum Bern/Hamburger Kunsthalle, Mahjong: Contemporary Chinese Art from the Sigg Collection, pp. 112-113

Marella Arte Contemporanea, Out of the Red: The New Emerging Generation of Chinese Photographers, pp. 186-189

Zu Qi, Chinese Avant-Garde Photography Since 1990, p. 239



222. Dinh Q. Lê b. 1968

Untitled #4, 1998 Cut and woven chromogenic prints and linen tape. 29×87 in. $(73.7 \times 221 \text{ cm})$ Accompanied by a Certificate of Authenticity.

Estimate

\$12,000-18,000

Provenance P.P.O.W./ Pilkington-Olsoff Fine Arts, Inc., New York, 2002



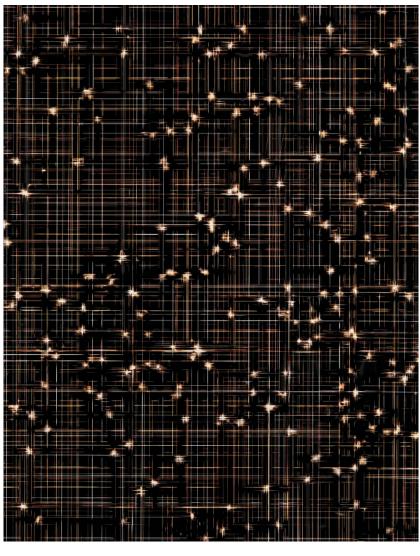
223. Marco Breuer b. 1966

Untitled (C-434), 2004 Unique dye destruction print, hand-scratched by the artist. 13 3 4 x 10 5 6 in. (34.9 x 27 cm) Signed, dated and numbered 'C-434' in pencil on the verso.

Estimate \$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Von Lintel Gallery, New York, 2005





224. Gregory Crewdson b. 1962

Natural Wonder, 1991 Chromogenic print. $18\frac{1}{4} \times 22\frac{1}{4}$ in. $(46.4 \times 56.5 \text{ cm})$ Signed, dated and numbered 1/10 in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$4,000-6,000

Provenance

Blum Helman Gallery, New York Christie's, New York, 26 April 2005, lot 300

Literature

Esquire, August 1992, p. 41



225. Gregory Crewdson b. 1962

Natural Wonder, 1991 Chromogenic print. $181\!\!/\,x\,22~\text{in.}~(46.4\,x\,55.9~\text{cm})$ Signed, dated and numbered 1/10 in ink on the verso.

Estimate

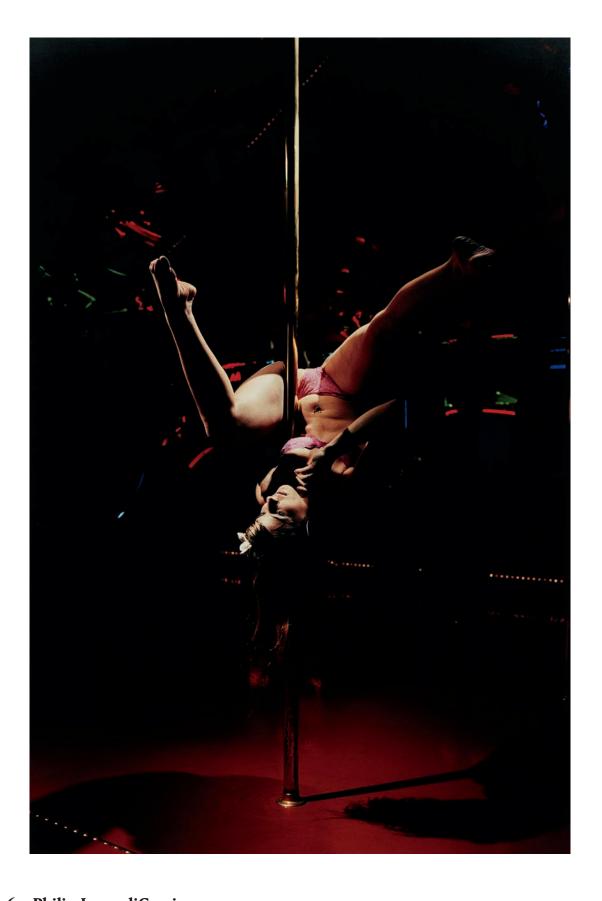
\$4,000-6,000

Provenance

Blum Helman Gallery, New York Christie's, New York, 26 April 2005, lot 299

Literature

Aperture, Spring 1992, cover



226. Philip-Lorca diCorcia b. 1951

Heema, 2004 Chromogenic print. $60\% \times 39\%$ in. (154.6 x 101.3 cm) Signed in ink on a label affixed to the reverse of the frame. Number 6 from an edition of 8.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Pace/MacGill Gallery, New York, 2005







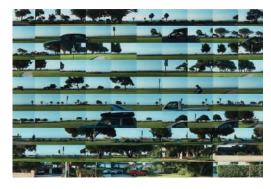














227. Robbert Flick b. 1939

Along Cabrillo Boulevard
Santa Barbara: Photofutures, Santa Barbara
Museum of Art, 2004. Ten archival
pigment prints.
Each 11¾ x 17 in. (28.9 x 43.2 cm)
Each signed, numbered, sequentially
numbered 'I-X' in pencil in the margin.
Numbered 6 in pencil on the colophon.
Contained in a green folded card envelope box
with embossed title card and Santa Barbara
Museum of Art acrylic label. Number 6 from an
edition of 25.

Estimate \$5,000-7,000

Provenance

Santa Barbara Museum of Art, 2005

















228. John Divola b. 1949

Selected Images from Dogs Chasing My Car in the Desert, 1996-2000
Eight archival pigment prints, printed 2004.
Each 23 x 32 in. (58.4 x 81.3 cm)
Each signed, dated, numbered 2/15 and copyright notation in ink on the verso.

Estimate

\$10,000-15,000

Provenance

Acquired directly from the artist, 2004 $\,$

Literature

Nazraeli Press, Dogs Chasing My Car in the Desert, various plates

Guide for Prospective Buyers

Buying at Auction

The following pages are designed to offer you information on how to buy at auction at Phillips. Our staff will be happy to assist you.

Conditions of Sale

The Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty which appear later in this catalogue govern the auction. Bidders are strongly encouraged to read them as they outline the legal relationship among Phillips, the seller and the buyer and describe the terms upon which property is bought at auction. Please be advised that Phillips generally acts as agent for the seller.

Buyer's Premium

Phillips charges the successful bidder a commission, or buyer's premium, on the hammer price of each lot sold. The buyer's premium is payable by the buyer as part of the total purchase price at the following rates: 25% of the hammer price up to and including \$200,000, 20% of the portion of the hammer price above \$200,000 up to and including \$3,000,000 and 12% of the portion of the hammer price above \$3,000,000.

1 Prior to Auction

Catalogue Subscriptions

If you would like to purchase a catalogue for this auction or any other Phillips sale, please contact us at +12129401240 or +442073184010.

Pre-Sale Estimates

Pre-sale estimates are intended as a guide for prospective buyers. Any bid within the high and low estimate range should, in our opinion, offer a chance of success. However, many lots achieve prices below or above the pre-sale estimates. Where "Estimate on Request" appears, please contact the specialist department for further information. It is advisable to contact us closer to the time of the auction as estimates can be subject to revision. Pre-sale estimates do not include the buyer's premium or any applicable taxes.

$\label{lem:pre-Sale} \textbf{Pre-Sale Estimates in Pounds Sterling and Euros}$

Although the sale is conducted in US dollars, the pre-sale estimates in the auction catalogues may also be printed in pounds sterling and/or euros. Since the exchange rate is that at the time of catalogue production and not at the date of auction, you should treat estimates in pounds sterling or euros as a guide only.

Catalogue Entries

Phillips may print in the catalogue entry the history of ownership of a work of art, as well as the exhibition history of the property and references to the work in art publications. While we are careful in the cataloguing process, provenance, exhibition and literature references may not be exhaustive and in some cases we may intentionally refrain from disclosing the identity of previous owners. Please note that all dimensions of the property set forth in the catalogue entry are approximate.

Condition of Lots

Our catalogues include references to condition only in the descriptions of multiple works (e.g., prints). Such references, though, do not amount to a full description of condition. The absence of reference to the condition of a lot in the catalogue entry does not imply that the lot is free from faults or imperfections. Solely as a convenience to clients, Phillips may provide condition reports. In preparing such reports, our specialists assess the condition in a manner appropriate to the estimated value of the property and the nature of the auction in which it is included. While condition reports are prepared honestly and carefully, our staff are not professional restorers or trained conservators. We therefore encourage all prospective buyers to inspect the property at the pre-sale exhibitions and recommend, particularly in the case of any lot of significant value, that you retain your own restorer or professional advisor to report to you on the property's condition prior to bidding. Any prospective buyer of photographs or prints should always request a condition report because all such property is sold unframed, unless otherwise indicated in the condition report. If a lot is sold framed, Phillips accepts no liability for the condition of the frame. If we sell any lot unframed, we will be pleased to refer the purchaser to a professional framer.

Pre-Auction Viewing

Pre-auction viewings are open to the public and free of charge. Our specialists are available to give advice and condition reports at viewings or by appointment.

Electrical and Mechanical Lots

All lots with electrical and/or mechanical features are sold on the basis of their decorative value only and should not be assumed to be operative. It is essential that, prior to any intended use, the electrical system is verified and approved by a qualified electrician.

Symbol Key

The following key explains the symbols you may see inside this catalogue.

○ ♦ Guaranteed Property

The seller of lots designated with the symbol O has been guaranteed a minimum price financed solely by Phillips. Where the guarantee is provided by a third party or jointly by us and a third party, the property will be denoted with the symbols O ◆. When a third party has financed all or part of our financial interest in a lot, it assumes all or part of the risk that the lot will not be sold and will be remunerated accordingly. The compensation will be a fixed fee, a percentage of the hammer price or the buyer's premium or some combination of the foregoing. The third party may bid on the guaranteed lot during the auction. If the third party is the successful bidder, the remuneration may be netted against the final purchase price. If the lot is not sold, the third party may incur a loss. Where Phillips has guaranteed a minimum price on every lot in the catalogue, Phillips will not designate each lot with the symbol(s) for the guaranteed property but will state our financial interest at the front of the catalogue.

$\Delta\,$ Property in Which Phillips Has an Ownership Interest

Lots with this symbol indicate that Phillips owns the lot in whole or in part or has an economic interest in the lot equivalent to an ownership interest.

No Reserve

Unless indicated by a •, all lots in this catalogue are offered subject to a reserve. A reserve is the confidential value established between Phillips and the seller and below which a lot may not be sold. The reserve for each lot is generally set at a percentage of the low estimate and will not exceed the low pre-sale estimate.

$\Sigma \,\, \textbf{Endangered Species}$

Lots with this symbol have been identified at the time of cataloguing as containing endangered or other protected species of wildlife which may be subject to restrictions regarding export or import and which may require permits for export as well as import. Please refer to Paragraph 4 of the Guide for Prospective Buyers and Paragraph 11 of the Conditions of Sale.

2 Bidding in the Sale

Bidding at Auction

Bids may be executed during the auction in person by paddle, by telephone, online or prior to the sale in writing by absentee bid. Proof of identity in the form of government issued identification will be required, as will an original signature. We may also require that you furnish us with a bank reference.

Bidding in Person

To bid in person, you will need to register for and collect a paddle before the auction begins. New clients are encouraged to register at least 48 hours in advance of a sale to allow sufficient time for us to process your information. All lots sold will be invoiced to the name and address to which the paddle has been registered and invoices cannot be transferred to other names and addresses. Please do not misplace your paddle. In the event you lose it, inform a Phillips staff member immediately. At the end of the auction, please return your paddle to the registration desk.

Bidding by Telephone

If you cannot attend the auction, you may bid live on the telephone with one of our multi-lingual staff members. This service must be arranged at least 24 hours in advance of the sale and is available for lots whose low pre-sale estimate is at least \$1,000. Telephone bids may be recorded. By bidding on the telephone, you consent to the recording of your conversation. We suggest that you leave a maximum bid, excluding the buyer's premium and any applicable taxes, which we can execute on your behalf in the event we are unable to reach you by telephone.

Online Bidding

If you cannot attend the auction in person, you may bid online on our online live bidding platform available on our website at www.phillips.com. The digital saleroom is optimized to run on Google Chrome, Firefox, Opera and Internet Explorer browsers. Clients who wish to run the platform on Safari will need to install Adobe FlashPlayer. Follow the links to 'Auctions' and 'Digital Saleroom' and then pre-register by clicking on 'Register to Bid Live.' The first time you register you will be required to create an account; thereafter you will only need to register for each sale. You must pre-register at least 24 hours before the start of the auction in order to be approved by our bid department. Please note that corporate firewalls may cause difficulties for online bidders.

Absentee Bids

If you are unable to attend the auction and cannot participate by telephone, Phillips will be happy to execute written bids on your behalf. A bidding form can be found at the back of this catalogue. This service is free and confidential. Bids must be placed in the currency of the sale. Our staff will attempt to execute an absentee bid at the lowest possible price taking into account the reserve and other bidders. Always indicate a maximum bid, excluding the buyer's premium and any applicable taxes. Unlimited bids will not be accepted. Any absentee bid must be received at least 24 hours in advance of the sale. In the event of identical bids, the earliest bid received will take precedence.

Employee Bidding

Employees of Phillips and our affiliated companies, including the auctioneer, may bid at the auction by placing absentee bids so long as they do not know the reserve when submitting their absentee bids and otherwise comply with our employee bidding procedures.

Bidding Increments

Bidding generally opens below the low estimate and advances in increments of up to 10%, subject to the auctioneer's discretion. Absentee bids that do not conform to the increments set below may be lowered to the next bidding increment.

| \$50 to \$1,000 | by \$50s |
|------------------------|--|
| \$1,000 to \$2,000 | by \$100s |
| \$2,000 to \$3,000 | by \$200s |
| \$3,000 to \$5,000 | by \$200s, 500, 800 (<u>i.e.</u> , \$4,200, 4,500, 4,800) |
| \$5,000 to \$10,000 | by \$500s |
| \$10,000 to \$20,000 | by \$1,000s |
| \$20,000 to \$30,000 | by \$2,000s |
| \$30,000 to \$50,000 | by \$2,000s, 5,000, 8,000 |
| \$50,000 to \$100,000 | by \$5,000s |
| \$100,000 to \$200,000 | by \$10,000s |
| above \$200,000 | auctioneer's discretion |

The auctioneer may vary the increments during the course of the auction at his or her own discretion.

3 The Auction

Conditions of Sale

As noted above, the auction is governed by the Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty. All prospective bidders should read them carefully. They may be amended by saleroom addendum or auctioneer's announcement.

Interested Parties Announcement

In situations where a person allowed to bid on a lot has a direct or indirect interest in such lot, such as the beneficiary or executor of an estate selling the lot, a joint owner of the lot or a party providing or participating in a guarantee on the lot, Phillips will make an announcement in the saleroom that interested parties may bid on the lot.

Consecutive and Responsive Bidding; No Reserve Lots

The auctioneer may open the bidding on any lot by placing a bid on behalf of the seller. The auctioneer may further bid on behalf of the seller up to the amount of the reserve by placing consecutive bids or bids in response to other bidders. If a lot is offered without reserve, unless there are already competing absentee bids, the auctioneer will generally open the bidding at 50% of the lot's low presale estimate. In the absence of a bid at that level, the auctioneer will proceed backwards at his or her discretion until a bid is recognized and will then advance

the bidding from that amount. Absentee bids on no reserve lots will, in the absence of a higher bid, be executed at approximately 50% of the low pre-sale estimate or at the amount of the bid if it is less than 50% of the low pre-sale estimate. If there is no bid whatsoever on a no reserve lot, the auctioneer may deem such lot unsold.

4 After the Auction

Payment

Buyers are required to pay for purchases immediately following the auction unless other arrangements are agreed with Phillips in writing in advance of the sale. Payment must be made in US dollars either by cash, check drawn on a US bank or wire transfer, as noted in Paragraph 6 of the Conditions of Sale. It is our corporate policy not to make or accept single or multiple payments in cash or cash equivalents in excess of US\$10,000.

Credit Cards

As a courtesy to clients, Phillips will accept American Express, Visa and Mastercard to pay for invoices of \$50,000 or less.

Collection

It is our policy to request proof of identity on collection of a lot. A lot will be released to the buyer or the buyer's authorized representative when Phillips has received full and cleared payment and we are not owed any other amount by the buyer. Promptly after the auction, we will transfer all lots to our warehouse located at 29-09 37th Avenue in Long Island City, Queens, New York. All purchased lots should be collected at this location during our regular weekday business hours. As a courtesy to clients, we will upon request transfer purchased lots suitable for hand carry back to our premises at 450 Park Avenue, New York, New York for collection within 30 days following the date of the auction. We will levy removal, interest, storage and handling charges on uncollected lots.

Loss or Damage

Buyers are reminded that Phillips accepts liability for loss or damage to lots for a maximum of seven days following the auction.

Transport and Shipping

As a free service for buyers, Phillips will wrap purchased lots for hand carry only. Alternatively, we will either provide packing, handling and shipping services or coordinate with shipping agents in order to facilitate such services for property purchased at Phillips. In the event that the property is collected in New York by the buyer or the buyer's designee (including any private carrier) for subsequent transport out of state, Phillips may be required by law to collect New York sales tax, regardless of the lot's ultimate destination. Please refer to Paragraph 17 of the Conditions of Sale for more information.

Export and Import Licenses

Before bidding for any property, prospective bidders are advised to make independent inquiries as to whether a license is required to export the property from the United States or to import it into another country. It is the buyer's sole responsibility to comply with all import and export laws and to obtain any necessary licenses or permits. The denial of any required license or permit or any delay in obtaining such documentation will not justify the cancellation of the sale or any delay in making full payment for the lot.

Endangered Species

Items made of or incorporating plant or animal material, such as coral, crocodile, ivory, whalebone, Brazilian rosewood, rhinoceros horn or tortoiseshell, irrespective of age, percentage or value, may require a license or certificate prior to exportation and additional licenses or certificates upon importation to any foreign country. Please note that the ability to obtain an export license or certificate does not ensure the ability to obtain an import license or certificate in another country, and vice versa. We suggest that prospective bidders check with their own government regarding wildlife import requirements prior to placing a bid. It is the buyer's sole responsibility to obtain any necessary export or import licenses or certificates as well as any other required documentation. Please note that lots containing potentially regulated plant or animal material are marked as a convenience to our clients, but Phillips does not accept liability for errors or for failing to mark lots containing protected or regulated species.

Conditions of Sale

The Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty set forth below govern the relationship between bidders and buyers, on the one hand, and Phillips and sellers, on the other hand. All prospective buyers should read these Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty carefully before bidding.

1 Introduction

Each lot in this catalogue is offered for sale and sold subject to: (a) the Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty; (b) additional notices and terms printed in other places in this catalogue, including the Guide for Prospective Buyers, and (c) supplements to this catalogue or other written material posted by Phillips in the saleroom, in each case as amended by any addendum or announcement by the auctioneer prior to the auction.

By bidding at the auction, whether in person, through an agent, by written bid, by telephone bid or other means, bidders and buyers agree to be bound by these Conditions of Sale, as so changed or supplemented, and Authorship Warranty.

These Conditions of Sale, as so changed or supplemented, and Authorship Warranty contain all the terms on which Phillips and the seller contract with the buyer.

2 Phillips as Agent

Phillips acts as an agent for the seller, unless otherwise indicated in this catalogue or at the time of auction. On occasion, Phillips may own a lot directly, in which case we will act in a principal capacity as a consignor, or a company affiliated with Phillips may own a lot, in which case we will act as agent for that company, or Phillips or an affiliated company may have a legal, beneficial or financial interest in a lot as a secured creditor or otherwise.

3 Catalogue Descriptions and Condition of Property

Lots are sold subject to the Authorship Warranty, as described in the catalogue (unless such description is changed or supplemented, as provided in Paragraph 1 above) and in the condition that they are in at the time of the sale on the following basis.

- (a) The knowledge of Phillips in relation to each lot is partially dependent on information provided to us by the seller, and Phillips is not able to and does not carry out exhaustive due diligence on each lot. Prospective buyers acknowledge this fact and accept responsibility for carrying out inspections and investigations to satisfy themselves as to the lots in which they may be interested. Notwithstanding the foregoing, we shall exercise such reasonable care when making express statements in catalogue descriptions or condition reports as is consistent with our role as auctioneer of lots in this sale and in light of (i) the information provided to us by the seller, (ii) scholarship and technical knowledge and (iii) the generally accepted opinions of relevant experts, in each case at the time any such express statement is made.
- (b) Each lot offered for sale at Phillips is available for inspection by prospective buyers prior to the auction. Phillips accepts bids on lots on the basis that bidders (and independent experts on their behalf, to the extent appropriate given the nature and value of the lot and the bidder's own expertise) have fully inspected the lot prior to bidding and have satisfied themselves as to both the condition of the lot and the accuracy of its description.
- (c) Prospective buyers acknowledge that many lots are of an age and type which means that they are not in perfect condition. As a courtesy to clients, Phillips may prepare and provide condition reports to assist prospective buyers when they are inspecting lots. Catalogue descriptions and condition reports may make reference to particular imperfections of a lot, but bidders should note that lots may have other faults not expressly referred to in the catalogue or condition report. All dimensions are approximate. Illustrations are for identification purposes only and cannot be used as precise indications of size or to convey full information as to the actual condition of lots.
- (d) Information provided to prospective buyers in respect of any lot, including any pre-sale estimate, whether written or oral, and information in any catalogue, condition or other report, commentary or valuation, is not a representation of fact but rather a statement of opinion held by Phillips. Any pre-sale estimate may not be relied on as a prediction of the selling price or value of the lot and may be

revised from time to time by Phillips in our absolute discretion. Neither Phillips nor any of our affiliated companies shall be liable for any difference between the presale estimates for any lot and the actual price achieved at auction or upon resale.

4 Bidding at Auction

- (a) Phillips has absolute discretion to refuse admission to the auction or participation in the sale. All bidders must register for a paddle prior to bidding, supplying such information and references as required by Phillips.
- (b) As a convenience to bidders who cannot attend the auction in person, Phillips may, if so instructed by the bidder, execute written absentee bids on a bidder's behalf. Absentee bidders are required to submit bids on the Absentee Bid Form, a copy of which is printed in this catalogue or otherwise available from Phillips. Bids must be placed in the currency of the sale. The bidder must clearly indicate the maximum amount he or she intends to bid, excluding the buyer's premium and any applicable sales or use taxes. The auctioneer will not accept an instruction to execute an absentee bid which does not indicate such maximum bid. Our staff will attempt to execute an absentee bid at the lowest possible price taking into account the reserve and other bidders. Any absentee bid must be received at least 24 hours in advance of the sale. In the event of identical bids, the earliest bid received will take precedence.
- (c) Telephone bidders are required to submit bids on the Telephone Bid Form, a copy of which is printed in this catalogue or otherwise available from Phillips. Telephone bidding is available for lots whose low pre-sale estimate is at least \$1,000. Phillips reserves the right to require written confirmation of a successful bid from a telephone bidder by fax or otherwise immediately after such bid is accepted by the auctioneer. Telephone bids may be recorded and, by bidding on the telephone, a bidder consents to the recording of the conversation.
- (d) Bidders may participate in an auction by bidding online through Phillips's online live bidding platform available on our website at www.phillips.com. To bid online, bidders must register online at least 24 hours before the start of the auction. Online bidding is subject to approval by Phillips's bid department in our sole discretion. As noted in Paragraph 3 above, Phillips encourages online bidders to inspect prior to the auction any lot(s) on which they may bid, and condition reports are available upon request. Bidding in a live auction can progress quickly. To ensure that online bidders are not placed at a disadvantage when bidding against bidders in the room or on the telephone, the procedure for placing bids through Phillips's online bidding platform is a one-step process. By clicking the bid button on the computer screen, a bidder submits a bid. Online bidders acknowledge and agree that bids so submitted are final and may not under any circumstances be amended or retracted. During a live auction, when bids other than online bids are placed, they will be displayed on the online bidder's computer screen as 'floor' bids. 'Floor' bids include bids made by the auctioneer to protect the reserve. In the event that an online bid and a 'floor' or 'phone' bid are identical, the 'floor' bid may take precedence at the auctioneer's discretion. The next bidding increment is shown for the convenience of online bidders in the bid button. The bidding increment available to online bidders may vary from the next bid actually taken by the auctioneer, as the auctioneer may deviate from Phillips's standard increments at any time at his or her discretion, but an online bidder may only place a bid in a whole bidding increment. Phillips's bidding increments are published in the Guide for Prospective Buyers.
- (e) When making a bid, whether in person, by absentee bid, on the telephone or online, a bidder accepts personal liability to pay the purchase price, as described more fully in Paragraph 6 (a) below, plus all other applicable charges unless it has been explicitly agreed in writing with Phillips before the commencement of the auction that the bidder is acting as agent on behalf of an identified third party acceptable to Phillips and that we will only look to the principal for such payment.
- (f) By participating in the auction, whether in person, by absentee bid, on the telephone or online, each prospective buyer represents and warrants that any bids placed by such person, or on such person's behalf, are not the product of any collusive or other anti-competitive agreement and are otherwise consistent with federal and state antitrust law.
- (g) Arranging absentee, telephone and online bids is a free service provided by Phillips to prospective buyers. While we undertake to exercise reasonable care in

undertaking such activity, we cannot accept liability for failure to execute such bids except where such failure is caused by our willful misconduct.

(h) Employees of Phillips and our affiliated companies, including the auctioneer, may bid at the auction by placing absentee bids so long as they do not know the reserve when submitting their absentee bids and otherwise comply with our employee bidding procedures.

5 Conduct of the Auction

- (a) Unless otherwise indicated by the symbol •, each lot is offered subject to a reserve, which is the confidential minimum selling price agreed by Phillips with the seller. The reserve will not exceed the low pre-sale estimate at the time of the auction.
- (b) The auctioneer has discretion at any time to refuse any bid, withdraw any lot, re-offer a lot for sale (including after the fall of the hammer) if he or she believes there may be error or dispute and take such other action as he or she deems reasonably appropriate. Phillips shall have no liability whatsoever for any such action taken by the auctioneer. If any dispute arises after the sale, our sale record is conclusive. The auctioneer may accept bids made by a company affiliated with Phillips provided that the bidder does not know the reserve placed on the lot.
- (c) The auctioneer will commence and advance the bidding at levels and in increments he or she considers appropriate. In order to protect the reserve on any lot, the auctioneer may place one or more bids on behalf of the seller up to the reserve without indicating he or she is doing so, either by placing consecutive bids or bids in response to other bidders. If a lot is offered without reserve, unless there are already competing absentee bids, the auctioneer will generally open the bidding at 50% of the lot's low pre-sale estimate. In the absence of a bid at that level, the auctioneer will proceed backwards at his or her discretion until a bid is recognized and will then advance the bidding from that amount. Absentee bids on no reserve lots will, in the absence of a higher bid, be executed at approximately 50% of the low pre-sale estimate or at the amount of the bid if it is less than 50% of the low pre-sale estimate. If there is no bid whatsoever on a no reserve lot, the auctioneer may deem such lot unsold.
- (d) The sale will be conducted in US dollars and payment is due in US dollars. For the benefit of international clients, pre-sale estimates in the auction catalogue may be shown in pounds sterling and/or euros and, if so, will reflect approximate exchange rates. Accordingly, estimates in pounds sterling or euros should be treated only as a guide. If a currency converter is operated during the sale, it is done so as a courtesy to bidders, but Phillips accepts no responsibility for any errors in currency conversion calculation.
- (e) Subject to the auctioneer's reasonable discretion, the highest bidder accepted by the auctioneer will be the buyer and the striking of the hammer marks the acceptance of the highest bid and the conclusion of a contract for sale between the seller and the buyer. Risk and responsibility for the lot passes to the buyer as set forth in Paragraph 7 below.
- (f) If a lot is not sold, the auctioneer will announce that it has been "passed," "withdrawn," "returned to owner" or "bought-in."
- (g) Any post-auction sale of lots offered at auction shall incorporate these Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty as if sold in the auction.

6 Purchase Price and Payment

- (a) The buyer agrees to pay us, in addition to the hammer price of the lot, the buyer's premium and any applicable sales tax (the "Purchase Price"). The buyer's premium is 25% of the hammer price up to and including \$200,000, 20% of the portion of the hammer price above \$200,000 up to and including \$3,000,000 and 12% of the portion of the hammer price above \$3,000,000. Phillips reserves the right to pay from our compensation an introductory commission to one or more third parties for assisting in the sale of property offered and sold at auction.
- (b) Sales tax, use tax and excise and other taxes are payable in accordance with applicable law. All prices, fees, charges and expenses set out in these Conditions of Sale are quoted exclusive of applicable taxes. Phillips will only accept valid resale certificates from US dealers as proof of exemption from sales tax. All foreign buyers should contact the Client Accounting Department about tax matters.

- (c) Unless otherwise agreed, a buyer is required to pay for a purchased lot immediately following the auction regardless of any intention to obtain an export or import license or other permit for such lot. Payments must be made by the invoiced party in US dollars either by cash, check drawn on a US bank or wire transfer, as follows:
 - (i) Phillips will accept payment in cash provided that the total amount paid in cash or cash equivalents does not exceed US\$10,000. Buyers paying in cash should do so in person at our Client Accounting Desk at 450 Park Avenue during regular weekday business hours.
 - (ii) Personal checks and banker's drafts are accepted if drawn on a US bank and the buyer provides to us acceptable government issued identification. Checks and banker's drafts should be made payable to "Phillips." If payment is sent by mail, please send the check or banker's draft to the attention of the Client Accounting Department at 450 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10022 and make sure that the sale and lot number is written on the check. Checks or banker's drafts drawn by third parties will not be accepted.
 - (iii) Payment by wire transfer may be sent directly to Phillips. Bank transfer details:

Citibank

322 West 23rd Street, New York, NY 10011

SWIFT Code: CITIUS33 ABA Routing: 021 000 089 For the account of Phillips Account no.: 58347736

Please reference the relevant sale and lot number.

- (d) As a courtesy to clients, Phillips will accept American Express, Visa and Mastercard to pay for invoices of \$50,000 or less.
- (e) Title in a purchased lot will not pass until Phillips has received the Purchase Price for that lot in cleared funds. Phillips is not obliged to release a lot to the buyer until title in the lot has passed and appropriate identification has been provided, and any earlier release does not affect the passing of title or the buyer's unconditional obligation to pay the Purchase Price.

7 Collection of Property

- (a) Phillips will not release a lot to the buyer until we have received payment of its Purchase Price in full in cleared funds, the buyer has paid all outstanding amounts due to Phillips or any of our affiliated companies, including any charges payable pursuant to Paragraph 8 (a) below, and the buyer has satisfied such other terms as we in our sole discretion shall require, including completing any anti-money laundering or anti-terrorism financing checks. As soon as a buyer has satisfied all of the foregoing conditions, he or she should contact our Shipping Department at ± 12129401372 or ± 12129401373 to arrange for collection of purchased property.
- (b) The buyer must arrange for collection of a purchased lot within seven days of the date of the auction. Promptly after the auction, we will transfer all lots to our warehouse located at 29-09 37th Avenue in Long Island City, Queens, New York. All purchased lots should be collected at this location during our regular weekday business hours. As a courtesy to clients, Phillips will upon request transfer on a biweekly basis purchased lots suitable for hand-carry back to our premises at 450 Park Avenue, New York, New York for collection within 30 days following the date of the auction. Purchased lots are at the buyer's risk, including the responsibility for insurance, from the earlier to occur of (i) the date of collection or (ii) seven days after the auction. Until risk passes, Phillips will compensate the buyer for any loss or damage to a purchased lot up to a maximum of the Purchase Price paid, subject to our usual exclusions for loss or damage to property.
- (c) As a courtesy to clients, Phillips will, without charge, wrap purchased lots for hand-carry only. We will, at the buyer's expense, either provide packing, handling, insurance and shipping services or coordinate with shipping agents instructed by the buyer in order to facilitate such services for property bought at Phillips. Any such instruction, whether or not made at our recommendation, is entirely at the buyer's risk and responsibility, and we will not be liable for acts or omissions of third party packers or shippers. Third party shippers should contact us by telephone at +1 212 940 1376 or by fax at +1 212 924 6477 at least 24 hours in advance of collection in order to schedule pickup.

(d) Phillips will require presentation of government issued identification prior to release of a lot to the buyer or the buyer's authorized representative.

8 Failure to Collect Purchases

(a) If the buyer pays the Purchase Price but fails to collect a purchased lot within 30 days of the auction, the buyer will incur a late collection fee of \$10 per day for each uncollected lot. Additional charges may apply to oversized lots. We will not release purchased lots to the buyer until all such charges have been paid in full.

(b) If a purchased lot is paid for but not collected within six months of the auction, the buyer authorizes Phillips, upon notice, to arrange a resale of the item by auction or private sale, with estimates and a reserve set at Phillips's reasonable discretion. The proceeds of such sale will be applied to pay for storage charges and any other outstanding costs and expenses owed by the buyer to Phillips or our affiliated companies and the remainder will be forfeited unless collected by the buyer within two years of the original auction.

9 Remedies for Non-Payment

(a) Without prejudice to any rights the seller may have, if the buyer without prior agreement fails to make payment of the Purchase Price for a lot in cleared funds within seven days of the auction, Phillips may in our sole discretion exercise one or more of the following remedies: (i) store the lot at Phillips's premises or elsewhere at the buyer's sole risk and expense at the same rates as set forth in Paragraph 8 (a) above; (ii) cancel the sale of the lot, retaining any partial payment of the Purchase Price as liquidated damages; (iii) reject future bids from the buyer or render such bids subject to payment of a deposit; (iv) charge interest at 12% per annum from the date payment became due until the date the Purchase Price is received in cleared funds; (v) subject to notification of the buyer, exercise a lien over any of the buyer's property which is in the possession of Phillips and instruct our affiliated companies to exercise a lien over any of the buyer's property which is in their possession and, in each case, no earlier than 30 days from the date of such notice, arrange the sale of such property and apply the proceeds to the amount owed to Phillips or any of our affiliated companies after the deduction from sale proceeds of our standard vendor's commission and all sale-related expenses; (vi) resell the lot by auction or private sale, with estimates and a reserve set at Phillips reasonable discretion, it being understood that in the event such resale is for less than the original hammer price and buyer's premium for that lot, the buyer will remain liable for the shortfall together with all costs incurred in such resale; (vii) commence legal proceedings to recover the hammer price and buyer's premium for that lot, together with interest and the costs of such proceedings; (viii) set off the outstanding amount remaining unpaid by the buyer against any amounts which we or any of our affiliated companies may owe the buyer in any other transactions; (ix) release the name and address of the buyer to the seller to enable the seller to commence legal proceedings to recover the amounts due and legal costs or (x) take such other action as we deem necessary or appropriate.

(b) As security to us for full payment by the buyer of all outstanding amounts due to Phillips and our affiliated companies, Phillips retains, and the buyer grants to us, a security interest in each lot purchased at auction by the buyer and in any other property or money of the buyer in, or coming into, our possession or the possession of one of our affiliated companies. We may apply such money or deal with such property as the Uniform Commercial Code or other applicable law permits a secured creditor to do. In the event that we exercise a lien over property in our possession because the buyer is in default to one of our affiliated companies, we will so notify the buyer. Our security interest in any individual lot will terminate upon actual delivery of the lot to the buyer or the buyer's agent.

(c) In the event the buyer is in default of payment to any of our affiliated companies, the buyer also irrevocably authorizes Phillips to pledge the buyer's property in our possession by actual or constructive delivery to our affiliated company as security for the payment of any outstanding amount due. Phillips will notify the buyer if the buyer's property has been delivered to an affiliated company by way of pledge.

10 Rescission by Phillips

Phillips shall have the right, but not the obligation, to rescind a sale without notice to the buyer if we reasonably believe that there is a material breach of the seller's representations and warranties or the Authorship Warranty or an adverse claim is made by a third party. Upon notice of Phillips's election to rescind the sale, the

buyer will promptly return the lot to Phillips, and we will then refund the Purchase Price paid to us. As described more fully in Paragraph 13 below, the refund shall constitute the sole remedy and recourse of the buyer against Phillips and the seller with respect to such rescinded sale.

11 Export, Import and Endangered Species Licenses and Permits

Before bidding for any property, prospective buyers are advised to make their own inquiries as to whether a license is required to export a lot from the US or to import it into another country. Prospective buyers are advised that some countries prohibit the import of property made of or incorporating plant or animal material, such as coral, crocodile, ivory, whalebone, Brazilian rosewood, rhinoceros horn or tortoiseshell, irrespective of age, percentage or value. Accordingly, prior to bidding, prospective buyers considering export of purchased lots should familiarize themselves with relevant export and import regulations of the countries concerned. It is solely the buyer's responsibility to comply with these laws and to obtain any necessary export, import and endangered species licenses or permits. Failure to obtain a license or permit or delay in so doing will not justify the cancellation of the sale or any delay in making full payment for the lot. As a courtesy to clients, Phillips has marked in the catalogue lots containing potentially regulated plant or animal material, but we do not accept liability for errors or for failing to mark lots containing protected or regulated species.

12 Data Protection

(a) In connection with the supply of auction and related services, or as required by law, Phillips may ask clients to provide personal data. Phillips may take and retain a copy of government-issued identification such as a passport or driver's license. We will use your personal data (i) to provide auction and related services; (ii) to enforce these Conditions of Sale; (iii) to carry out identity and credit checks; (iv) to implement and improve the management and operations of our business and (v) for other purposes set out in our Privacy Policy published on the Phillips website at www.phillips.com (the 'Privacy Policy') and available on request by emailing dataprotection@phillips.com. By agreeing to these Conditions of Sale, you consent to our use of your personal data, including sensitive personal data, in accordance with the Privacy Policy. The personal data we may collect and process is listed, and sensitive personal data is defined, in our Privacy Policy. Phillips may also, from time to time, send you promotional and marketing materials about us and our services. If you would prefer not to receive such information, please email us at dataprotection@phillips.com. Please also email us at this address to receive information about your personal data or to advise us if the personal data we hold about you is inaccurate or out of date.

(b) In order to provide our services, we may disclose your personal data to third parties, including professional advisors, shippers and credit agencies. We will disclose, share with and transfer your personal data to Phillips's affiliated persons (natural or legal) for administration, sale and auction related purposes. You expressly consent to such transfer of your personal data. We will not sell, rent or otherwise transfer any of your personal data to third parties except as otherwise expressly provided in this Paragraph 12.

(c) Phillips's premises may be subject to video surveillance and recording. Telephone calls (e.g., telephone bidding) may also be recorded. We may process that information in accordance with our Privacy Policy.

13 Limitation of Liability

(a) Subject to subparagraph (e) below, the total liability of Phillips, our affiliated companies and the seller to the buyer in connection with the sale of a lot shall be limited to the Purchase Price actually paid by the buyer for the lot.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this Paragraph 13, none of Phillips, any of our affiliated companies or the seller (i) is liable for any errors or omissions, whether orally or in writing, in information provided to prospective buyers by Phillips or any of our affiliated companies or (ii) accepts responsibility to any bidder in respect of acts or omissions, whether negligent or otherwise, by Phillips or any of our affiliated companies in connection with the conduct of the auction or for any other matter relating to the sale of any lot.

(c) All warranties other than the Authorship Warranty, express or implied, including any warranty of satisfactory quality and fitness for purpose, are

specifically excluded by Phillips, our affiliated companies and the seller to the fullest extent permitted by law.

- (d) Subject to subparagraph (e) below, none of Phillips, any of our affiliated companies or the seller shall be liable to the buyer for any loss or damage beyond the refund of the Purchase Price referred to in subparagraph (a) above, whether such loss or damage is characterized as direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential, or for the payment of interest on the Purchase Price to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- (e) No provision in these Conditions of Sale shall be deemed to exclude or limit the liability of Phillips or any of our affiliated companies to the buyer in respect of any fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation made by any of us or in respect of death or personal injury caused by our negligent acts or omissions.

14 Copyright

The copyright in all images, illustrations and written materials produced by or for Phillips relating to a lot, including the contents of this catalogue, is and shall remain at all times the property of Phillips and such images and materials may not be used by the buyer or any other party without our prior written consent. Phillips and the seller make no representations or warranties that the buyer of a lot will acquire any copyright or other reproduction rights in it.

15 General

- (a) These Conditions of Sale, as changed or supplemented as provided in Paragraph 1 above, and Authorship Warranty set out the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the transactions contemplated herein and supersede all prior and contemporaneous written, oral or implied understandings, representations and agreements.
- (b) Notices to Phillips shall be in writing and addressed to the department in charge of the sale, quoting the reference number specified at the beginning of the sale catalogue. Notices to clients shall be addressed to the last address notified by them in writing to Phillips.
- (c) These Conditions of Sale are not assignable by any buyer without our prior written consent but are binding on the buyer's successors, assigns and representatives.
- (d) Should any provision of these Conditions of Sale be held void, invalid or unenforceable for any reason, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect. No failure by any party to exercise, nor any delay in exercising, any right or remedy under these Conditions of Sale shall act as a waiver or release thereof in whole or in part.

16 Law and Jurisdiction

- (a) The rights and obligations of the parties with respect to these Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty, the conduct of the auction and any matters related to any of the foregoing shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with laws of the State of New York, excluding its conflicts of law rules.
- (b) Phillips, all bidders and all sellers agree to the exclusive jurisdiction of the (i) state courts of the State of New York located in New York City and (ii) the federal courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York to settle all disputes arising in connection with all aspects of all matters or transactions to which these Conditions of Sale and Authorship Warranty relate or apply.
- (c) All bidders and sellers irrevocably consent to service of process or any other documents in connection with proceedings in any court by facsimile transmission, personal service, delivery by mail or in any other manner permitted by New York law or the law of the place of service, at the last address of the bidder or seller known to Phillips.

17 Sales Tax

(a) Unless the buyer has delivered a valid certificate evidencing exemption from tax, the buyer shall pay applicable New York, California, Colorado, Florida or Washington sales tax on any lot picked up or delivered anywhere in the states of New York, California, Colorado, Florida or Washington.

- (b) If the point of delivery or transfer of possession for any purchased lot to the buyer or the buyer's designee (including any private carrier) occurs in New York, then the sale is subject to New York sales tax at the existing rate of 8.875%.
- (c) If the buyer arranges shipping for any purchased lot in New York by a common carrier (such as the United States Postal Service, United Parcel Service, or FedEx) that does not operate under a private agreement or contract with negotiated terms to be delivered to an out of state destination, then the sale is not subject to New York sales tax.

Authorship Warranty

Phillips warrants the authorship of property in this auction catalogue described in headings in **bold** or CAPITALIZED type for a period of five years from date of sale by Phillips, subject to the exclusions and limitations set forth below.

- (a) Phillips gives this Authorship Warranty only to the original buyer of record (i.e., the registered successful bidder) of any lot. This Authorship Warranty does not extend to (i) subsequent owners of the property, including purchasers or recipients by way of gift from the original buyer, heirs, successors, beneficiaries and assigns; (ii) property where the description in the catalogue states that there is a conflict of opinion on the authorship of the property; (iii) property where our attribution of authorship was on the date of sale consistent with the generally accepted opinions of specialists, scholars or other experts; (iv) property whose description or dating is proved inaccurate by means of scientific methods or tests not generally accepted for use at the time of the publication of the catalogue or which were at such time deemed unreasonably expensive or impractical to use or likely in our reasonable opinion to have caused damage or loss in value to the lot or (v) property where there has been no material loss in value from the value of the lot had it been as described in the heading of the catalogue entry.
- (b) In any claim for breach of the Authorship Warranty, Phillips reserves the right, as a condition to rescinding any sale under this warranty, to require the buyer to provide to us at the buyer's expense the written opinions of two recognized experts approved in advance by Phillips. We shall not be bound by any expert report produced by the buyer and reserve the right to consult our own experts at our expense. If Phillips agrees to rescind a sale under the Authorship Warranty, we shall refund to the buyer the reasonable costs charged by the experts commissioned by the buyer and approved in advance by us.
- (c) Subject to the exclusions set forth in subparagraph (a) above, the buyer may bring a claim for breach of the Authorship Warranty provided that (i) he or she has notified Phillips in writing within three months of receiving any information which causes the buyer to question the authorship of the lot, specifying the auction in which the property was included, the lot number in the auction catalogue and the reasons why the authorship of the lot is being questioned and (ii) the buyer returns the lot to Phillips to the saleroom in which it was purchased in the same condition as at the time of its auction and is able to transfer good and marketable title in the lot free from any third party claim arising after the date of the auction. Phillips has discretion to waive any of the foregoing requirements set forth in this subparagraph (c) or subparagraph (b) above.
- (d) The buyer understands and agrees that the exclusive remedy for any breach of the Authorship Warranty shall be rescission of the sale and refund of the original Purchase Price paid. This remedy shall constitute the sole remedy and recourse of the buyer against Phillips, any of our affiliated companies and the seller and is in lieu of any other remedy available as a matter of law or equity. This means that none of Phillips, any of our affiliated companies or the seller shall be liable for loss or damage beyond the remedy expressly provided in this Authorship Warranty, whether such loss or damage is characterized as direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential, or for the payment of interest on the original Purchase Price.

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